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(54) Title: CLASSIFICATION AND PROGNOSIS PREDICTION OF ACUTE LYMPHOBLASSTIC LEUKEMIA BY GENE EXPRESSION PROFILING

(57) Abstract: The present invention provides methods and compositions useful for diagnosing and choosing treatment for leukemis parieties. The claimed methods in claiked methods of assigning a subject affected by leukemia to a leukemia risk group, methods of predicting whether a subject affected by leukemia has an increased risk of relapse, methods of predicting whether a subject affected by leukemia has an increased risk of velaping secondary acute myelodle leukemia, methods of the attained as the proposition of a subject affected by leukemia, in increased risk of eveloping secondary acute myelodle leukemia, methods of a did not determined to the subject affected by leukemia, and methods of moritoring to leukemia in the adjusted of the subject affected by leukemia, and methods of moritoring three probes for a subject affected by leukemia, and methods of moritoring three probes for the differentially expressed good of the control of the properties of the leukemia. The claimed compositions included army having or probes of the differentially expressed goods and the observable methods and the properties of the leukemia ark groups, and like for diagnosing and choosing therapy for lookemia patients.

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# CLASSIFICATION AND PROGNOSIS PREDICTION OF ACUTE LYMPHOBLASTIC LEUKEMIA BY GENE EXPRESSION PROFILING

FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT

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## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Pediatric acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) is one of the great success stories of modern cancer therapy, with contemporary treatment protocols achieving overall long-term event free survival rates approaching 80% (Schrappe et al. (2000) Blood 95:3310-22; Silverman et al. (2001) Blood 97:1211-18; and Pui and Evans (1998) N. Eng. J. Med. 339:605-15). This success has been achieved in part by using risk-adapted therapy that involves tailoring the intensity of treatment to each patient's risk of relapse. This approach was developed following the realization that pediatric ALL is a heterogeneous disease consisting of various leukemia subtypes that differ markedly in their response to chemotherapy (reviewed in Pui and Evans (1998) N. Eng. J. Med. 339:605-15). By tailoring the intensity of treatment to a patient's relative risk of relapse, patients are neither under-treated or over-treated, and are thus afforded the highest chance for a cure.

Critical to the success of this approach has been the accurate assignment of individual patients to specific risk groups. Although risk assignment is influenced by a variety of clinical and laboratory parameters, the genetic alterations that underlie the pathogenesis of individual leukemia subtypes figure prominently in most classification schemes (Silverman LB et al. (2001) Blood 97:1211-18; and Pui and

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Evans (1998) N. Engl. J. Med. 339:605-15). Through systematic immunophenotyping and cytogenetic analysis, and the subsequent molecular cloning of the genes targeted by the identified chromosomal rearrangements, a number of genetically distinct leukemia subtypes have been defined. These include B-lineage leukemias that contain t(9;22)[BCR-ABL], t(1;19)[E2A-PBX1], t(12;21)[TEL-AML1], rearrangements in the MLL gene on chromosome 11, band q23, or a hyperdiploid karyotype (i.e., >50 chromosomes), and T-lineage leukemias (T-ALL) (Silverman et al.(2001) Blood 97:1211-18; and Pui and Evans (1998) N. Eng. J. Med. 339:605-15). The underlying genetic lesions in these leukemia subtypes influence the response to cytotoxic drugs. For example, leukemias that express the E2A-PBX1 fusion protein respond poorly to conventional antimetabolite-based treatment, but have cure rates approaching 80% when treated with more intensive therapies (Raimondi et al. (1990) J. Clin. Oncol. 8:1380-88; and Hunger (1996) Blood 87:1211-1224). Similarly, BCR-ABL expressing ALLs, or infants with MLL rearrangements have exceedingly poor cure rates with conventional chemotherapy, and allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation with HLA matched sibling donor has already been shown to improve outcome for patients with the former leukemia subtype (Pui et al. (1991) Blood 77:440-46; Heerema et al. (1999) Leukemia 13:679-86; Arico et al. (2000) N. Engl. J. Med. 342:998-1006; and Biondi et al. (2000) Blood 96:24-33).

Unfortunately, the accurate assignment of patients to specific risk groups is a difficult and expensive process, requiring intensive laboratory studies including immunophenotyping, cytogenetics, and molecular diagnostics (Pui and Evans (1998) N. Eng. J. Med. 339:605-15; and Pui et al. (2001) Lancet Oncology 2:597-607). Moreover, these diagnostic approaches require the collective expertise of a number of professionals, and although this expertise is available at most major medical centers, it is generally unavailable in developing countries. Accordingly, there remains a need for rapid, less expensive methods of assigning patients affected by ALL into known leukemia risk groups and identifying patients for whom there is a high risk that conventional therapeutic approaches will fail.

## BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides methods and compositions useful for diagnosing and choosing treatment for subjects affected by leukemia. The claimed

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methods include methods of assigning a subject affected by leukemia to a leukemia risk group, methods of predicting whether a subject affected by leukemia has an increased risk of relapse, methods of predicting whether a subject affected by leukemia has an increased risk of developing secondary acute myeloid leukemia (AML), methods to aid in the determination of a prognosis for a subject affected by leukemia, methods of choosing a therapy for a subject affected by leukemia, and methods of monitoring the disease state in a subject undergoing one or more therapies for leukemia. Methods of screening test compounds to identify therapeutic compounds useful for the treatment of leukemia and molecular targets for these therapeutic compounds are also provided.

The claimed methods comprise providing an expression profile of a sample from a subject affected by leukemia and comparing this subject expression profile to one or more reference expression profiles. In one embodiment, the reference profiles are associated with leukemia risk groups, and the subject expression profile is compared to one or more of these risk group reference profiles to thereby assign the subject affected by leukemia to a leukemia risk group. In another embodiment, one or more reference profiles are associated with relapse of leukemia and the subject expression profile is compared to one or more of these relapse reference profiles to determine if the subject has an increased risk of relapse. In yet another embodiment, one or more reference profiles are associated with secondary AML, and the subject expression profile is compared to one or more of these reference profiles to determine whether the subject has an increased risk of developing secondary AML.

The present invention also provides compositions useful for diagnosing and choosing a therapy for subjects affected by leukemia. These compositions include arrays comprising a plurality of capture probes that can bind specifically to nucleic acid molecules that are differentially expressed in leukemia risk groups, in leukemia subjects who have relapsed, or in leukemia subjects who have developed secondary AMI. Also provided is a computer-readable medium comprising digitally-encoded expression profiles comprising values representing the expression levels of genes that are differentially expressed in leukemia risk groups, in leukemia subjects who have relapsed, or in leukemia subjects who have developed secondary AMI. Additional compositions of the invention include kits comprising an array of capture probes that can bind specifically to nucleic acid molecules that are differentially expressed in

leukemia risk groups, in leukemia subjects who have relapsed, or in leukemia subjects who have developed secondary AML, and a computer-readable medium having digitally encoded expression profiles with values representing the expression level of a nucleic acid molecule detected by the array.

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## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a single platform, expression analysis, that can accurately identify each of the known prognostically and therapeutically relevant subgroups of leukemia and predict the risk of relapse and the risk of secondary (therapy-induced) AML in patients having leukemia. The methods and compositions of the invention provide tools useful in choosing a therapy for leukemia patients, including methods for assigning a leukemia patient to a leukemia risk group, methods of predicting whether a leukemia patient has an increased risk of relapse, methods of predicting whether a leukemia patient has an increased risk of developing secondary (therapy-induced) AML, methods of choosing a therapy for a leukemia patient, methods of determining the efficacy of a therapy in a leukemia patient, and methods of determining the prognosis for a leukemia patient.

The methods of the invention comprise the steps of providing an expression profile from a sample from a subject affected by leukemia and comparing this subject expression profile to one or more reference profiles that are associated with a particular physiologic condition, such as a leukemia risk group, the occurrence of relapse, or the development of secondary AML. By identifying the leukemia risk group reference profile that is most similar to the subject expression profile, the subject can be assigned to a leukemia risk group. Similarly, the risk that a subject affected by leukemia will relapse or develop secondary AML can be predicted by determining whether the expression profile from the subject is sufficiently similar to a reference profile associated with relapse or a reference profile associated with the development of secondary AML.

In another embodiment, the subject expression profile is from a subject affected by leukemia who is undergoing a therapy to treat the leukemia. The subject expression profile is compared to one or more reference expression profiles of the invention to monitor the efficacy of the therapy.

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## **Expression Profiles**

As used herein, an "expression profile" comprises one or more values corresponding to a measurement of the relative abundance of a gene expression product. Such values may include measurements of RNA levels or protein abundance. Thus, the expression profile can comprise values representing the measurement of the transcriptional state or the translational state of the gene. See, U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,040,138, 5,800,992, 6,020135, 6,344,316, and 6,033,860, which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties.

The transcriptional state of a sample includes the identities and relative abundance of the RNA species, especially mRNAs present in the sample. Preferably, a substantial fraction of all constituent RNA species in the sample are measured, but at least a sufficient fraction to characterize the transcriptional state of the sample is measured. The transcriptional state can be conveniently determined by measuring transcript abundance by any of several existing gene expression technologies.

Translational state includes the identities and relative abundance of the constituent protein species in the sample. As is known to those of skill in the art, the transcriptional state and translational state are related.

In some embodiments, the expression profiles of the present invention are generated from samples from subjects affected by leukemia, including subjects having leukemia, subjects suspected of having leukemia, subjects having a propensity to develop leukemia, or subjects who have previously had leukemia, or subjects undergoing therapy for leukemia. The samples from the subject used to generate the expression profiles of the present invention can be derived from a variety of sources including, but not limited to, single cells, a collection of cells, tissue, cell culture, bone marrow, blood, or other bodily fluids. The tissue or cell source may include a tissue biopsy sample, a cell sorted population, cell culture, or a single cell. Sources for the sample of the present invention include cells from peripheral blood or bone marrow, such as blast cells from peripheral blood or bone marrow.

In selecting a sample, the percentage of the sample that constitutes cells having differential gene expression in leukemia risk groups, relapse, or secondary AML should be considered. Samples may comprise at least 20%, at least 30%, at least 40%, at least 50%, at least 55%, at least 60%, at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, or at least 95% cells having differential expression in

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leukemia risk groups, relapse, or secondary AML, with a preference for samples having a higher percentage of such cells. In some embodiments, these cells are blast cells, such as leukemic cells. The percentage of a sample that constitutes blast cells may be determined by methods well known in the art; see, for example, the methods described elsewhere herein.

In some embodiments of the present invention, the expression profiles comprise values representing the expression levels of genes that are differentially expressed in leukemia risk groups, in subjects affected by leukemia who have relapsed, or in subjects affected by leukemia who have developed secondary AML. The term "differentially expressed" as used herein means that the measurement of a cellular constituent varies in two or more samples. The cellular constituent may be upregulated in a sample from a subject having one physiologic condition in comparison with a sample from a subject having a different physiologic condition, or down regulated in a sample from a subject having one physiologic condition in comparison with a sample from a subject having a different physiologic condition. For example, in one embodiment, the differentially expressed genes of the present invention may be expressed at different levels in different leukemia risk groups. In another embodiment, the differentially expressed genes are expressed in different levels in subjects affected by leukemia who will relapse after conventional treatment in comparison with subjects affected by leukemia who will not relapse and thus will remain in continuous complete remission. In yet another embodiment, the differentially expressed genes are expressed in different levels in subjects affected by leukemia who will develop secondary AML in comparison with subjects affected by leukemia who will not develop secondary AML.

The present invention provides groups of genes that are differentially expressed in diagnostic leukemia samples of patients in different risk groups, or in patients that go on to develop a relapse or a therapy induced (secondary) AML. Some of these genes were identified based on gene expression levels for 12,600 probes in 360 leukemia samples. Values representing the expression levels of the nucleic acid molecules detected by the probes were analyzed using five different statistical metrics to identify genes that were differentially expressed in leukemia risk groups. The methods used to analyze the expression level values to identify differentially expressed genes were the Chi-square statistics method, the Correlation-based Feature

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Selection method, the T-statistics method, the Wilkins' method, and the selforganizing map and discriminant analysis with variance metric. Although different
methods of analysis resulted in the selection of different groups of differentially
expressed genes, the genes selected by each method could be used to create an
expression profile that could accurately determine whether a leukemia patient should
be assigned to a risk group, with an overall diagnostic accuracy of about 96%. See,
the Exprerimental section.

Additional genes that are differentially expressed in diagnostic leukemia samples were identified based on gene expression levels for 26,825 probes in a subset of 132 leukemia samples selected from the 360 leukemia samples described above. A chi-squared metric followed by permutation test was used to identify discriminating genes for the T-ALL, E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, BCR-ABL, MLL rearrangement, and Hyperdiploid>50 chromosomes. Genes whose expression is limited to a single B-cell lineage were also identified, and are provided in Tables 70-74.

Thus, distinct sets of differentially expressed genes that can be used to distinguish the T-lineage, hyperdiploid >50 chromosomes, BCR-ABL, E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, and MLL gene rearrangement risk groups are provided. Examples of genes that are differentially expressed in the T-ALL risk group are shown in Tables 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 59, and 67. Examples of genes that are differentially expressed in the E2A-PBX1 risk group are shown in Tables 3, 10, 17, 24, 31, 55, 64, and 71. Examples of genes that are differentially expressed in the TEL-AML1 risk group are shown in Tables 8, 15, 22, 29, 36, 60, 68, and 74. Examples of genes that are differentially expressed in the MLL risk group are shown in Tables 5, 12, 19, 26, 33, 57, 66, and 73. Examples of genes that are differentially expressed in the MLL risk group are shown in Tables 5, 12, 19, 26, 33, 57, 66, and 73. Examples of genes that are differentially expressed in the MLL risk group are shown in Tables 5, 12, 19, 26, 33, 57, 66, and 73. Examples of genes that are differentially expressed in the Mperdiploid >50 risk group are shown in Tables 4, 11, 18, 25, 32, 56, 65, and 72.

The present invention further provides a seventh leukemia risk group, herein termed "Novel," that can be distinguished from the previously-described leukemia risk groups based on expression profiling. The expression profiles from subjects in the Novel risk group are distinguishable from those of the T-ALL, E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, BCR-ABL, MLL, and Hyperdiploid >50 risk groups. Subjects assigned to the Novel risk group have similar expression profiles. Examples of genes that are

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differentially expressed in the Novel leukemia risk group are shown in Tables 4, 11, 18, 25, 32, and 58.

Similarly, sets of differentially expressed genes associated with leukemia patients in the T-ALL, Hyperdiploid >50, TEL-AML1, MLL, and Other (i.e. not the T-ALL, hyperdiploid >50, TEL-AML1, MLL, e2A-PBX1, or BCR-ABL) risk groups who have undergone relapse were identified. Examples of differentially expressed genes associated with relapse in subjects in the T-ALL risk group are shown in Table 44. Examples of differentially expressed genes associated with relapse in subjects in the hyperdiploid >50 risk group are shown in Table 45. Examples of differentially expressed genes associated with relapse in subjects in the TEL-AML1 risk group are shown in Table 46. Examples of differentially expressed genes associated with relapse in subjects in the TEL-AML1 risk group are shown in Table 47. Examples of differentially expressed genes associated with relapse in subjects in the E2A-PBX1, BCR-ABL, and Novel risk group are shown in Table 48.

The invention also provides genes that are differentially expressed in subjects affected by TEL-AML1 who have developed secondary (treatment-induced) AML. Examples of such genes are shown in Table 52.

The present invention also reveals genes with a high differential level of expression in leukemic compared to normal cells. These highly differentially expressed genes are selected from the genes shown in Tables 2-36 and 44-48, 63-68, and 70-74. These genes and their expression products are useful as markers to detect the presence of minimal residual disease (MRD) in a patient. Antibodies or other reagents or tools may be used to detect the presence of these telltale markers of MRD.

The expression profiles of the invention comprise one or more values representing the expression level of a gene having differential expression in a leukemia risk group, in subjects affected by leukemia who will relapse after conventional therapy, or in subjects affected by leukemia who will develop secondary AML after conventional therapy. Each expression profile contains a sufficient number of values such that the profile can be used to distinguish one leukemia risk group from another, or to distinguish subjects who will relapse after conventional therapy from those who will not relapse, or to distinguish subjects who will develop secondary AML after conventional therapy from those who will not develop secondary AML. In some embodiments, the expression profiles comprise only one

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value. For example, it can be determined whether a subject affected by leukemia is in the T-ALL risk group based only on the expression level of the CD3D antigen (NCBI Accession No. AA919102; see Table 14). Similarly, it can be determined whether a subject affected by leukemia is in the E2A-PBX1 risk group based only on the expression level of the cDNA of NCBI Accession No. AL049381 (see Table 10). In other embodiments, the expression profile comprises more than one value corresponding to a differentially expressed gene, for example at least 2 values, at least 3 values, at least 4 values, at least 5 values, at least 6 values, at least 7 values, at least 8 values, at least 9 values, at least 10 values, at least 11 values, at least 12 values, at least 13 values, at least 14 values, at least 15 values, at least 16 values, at least 17 values, at least 18 values, at least 19 values, at least 20 values, at least 22 values, at least 25 values, at least 27 values, at least 30 values, at least 35 values, at least 40 values, at least 45 values, at least 50 values, at least 75 values, at least 100 values, at least 125 values, at least 150 values, at least 175 values, at least 200 values, at least 250 values, at least 300 values, at least 400 values, at least 500 values, at least 600 values, at least 700 values, at least 800 values, at least 900 values, at least 1000 values, at least 1200 values, at least 1500 values, or at least 2000 or more values.

It is recognized that the diagnostic accuracy of assigning a subject to a leukemia risk group, determining whether a subject has an increased risk for relapse, or determining whether a subject has an increased risk of developing secondary AML will vary based on the number of values contained in the expression profile. Generally, the number of values contained in the expression profile is selected such that the diagnostic accuracy is at least 85%, at least 87%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, as calculated using methods described elsewhere herein, with an obvious preference for higher percentages of diagnostic accuracy.

It is recognized that the diagnostic accuracy of assigning a subject to a leukemia risk group, determining whether a subject has an increased risk for relapse, or determining whether a subject has an increased risk of developing secondary AML will vary based on the strength of the correlation between the expression levels of the differentially expressed genes and the associated physiologic condition. When the values in the expression profiles represent the expression levels of genes whose expression is strongly correlated with the physiologic condition, it may be possible to

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use fewer number of values in the expression profile and still obtain an acceptable level of diagnostic or prognostic accuracy.

The strength of the correlation between the expression level of a differentially expressed gene and the presence or absence of a particular physiologic state may be determined by a statistical test of significance. For example, the chi square test used to select genes in some embodiments of the present invention assigns a chi square value to each differentially expressed gene, indicating the strength of the correlation of the expression of that gene and the presence or absence of the associated physiologic condition. Similarly, the T-statistics metric and the Wilkins' metric both provide a value or score indicative of the strength of the correlation between the expression of the gene and the absence or presence of the associated physiologic conditions. These scores may be used to select the genes whose expression levels have the greatest correlation with a particular physiologic state in order to increase the diagnostic or prognostic accuracy of the methods of the invention, or in order to reduce the number of values contained in the expression profile while maintaining the diagnostic or prognostic accuracy of the expression profile.

For example, in one embodiment the chi square test is used to determine the significance of the differentially expressed genes whose expression levels are included in the array, and only those genes having a chi square value of more than 20, more than 25, more than 30, more than 35, more than 40, more than 45, more than 50, more than 55, more than 60, more than 65, more than 70, more than 75, more than 80, more than 90, more than 100, more than 120, more than 140, more than 160, more than 180, or more than 200 are selected.

In another embodiment, the T-statistics metric is used to determine the significance of the differentially expressed genes whose expression levels are included in the array, and only those genes with a score having an absolute value of greater than 4, greater than 5, greater than 6, greater than 7, greater than 8, greater than 9, greater than 10, greater than 12, greater than 25, greater than 27, greater than 30, or greater than 35 are selected.

30 In yet another embodiment, the Wilkins' metric is used to determine the significance of the differentially expressed genes whose expression levels are included in the array, and only those genes having a score of greater than 0.55, greater than 0.57, greater than 0.59, greater than 0.61, greater than 0.63, greater than 0.65,

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greater than 0.67, greater than 0.69, greater than 0.71, greater than 0.73, greater than 0.75, greater than 0.77, greater than 0.81, greater than 0.83, or greater than 0.85 are selected.

Each value in the expression profiles of the invention is a measurement representing the absolute or the relative expression level of a differentially expressed genes. The expression levels of these genes may be determined by any method known in the art for assessing the expression level of an RNA or protein molecule in a sample. For example, expression levels of RNA may be monitored using a membrane blot (such as used in hybridization analysis such as Northern, Southern, dot, and the like), or microwells, sample tubes, gels, beads or fibers (or any solid support comprising bound nucleic acids). See U.S. Patent Nos. 5,770,722, 5,874,219, 5,744,305, 5,677,195 and 5,445,934, which are expressly incorporated herein by reference. The gene expression monitoring system may also comprise nucleic acid mobes in solution.

In one embodiment of the invention, microarrays are used to measure the values to be included in the expression profiles. Microarrays are particularly well suited for this purpose because of the reproducibility between different experiments. DNA microarrays provide one method for the simultaneous measurement of the expression levels of large numbers of genes. Each array consists of a reproducible pattern of capture probes attached to a solid support. Labeled RNA or DNA is hybridized to complementary probes on the array and then detected by laser scanning. Hybridization intensities for each probe on the array are determined and converted to a quantitative value representing relative gene expression levels. See, the Experimental section. See also, U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,040,138, 5,800,992 and 6,020,135, 6,033,860, and 6,344,316, which are incorporated herein by reference. High-density oligonucleotide arrays are particularly useful for determining the gene expression profile for a large number of RNA's in a sample.

In one approach, total mRNA isolated from the sample is converted to labeled cRNA and then hybridized to an oligonucleotide array. Each sample is hybridized to a separate array. Relative transcript levels are calculated by reference to appropriate controls present on the array and in the sample. See, for example, the Experimental section.

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In another embodiment, the values in the expression profile are obtained by measuring the abundance of the protein products of the differentially-expressed genes. The abundance of these protein products can be determined, for example, using antibodies specific for the protein products of the differentially-expressed genes. The term "antibody" as used herein refers to an immunoglobulin molecule or immunologically active portion thereof, i.e., an antigen-binding portion. Examples of immunologically active portions of immunoglobulin molecules include F(ab) and F(ab)2 fragments which can be generated by treating the antibody with an enzyme such as pepsin.

The antibody can be a polyclonal, monoclonal, recombinant, e.g., a chimeric or humanized, fully human, non-human, e.g., murine, or single chain antibody. In a preferred embodiment it has effector function and can fix complement. The antibody can be coupled to a toxin or imaging agent.

A full-length protein product from a differentially-expressed gene, or an antigenic peptide fragment of the protein product can be used as an immunogen. Preferred epitopes encompassed by the antigenic peptide are regions of the protein product of the differentially expressed gene that are located on the surface of the protein, e.g., hydrophilic regions, as well as regions with high antigenicity. The antibody can be used to detect the protein product of the differentially expressed gene in order to evaluate the abundance and pattern of expression of the protein. These antibodies can also be used diagnostically to monitor protein levels in tissue as part of a clinical testing procedure, e.g., to, for example, determine the efficacy of a given therapy. Detection can be facilitated by coupling (i.e., physically linking) the antibody to a detectable substance (i.e., antibody labeling). Examples of detectable substances include various enzymes, prosthetic groups, fluorescent materials, luminescent materials, bioluminescent materials, and radioactive materials. Examples of suitable enzymes include horseradish peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase,  $\beta$ galactosidase, or acetylcholinesterase; examples of suitable prosthetic group complexes include streptavidin/biotin and avidin/biotin; examples of suitable fluorescent materials include umbelliferone, fluorescein, fluorescein isothiocyanate, rhodamine, dichlorotriazinylamine fluorescein, dansyl chloride or phycoerythrin; an example of a luminescent material includes luminol; examples of bioluminescent

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materials include luciferase, luciferin, and aequorin, and examples of suitable radioactive material include <sup>125</sup>I, <sup>131</sup>I, <sup>35</sup>S or <sup>3</sup>H.

Once the values comprised in the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile or expression profiles are established, the subject profile is compared to the reference profile to determine whether the subject expression profile is sufficiently similar to the reference profile. Alternatively, the subject expression profile is compared to a plurality of reference expression profiles to select the reference expression profile that is most similar to the subject expression profile.

Any method known in the art for comparing two or more data sets to detect similarity between them may be used to compare the subject expression profile to the reference expression profiles. In some embodiments, the subject expression profile and the reference profile are compared using a supervised learning algorithm such as the support vector machine (SVM) algorithm, prediction by collective likelihood of emerging patterns (PCL) algorithm, the k-nearest neighbor algorithm, or the Artificial Neural Network algorithm. Each of these algorithms is described in the Experimental section of the application. To determine whether a subject expression profile shows "statistically significant similarity" or "sufficient similarity" to a reference profile, statistical tests may be performed to determine whether the similarity between the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile is likely to have been achieved by a random event. An example of such a statistical test is the permutation test described in the Experimental section; however, any statistical test that can calculate the likelihood that the similarity between the subject expression profile and the reference profile results from a random event can be used. The accuracy of assigning a subject to a risk group based on similarity between an expression profile for the subject and an expression profile for the risk group depends in part on the degree of similarity between the two profiles. Therefore, when more accurate diagnoses are required, the stringency with which the similarity between the subject expression profile and the reference profile is evaluated should be increased. For example, in various embodiments, the p-value obtained when comparing the subject expression profile to a reference profile that shares sufficient similarity with the subject expression profile is less than 0.20, less than 0.15, less than 0.10, less than 0.09, less than 0.08, less than 0.07, less than 0.06, less than 0.05, less than 0.04, less than 0.03, less than 0.02, or less than 0.01.

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In some embodiments, the assignment of a subject affected by leukemia to a leukemia risk group, the prediction of whether a subject affected by leukemia has an increased risk of relapse, or the prediction of whether a subject by affected by leukemia has an increased risk of eveloping secondary AML is used in a method of choosing a therapy for the subject affected by leukemia. A therapy, as used herein, refers to a course of treatment intended to reduce or eliminate the affects or symptoms of a disease, in this case leukemia. A therapy regiment will typically comprise, but is not limited to, a prescribed dosage of one or more drugs or hematopoietic stem cell transplantation. Therapies, ideally, will be beneficial and reduce the disease state but in many instances the effect of a therapy will have non-desirable effects as well.

Thus, the methods of the invention are useful for monitoring the effectiveness of a therapy even when non-desirable side-effects are observed.

## Arrays, Computer-Readable Medium, and Kits

The present invention provides compositions that are useful in determining the gene expression profile for a subject affected by leukemia and selecting a reference profile that is similar to the subject expression profile. These compositions include arrays comprising a substrate having a capture probes that can bind specifically to nucleic acid molecules that are differentially expressed in leukemia risk groups, subjects affected by leukemia who will relapse after conventional therapy, or subjects affected by leukemia who will develop secondary AML after conventional therapy. Also provided is a computer-readable medium having digitally encoded reference profiles useful in the methods of the claimed invention. The invention also encompasses kits comprising an array of the invention and a computer-readable medium having digitally-encoded reference profiles with values representing the expression of nucleic acid molecules detected by the arrays. These kits are useful for assigning a subject affected by leukemia has an increased risk of relapse, and predicting whether a subject affected by leukemia has an increased risk of developing secondary AML.

The present invention provides arrays comprising capture probes for detecting the differentially expressed genes of the invention. By "array" is intended a solid support or substrate with peptide or nucleic acid probes attached to said support or

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substrate. Arrays typically comprise a plurality of different nucleic acid or peptide capture probes that are coupled to a surface of a substrate in different, known locations. These arrays, also described as "microarrays" or colloquially "chips" have been generally described in the art, for example, in U.S. Patent. Nos. 5,143,854, 5,445,934, 5,744,305, 5,677,195, 6,040,193, 5,424,186, 6,329,143, and 6,309,831 and Fodor et al. (1991) Science 251:767-77, each of which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. These arrays may generally be produced using mechanical synthesis methods or light directed synthesis methods which incorporate a combination of photolithographic methods and solid phase synthesis methods.

Techniques for the synthesis of these arrays using mechanical synthesis methods are described in, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 5,384,261, incorporated herein by reference in its entirety for all purposes. Although a planar array surface is preferred, the array may be fabricated on a surface of virtually any shape or even a multiplicity of surfaces. Arrays may be peptides or nucleic acids on beads, gels, polymeric surfaces, fibers such as fiber optics, glass or any other appropriate substrate, see U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,770,358, 5,789,162, 5,708,153, 6,040,193 and 5,800,992, each of which is hereby incorporated in its entirety for all purposes. Arrays may be packaged in such a manner as to allow for diagnostics or other manipulation of an all-inclusive device. See, for example, U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,856,174 and 5,922,591 herein incorporated by reference.

The arrays provided by the present invention comprise capture probes that can specifically bind a nucleic acid molecule that is differentially expressed in leukemia risk groups, a nucleic acid molecule that is differentially expressed in subjects affected by leukemia who will relapse after conventional therapy, or a nucleic acid molecule that is differentially expressed in subjects affected by leukemia who will develop secondary AML after conventional therapy. These arrays can be used to measure the expression levels of nucleic acid molecules to thereby create an expression profile for use in methods of determining the diagnosis and prognosis for leukemia patients, and for monitoring the efficacy of a therapy in these patients as described elsewhere herein.

In some embodiments, each capture probe in the array detects a nucleic acid molecule selected from the nucleic acid molecules designated in Tables 2-36, 44-49, 52, 54-60, 63-68, and 70-74. The designated nucleic acid molecules include those

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differentially expressed in leukemia risk groups selected from the T-ALL risk group (Tables 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 59, and 67); E2A-PBX1 risk group (Tables 3, 10, 17, 24, 31, 55, 64, and 71), TEL-AML1 risk group (Tables 8, 15, 22, 29, 36, and 60, 68, and 74), BCR-ABL risk group (Tables 2, 9, 16, 23, 30, 54, 63, and 70), MLL risk group 5 (Tables 5, 12, 19, 26, 33, 57, 66, and 73), Hyperdiploid >50 risk group (Tables 4, 11, 18, 25, 32, 56, 65, and 72), and Novel risk group (Tables 6, 13, 20, 27, 34, and 58), those differentially expressed in subjects affected by leukemia who will relapse after conventional therapy (Tables 44-48), and those differentially expressed in subjects affected by TEL-AML1 who will develop secondary AML after conventional therapy (Table 52).

The arrays of the invention comprise a substrate have a plurality of addresses, where each addresses has a capture probe that can specifically bind a target nucleic acid molecule. The number of addresses on the substrate varies with the purpose for which the array is intended. The arrays may be low-density arrays or high-density arrays and may contain 4 or more, 8 or more, 12 or more, 16 or more, 20 or more, 24 or more, 32 or more, 48 or more, 64 or more, 72 or more 80 or more, 96, or more addresses, or 192 or more, 288 or more, 384 or more, 768 or more, 1536 or more, 3072 or more, 6144 or more, 9216 or more, 12288 or more, 15360 or more, or 18432 or more addresses. In some embodiments, the substrate has no more than 12, 24, 48, 96, or 192, or 384 addresses, no more than 500, 600, 700, 800, or 900 addresses, or no more than 1000, 1200, 1600, 2400, or 3600 addressees.

The invention also provides a computer-readable medium comprising one or more digitally-encoded expression profiles, where each profile has one or more values representing the expression of a gene that is differentially expressed in a leukemia risk group, the expression level of a gene that is differentially expressed in subjects affected by leukemia who will relapse after conventional therapy, or the expression level of a gene that is differentially expressed in subjects affected by leukemia who will develop secondary AML after conventional therapy. Such profiles are described elsewhere herein. In some embodiments, the digitally-encoded expression profiles are comprised in a database. See, for example, U.S. Patent No. 6,308,170.

The present invention also provides kits useful for diagnosing, treating, and monitoring the disease state in subjects affected by leukemia. These kits comprise an array and a computer readable medium. The array comprises a substrate having

addresses, where each address has a capture probe that can specifically bind a nucleic acid molecule that is differentially expressed in at least one leukemia risk group, in a subject affected by leukemia who will relapse after conventional therapy, or in a subject affected by leukemia who will develop secondary AML after conventional therapy. The results are converted into a computer-readable medium that has digitally-encoded expression profiles containing values representing the expression level of a nucleic acid molecule detected by the array.

## Methods of Screening and Therapeutic Targets

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The methods and compositions of the invention may be used to screen test compounds to identify therapeutic compounds useful for the treatment of leukemia. In one embodiment, the test compounds are screened in a sample comprising primary cells or a cell line representative of a particular leukemia risk group. After treatment with the test compound, the expression levels in the sample of one or more of the differentially-expressed genes of the invention are measured using methods described elsewhere herein. Values representing the expression levels of the differentially-expressed genes are used to generate a subject expression profile. This subject expression profile is then compared to a reference profile associated with the leukemia risk group represented by the sample to determine the similarity between the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile. Differences between the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile may be used to determine whether the test compound has anti-leukemogenic activity.

The test compounds of the present invention can be obtained using any of the numerous approaches in combinatorial library methods known in the art, including: biological libraries; spatially addressable parallel solid phase or solution phase libraries; synthetic library methods requiring deconvolution; the 'one-bead one-compound' library method; and synthetic library methods using affinity chromatography selection. The biological library approach is limited to polypeptide libraries, while the other four approaches are applicable to polypeptide, non-peptide oligomer or small molecule libraries of compounds (Lam (1997) Anticancer Drug Des. 12:145).

Examples of methods for the synthesis of molecular libraries can be found in the art, for example in DeWitt et al. (1993) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 90:6909; Erb

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et al. (1994) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:11422; Zuckermann et al. (1994). J. Med. Chem. 37:2678; Cho et al. (1993) Science 261:1303; Carell et al. (1994) Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl. 33:2059; Carell et al. (1994) Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl. 33:2061; and in Gallop et al. (1994) J. Med. Chem. 37:1233. Libraries of compounds may be presented in solution (e.g., Houghten (1992) Biotechniques 13:412-421), or on 5 beads (Lam (1991) Nature 354:82-84), chips (Fodor (1993) Nature 364:555-556), bacteria (U.S. Patent No. 5,223,409), spores (U.S. Patent No. 5,223,409), plasmids (Cull et al. (1992) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:1865-1869) or on phage (Scott and Smith (1990) Science 249:386-390); (Devlin (1990) Science 249:404-406); (Cwirla et al. (1990) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 97:6378-6382); (Felici (1991) J. Mol. Biol. 222:301-310).

Candidate compounds include, for example, 1) peptides such as soluble peptides, including Ig-tailed fusion peptides and members of random peptide libraries (see, e.g., Lam et al. (1991) Nature 354:82-84; Houghten et al. (1991) Nature 354:84-86) and combinatorial chemistry-derived molecular libraries made of D- and/or L- configuration amino acids; 2) phosphopeptides (e.g., members of random and partially degenerate, directed phosphopeptide libraries, see, e.g., Songyang et al. (1993) Cell 72:767-778); 3) antibodies (e.g., polyclonal, monoclonal, humanized, anti-idiotypic, chimeric, and single chain antibodies as well as Fab, F(ab')2, Fab expression library fragments, and epitopebinding fragments of antibodies); 4) small organic and inorganic molecules (e.g., molecules obtained from combinatorial and natural product libraries; 5) zinc analogs; 6) leukotriene A4 and derivatives; 7) classical aminopeptidase inhibitors and derivatives of such inhibitors, such as bestatin and arphamenine A and B and derivatives; 8) and artificial peptide substrates and other substrates, such as those disclosed herein above and derivatives thereof.

The present invention discloses a number of genes that are differentially expressed in leukemia risk groups, in subjects affected by leukemia who will relapse after conventional therapy, or in subjects affected by leukemia who will develop secondary AML after conventional therapy. These differentially-expressed genes are shown in Tables 2-36 and 44-48, and 52. Because the expression of these genes is associated with leukemia risk factors, these genes may play a role in leukemogenesis. Accordingly, these genes and their gene products are potential therapeutic targets that

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are useful in methods of screening test compounds to identify therapeutic compounds for the treatment of leukemia.

The differentially-expressed genes of the invention may be used in cell-based screening assays involving recombinant host cells expressing the differentially
expressed gene product. The recombinant host cells are then screened to identify compounds that can activate the product of the differentially-expressed gene (i.e. agonists) or inactivate the product of the differentially-expressed gene (i.e. antagonists).

Any of the leukemogenic functions mediated by the product of the differentially expressed gene may be used as an endpoint in the screening assay for identifying therapeutic compounds for the treatment of leukemia. Such endpoint assays include assays for cell proliferation, assays for modulation of the cell cycle, assays for the expression of markers indicative of leukemia, and assays for the expression level of genes differentially expressed in leukemia risk groups as described above.

Modulators of the activity of a product of a differentially-expressed gene identified according to these drug screening assays provided above can be used to treat a subject with leukemia. These methods of treatment include the steps of administering the modulators of the activity of a product of a differentially-expressed gene in a pharmaceutical composition as described herein, to a subject in need of such treatment.

The following examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

#### EXAMPLES

#### 25 EXAMPLE 1:

To determine if gene expression profiling of leukemic cells could identify known biologic ALL subgroups, 327 diagnostic bone marrow (BM) samples were analyzed with AFFYMETRIX® oligonucleotide microarrays (Affymetrix Inc., Santa Clara, CA) containing 12,600 probe sets.

In an initial analysis of the gene expression data set  $(12,600 \text{ probe sets in } 327 \text{ leukemia samples; greater than } 4 \times 10^6 \text{ data elements)}$ , an unsupervised two-dimensional hierarchical clustering algorithm was used to group leukemia samples with similar gene expression patterns against clusters of similarly expressed genes.

This analysis clearly identified 6 major leukemia subtypes that corresponded to T-ALL, hyperdiploid with >50 chromosomes, BCR-ABL, E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, and MLL gene rearrangement. Moreover, within the heterogeneous collection of leukemias that were not assigned to one of these subtypes, a novel subgroup of 14 cases was identified that had a distinct gene expression profile. The separation of these seven leukemia subgroups was also seen using the multidimensional scaling procedure of discriminant analysis with variance (DAV), in which the data are reduced into component dimensions consisting of linear combinations of discriminating genes. For example, using the three component dimensions that accounted for 72.8% of the variance of gene expression among the subgroups, it was possible to distinguish T-ALL (43 cases), E2A-PBX1 (27 cases), TEL-AML1 (79 cases) and hyperdiploid >50 (64 cases) from the remaining ALL subtypes (114 cases). Similarly, using three different components that account for an additional 16.1% of the variance in gene expression mad it possible to discriminate cases with BCR-ABL (15 cases), MLL gene rearrangement (20 cases) and the novel subgroup of ALL (14 cases).

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Statistical methods were used to identify those genes that best define the individual groups. Expression profiles were obtained using the top 40 genes per subgroup as selected by a Chi square metric. Distinct groups of genes distinguish cases defined by E2A-PBX1, MLL, T-ALL, hyperdiploid >50, BCR-ABL, the novel subgroup, and TEL-AML1. In addition to these specific subgroups, 65 cases (20% of the total) were identified that did not cluster into any of the leukemia subtypes. The expression profiles of these latter cases varied markedly, suggesting that they represent a heterogeneous group of leukemias. Nearly identical results were obtained when the hierarchical clustering was performed with genes selected by other statistical metrics.

For T-ALL, two gene clusters that discriminated this subtype from B-lineage cases were identified. One cluster was expressed at high and one cluster was expressed at low levels. In contrast the top ranked discriminating genes for each of the other leukemia subtypes consisted primarily of genes that were overexpressed within the specific leukemia subtype. With the exception of T-ALL, the identified expression profiles do not represent a specific differentiation stage of the leukemic blasts. For example, although E2A-PBX1 is almost exclusively found in ALLs with a

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pre-B cell immunophenotype (Hunger (1996) Blood 87:1211-24), the identified expression profile was specific for the E2A-PBX1 genetic lesion and not the pre-B immunophenotype.

To confirm that the microarray analysis provided an accurate reflection of actual gene expression levels, the microarray data was compared with results for RNA levels obtained by real-time RT-PCR (5 genes). In addition, the corresponding protein levels were assessed by immunophenotype analysis performed by flow cytometry using nine specific cell surface antigens). A very high degree of correlation was observed between the levels of RNA expression detected by quantitative RT-PCR and microarray analysis. Similarly, in agreement with results from immunophenotying, T-lineage restricted RNA expression was observed for CD2, CD3, and CD8, whereas B-lineage restricted expression was observed for CD19, and CD22. In addition, the level of CD10 RNA expression closely correlated with protein levels, with high expression detected in TEL-AML1 leukemias, intermediate levels in E2A-PBX1 and low to undetectable expression in cases with rearrangements of MLL. Thus, microarray analysis provides an accurate reflection of expression levels for most genes, and can be used to accurately detect the expression of the more common surface antigens used in the diagnostic evaluation of pediatric ALL patients.

The majority of the leukemia subtype specific genes identified through this study were not previously known to have a restricted pattern of expression. In addition to their use as diagnostic and subclassification markers, these genes provide unique insights into the underlying biology of the different leukemia subtypes. For example, E2A-PBX1 leukemias were characterized by high expression of the c-Mer receptor tyrosine kinase (MERTK), a known transforming gene (Graham et al. (1994) Cell Growth Differ. 5:647-657); and Georgescu et al. (1999) Mol. Cell. Biol. 19:1171-81), suggesting that C-MER may be involved in the abnormal growth of these cells. Similarly, HOXA9 and MEIS1 were exclusively expressed in cases having MLL rearrangements, indicating that they may be directly involved in MLL mediated alterations in the growth of the leukemic cells. Interestingly, high expression of MTG16, a homologue of ETO (Gamou et al. (1998) Blood 91:4028-4037), was found in TEL-AML1 cases. Alteration of ETO family members in both 1(8;21) acute myeloid leukemia (by translocation) (Downing (1999) Br. J. Henatol. 106:296-308)

and TEL-AML1 (by altered expression) suggests that alteration in the biologic function of ETO genes is mechanistically involved in these leukemias. Little is known about the underlying molecular pathogenesis of hyperdiploid ALL >50 chromosomes, which clinically is distinct from hyperdiploid cases having 47-50 chromosomes. This distinction is supported by the marked differences in gene expression profiles between these two subgroups. Although hyperdiploid>50 ALLs have an excellent prognosis, the specific genetic lesions responsible for the aberrant proliferation in these cases remains poorly understood. Interestingly, almost 70% of the genes that define this subgroup are localized to either chromosome X or 21. Moreover, the class defining genes on chromosome X were overexpressed in the 10 hyperdiploid >50 chromosomes ALLs irrespective of whether the leukemic blasts had a trisomy of this chromosome (data not shown). Detailed analysis will be required to determine the specific signaling pathways that are disrupted as a result of the altered expression of these genes. Lastly, the novel subgroup of ALL was defined by high expression of a group of genes, including the receptor phosphatase PTPRM, and 15 LHFPL2, a gene that is a part of the LHFP-like gene family, the founding member of which was identified as the target of a lipoma-associated chromosomal translocation (Petit et al. (1999) Genomics 57:438-41).

#### Expression Profiling as a Diagnostic Tool 20

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A major goal of this study was to develop a single platform of expression profiling to accurately identify the known, prognostically important leukemia subtypes. To this end, computer-assisted learning algorithms were used to develop an expression-based leukemia classification. Through a reiterative process of error minimization, these algorithms learn to recognize the optimal gene expression patterns for a leukemia subtype. Classification was approached using a decision tree format, in which the first decision was T-ALL versus B-lineage (non-T-ALL), and then within the B-lineage subset, cases were sequentially classified into the known risk groups characterized by the presence of E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, BCR-ABL, MLL chimeric genes, and lastly hyperdiploid with >50 chromosomes. Cases not assigned to one of these classes were left unassigned. Classification was performed using a Support Vector Machine (SVM) algorithm with a set of discriminating genes selected by a correlation-based feature selection (CFS), or if this method selected

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greater than 20 genes for a particular class, by using the top 20 ranked genes selected by a chi-square metric, or one of the other metrics detailed in the Experimental Procedures section. This approach resulted in an accurate class prediction in a randomly selected training set that consisted of two-thirds of the total cases (215 cases). When this classification model was then applied to a blind test set consisting of the remaining 112 samples, an overall accuracy of 96% was achieved for class assignment. The number of genes required for optimal class assignment varied between classes. A single gene was sufficient to give 100% accuracy for both T-ALL and E2A-PBX1, whereas 7-20 genes were required for prediction of the other classes. Only slight differences were observed in the prediction accuracy of individual classes 10 when the process was repeated using genes selected by a number of other metrics, including T-statistics, a novel metric referred to as Wilkins', or genes selected by a combination of self organizing maps (SOM) and DAV. Moreover, nearly identical results were obtained when the various sets of selected genes were used in a number of different supervised learning algorithms, including  $\kappa$ -Nearest Neighbor ( $\kappa$ -NN), 15 Artificial Neural Network (ANN), and prediction by collective likelihood of emerging patterns (PCL).

Four cases initially appeared to be misclassified as TEL-AML1 by gene expression analysis since they lacked a detectable chimeric transcript by RT-PCR. Upon further analysis by FISH, however, one of these cases was shown to have a TEL-AML1 fusion, presumably, a variant rearrangement that could not be detected with the amplification primers used for the TEL-AML1 RT-PCR assay. In each of the three remaining cases, re-examination of the karyotypes revealed translocations involving the p arm of chromosome 12. FISH analysis demonstrated that two of these cases had deletion of one TEL allele, whereas the remaining case had a partial deletion of one TEL allele. Thus, the identified expression profiles appear to reflect an abnormality of the TEL transcription factor, and may in fact provide a more accurate means of identifying a specific leukemia subtype defined by its underlying biology. Collectively, these data demonstrate that the single platform of gene expression profiling can accurately identify the known prognostic subtypes of ALL.

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## Use of Expression Profiles to Identify Patients at High Risk of Treatment Failure

Relapse and the development of therapy-induced acute myeloid leukemia (AML) are the major causes of treatment failure in pediatric ALL. To determine if 5 expression profiling might further enhance the ability to identify patients who are likely to relapse, the expression profiles of the four groups of leukemic samples were compared. The groups of samples used for this comparison were: 1)diagnostic samples of patients that developed hematological relapses (n = 32); (ii) diagnostic samples from patients who remained in continuous complete remission (CCR) (n = 201); (iii) diagnostic samples from patients who developed therapy-induced AML (n = 16); and (iv) leukemic samples collected at the time of ALL relapse (n = 25). Using DAV, distinct gene expression profiles were identified for each of these groups.

To further assess the predictive power of the different gene expression profiles, supervised learning algorithms were used. Because of the overwhelming differences in the expression profiles of the different leukemia subtypes, it was not possible to identify a single expression signature that would predict relapse irrespective of the genetic subtype. However, within individual leukemic subtypes, distinct expression profiles could be defined that predicted relapse. Class assignment was performed using a SVM supervised learning algorithm with discriminating genes selected by CFS, or if this method returned >20 genes, the top 20 genes selected by Tstatistics. For both the T-lineage and hyperdiploid >50 subgroups, expression profiles identified those cases that went on to relapse with an accuracy of 97% and 100%, respectively, as assessed by cross validation. Moreover, the predictive accuracy was statistically significant when compared to results from an analysis of 1000 random permutations of the specific patient data set. Similarly, expression profiles predictive of relapse were identified for TEL-AML, MLL, or cases that lacked any of the known genetic risk features. Although the predictive accuracy of these latter expression profiles was very high as assessed by cross validation, it did not reach statistical significance when compared to results from an analysis of 1000 random permutations of the same patient data set, likely secondary to the limited number of cases. The patterns of expression for a combination of genes, rather than expression levels of a single gene were found to have the greatest predictive accuracy. Since few known risk-stratifying biologic features have been previously identified for either T-ALL or

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hyperdiploid >50 ALL, the results suggest that the identified expression profiles provide independent risk stratifying information.

A distinct expression profile was identified in the ALL blasts from patients who developed therapy-induced AML. Because secondary AML is thought to arise from a hematopoietic stem cell that is distinct from that giving rise to the primary leukemia, it is difficult to understand how the biology of the original ALL blasts could predict the risk of developing a therapy-induced complication. However, when the accuracy of expression profiling was evaluated in within the TEL-AML1 subgroup, a distinct expression signature consisting of 20 genes was defined. This profile identified, with 100% accuracy in cross validation, all patients who developed secondary AML, with a p value of 0.031 as assessed by comparison to results from an analysis of 1000 random permutations of the patient data set. Genes within this signature included RSU1, a suppressor of the Ras signaling pathway, and Msh3, a mismatch repair enzyme.

## Overview of Experimental Procedures

#### A. Tumor Samples

The diagnosis of ALL was based on the morphologic evaluation of the bone marrow and on the pattern of reactivity of the leukemic blasts with a panel of monoclonal antibodies directed against lineage-associated antigens. A total of 389 pediatric acute leukemia samples were analyzed in this study, from which high quality gene expression data was obtained on 360 (93%). The successfully-analyzed samples included 332 diagnostic BM, 3 diagnostic peripheral bloods (PB), and 25 relapsed ALL samples from BM or PB. 264 (79%) of the diagnostic ALL BM samples and all relapse samples were from patients enrolled on St. Jude Children's Research Hospital Total Therapy Studies XIIIA or XIIIB and corresponded to 64% of the patients treated on these protocols. The details of these protocols have been previously published (Pui et al. (2000) Leukemia 14:2286-94). The remaining samples were obtained from patients treated on St. Jude Total Therapy Studies XI, XII, XIV, XV, or by best clinical management. All protocols and consent forms were approved by the hospital's institutional review board, and informed consent was obtained from parents, guardians, or patients (as appropriate). The composition of the data sets used for the identification of gene expression profiles predictive of specific genetic

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subtypes, hematological relapse, and risk of developing secondary AML are described below.

#### B. Gene Expression Profiling

RNA was extracted from cryopreserved mononuclear cell suspensions from diagnostic BM aspirates or PB samples using TRIZOL® (Invitrogen Corp., Carlsbad, California) according to the manufacturer's instructions, and the RNA integrity was assessed by using an Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer (Agilent Technologies, Palo Alto, CA). cDNA was synthesized using a T-7 linked oligo-dT primer and cRNA was then synthesized with biotinylated UTP and CTP. The labeled RNA was then fragmented and hybridized to HG\_U95Av2 oligonucleotide arrays (Affymetrix Incorporated, Santa Clara, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Arrays were scanned using a laser confocal scanner (Agilent) and the expression value for each gene was calculated using AFFYMETRIX® Microarray Software version 4.0. The average intensity difference (AID) values were normalized across the sample set and minimum quality control standards were established for including a sample's hybridization data in the study. 10% of samples were run in duplicate to ensure consistency of data acquisition throughout the study. A high level of reproducibility was observed between replicate samples, with fewer than 1% of genes showing a variation in average intensity difference of greater than 2-fold.

#### C. Statistical Analysis

Unsupervised hierarchical clustering, principal component analysis (PCA), discriminant analysis with variance (DAV), and self organizing maps (SOM) were performed using GeneMaths software (version 1.5, Applied Maths, Belgium). Data reduction to define the genes most useful in class distinction was performed using a variety of metrics as detailed below. Genes selected by the various metrics were used in supervised learning algorithms to build classifiers that could identify the specific genetic or prognostic subgroups. The algorithms used included k-Nearest Neighbors (k-NN), Support Vector Machine (SVM), prediction by collective likelihood of emerging patterns (PCL), an artificial neural network (ANN), and weighted voting. Performance of each model was initially assessed by leave-one-out cross validation on a randomly selected stratified training set consisting of two-thirds of the total

cases. True error rates of the best performing classifiers were then determined using the remaining third of the samples as a blinded test group. Details of the individual metrics and supervised learning algorithms are described below.

### 5 Detailed Experimental Procedures

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RNA Extraction, Labeling, Hybridization, and Data analysis

Mononuclear cell suspensions from diagnostic BM aspirates or peripheral blood (PB) samples were prepared from each patient and an aliquot was cryopreserved. RNA was extracted using TRIZOL® following the manufacture's recommended protocol as described above. RNA integrity was assessed by electrophoresis on the Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer (Agilent, Palo Alto, CA).

First and second strand cDNA were synthesized from 5-15 μg of total RNA using the SuperScript Double-Stranded cDNA Synthesis Kit ((Invitrogen Corp., Carlsbad, California) and an oligo-dT<sub>24</sub>-T7 (5'-GGC CAG TGA ATT GTA ATA CGA CTC ACT ATA GGG AGG CGG-3'; SEQ ID NO:1) primer according to the manufacturer's instructions. cRNA was synthesized and labeled with biotinylated UTP and CTP by in vitro transcription using the T7 promoter coupled double stranded cDNA as template and the T7 RNA Transcript Labeling Kit according the manufacturer's instructions (Enzo Diagnostics Inc., Farmingdale NY). Briefly, double stranded cDNA synthesized from the previous steps was washed twice with 70% ethanol and resuspended in 22 μl RNase-free water. The cDNA was incubated with 4 μl of 10X each reaction buffer, 1μl of biotin labeled ribonucleotides, 2μl of DTT, 1μl of RNase inhibitor mix and 2 μl 20X T7 RNA polymerase for 5 hours at 37°C. The labeled cRNA was separated from unincorporated ribonucleotides by passing through a CHROMA SPIN-100 column (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA) and precipitated at -20°C for 1 hr to overnight.

The cRNA pellet was resuspended in 10 μl Rnase-free H<sub>2</sub>O and 10.0 μg was fragmented by heat and ion-mediated hydrolysis at 95°C for 35 minutes in 200 mM

Tris-acetate, pH 8.1, 500 mM KOAc, 150 mM MgOAc. The fragmented cRNA was hybridized for 16 hr at 45°C to HG\_U95Av2 AFFYMETRIX® oligonucleotide arrays (Affymetrix, Santa Clara, CA) containing 12,600 probe sets from full-length annotated genes together with additional probe sets designed to represent EST sequences. Arrays were washed at 25°C with 6X SSPE (0.9M NaCl, 60 mM

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NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, 6 mM EDTA, 0.01% Tween 20) followed by a stringent wash at 50°C with 100 mM MES, 0.1M NaCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.01% Tween 20. The arrays were then stained with phycoerythrin conjugated streptavidin (Molecular Probes, Eugene, OR).

Arrays were scanned using a laser confocal scanner (Agilent, Palo Alto, CA) and the expression value for each gene was calculated using AFFYMETRIX® Microarray software (MAS 4.0). The signal intensity for each gene was calculated as the average intensity difference (AID), represented by  $[\Sigma(PM - MM)/(number\ of$ probe pairs)], where PM and MM denote perfect-match and mismatch probes, respectively. Expression values were normalized across the sample set by scaling the average of the fluorescent intensities of all genes on an array to a constant target intensity of 2500, then any AID over 45,000 was capped to a value of 45,000. All AID's less than 100, including negative values and absent calls were converted to a value of 1. In addition, a variation filter was used to eliminate any probe set in which fewer than 1% of the samples had a present call, or if the Max AID - Min AID across the sample set was less than 100. The average intensity differences for each of the remaining genes were analyzed. For some metrics the data was log transformed prior to analysis. The minimum quality control values required for inclusion of a sample's hybridization data in the study were 10% or greater present calls, a GAPDH/Actin 3'/5' ratio <5, and use of a scaling factor that was within 3 standard deviations from the mean of the scaling values of all chips analyzed.

The average percent present calls for theoverall data set was 29.7%, and for each of the genetic subgroups was BCR-ABL (31.1%), E2A-PBXI (28.9%), Hyper >50 (31%), MLL (29.8%), T-ALL (29.1%), TEL-AMLI (28.5%), Novel (30.2%), others (31.1%). In addition, each sample had >75% blasts. The average percentage blasts for the overall data set used to define the genetic subtypes was 93%, and for each genetic subtype was BCR-ABL (92%), E2A-PBXI (96%), Hyper >50 (93%), MLL (93%), T-ALL (91%), TEL-AMLI (92%), Novel (95%), and others (94%).

### B Reproducibility of Microarray Data

The reproducibility of the AFFYMETRIX® microarray system was assessed by comparing the gene expression profiles of RNA extracted from duplicate cryopreserved diagnostic leukemic samples from 23 patients with single RNA samples from 13 patients analyzed on two separate arrays. The mean number of

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probe sets that displayed a ≥-fold difference in expression between separately extracted but paired RNA samples was 144, and for single RNA samples analyzed on two separate occasions was 133. Moreover, very few probe sets were found to have a ≥-fold difference in expression levels between replicate samples. The observed number of probe sets showing a difference in expression values represents less than 2% of the total number of probe sets on the microarray, and thus these data suggest that the AFFYMETRIX® microarray system has a very high degree of reproducibility.

C. Comparison of Expression Profiles from PB and BM leukemia samples Matched BM and PB samples that contained 280% leukemic blasts were obtained from 10 patients and the RNA was extracted and assessed by microarray analysis. A very high level of correlation was observed between the expression profiles of BM and PB, with only 189 probe sets having a greater than a 2-fold difference in expression. No genes were found to be consistently over- or underexpressed in one sample type. These data demonstrate that there are minimal differences in the gene expression profiles of leukemic blasts obtained from BM or PB, and that diagnostic gene expression profiling is possible on samples obtained from the PB.

D. RT-PCR Results

Real-time TAQMAN® RT-PCR assays (Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA) were performed to independently determine the level of mRNA for five genes that were found by microarray analysis to be predictive of either T-lineage ALL

25 (CD3& CD3D antigen delta polypeptide TiT3 complex; MAL, mal T-Cell differentiation protein; and PRKCQ, protein kinase C theta) or E2A-PBXI expressing ALL (MERTK, c-Mer proto-oncogene tyrosine kinase and KIAA802). The RNA samples analyzed included four samples each of E2A-PBXI and T-ALL, and two samples each from the remaining subtypes (BCR-ABL, MLL, TEL-AML1,

30 Hyperdiploid >50, Hyperdiploid 47-50, Hypodiploid, Pseudodiploid, and normal).

30 Hyperdiploid >50, Hyperdiploid 47-50, Hypodiploid, Pseudodiploid, and normal). Whenever possible, the forward and reverse primers were designed in different exons so that DNA contamination would not be a concern. In the case of MAL where this was not clear, the RNA was treated for 15 minutes at room temperature with 1.0 unit

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of DNase I (Invitrogen Corp., Carlsbad, California) using the Invitrogen protocol to remove any contaminating DNA.

Thirty-three ng of RNA from each sample was reverse transcribed using random hexamers and Multiscribe Reverse Transcriptase (Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA) in a total volume of 10 µl. Real time PCR was performed on a Applied Biosystems PRISM® 7700 Sequence Detection System (Applied Biosystems). All probes were labeled at the 5' end with FAM (6-carboxy-fluroescein) and at the 3' end with TAMRA (6-carboxy-tetramethyl-rhodamine).

The PCR reactions were performed in a total volume of 50 µl containing 10 µl of the reverse transcriptase product, 300 nM each of the forward and reverse primers, 100 nM of probe, 1X master mix and 1 µl of AMPLITAQ GOLD® DNA polymerase (Applied Biosystems). Following a 10 minute incubation at 95°C to activate the polymerase, samples were denatured at 95°C for 15 seconds, then annealed and extended at 60°C for 1 minute, for a total of 40 cycles. The RNA from each sample was also amplified using primers and probes to RNase P (Applied Biosystems) for use in normalization according to the manufacturer's instructions. Negative controls were included in each run. Standard curves were generated for T-cell markers and RNase P using MOLT4 RNA, a T-cell leukemia cell line, and for the E2A-PBXI markers and RNase P using a leukemia cell line, 697, that contains an E2A-PBXI fusion.

The expression level of the predictive genes and RNase P were determined in each of the 24 ALL samples. A ratio was then calculated by taking the expression value for the specific gene and dividing it by the expression level of RNase P in the sample. These ratios were then compared to the values obtained from the AFFYMETRIX® chip data from the same RNA sample. The raw AFFYMETRIX® chip data were scaled as described and then normalized using the 3'GAPDH value for each sample, yielding a normalized ratio. The TAQMAN® results and AFFMETRIX® chip ratios were then log transformed and compared. Since the markers selected for TAQMAN® analysis were predictors for either E2A-PBXI or T-ALLs, each gene was expected to have four RNA samples with high and 20 samples with low expression. For each gene evaluated, an average expression value for both the TAQMAN® results and AFFYMETRIX® data was calculated for all samples in the up-regulated group, and similarly, for the samples in the down-regulated group.

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Comparison of Real-time RT-PCR Data and AFFYMETRIX® Chip Data E. The normalized gene expression ratios for the TAQMAN® data (gene/RNase P) and for the AFFYMETRIX® microarray data (AID for a gene/AID for GAPDH) were log transformed and then the average expression values for each gene was 5 calculated in the four samples in which its expression was expected to be up-regulated and separately in the 20 samples in which its expression was expected to be downregulated. For example, for genes that were expected to be up-regulated in T-ALL (CD3δ, MAL, and PRKCO), the log expression ratios in the T-ALL samples were averaged to give the up regulated values and the log expression ratios of each gene in the non-T-ALL cases were averaged to give the down regulated value.

In both the TAQMAN® and the microchip array analysis, MERTK and KIAA802, were very highly expressed in the diagnostic samples containing E2A-PBX1, and expressed at low levels in all of the other samples. Likewise, PRKCQ,  $CD3\delta$ , and MAL, showed high levels of expression in T cells by both methodologies in comparison with non T-cells. The normalized ratios from the TAQMAN® assay were plotted against the normalized ratios from the microchip array for both the upregulated and down-regulated genes. The correlation between TAQMAN® results and the microchip array results was 70%, indicating that the same pattern of gene expression was seen in both analyses. The MERTK was extremely high in two of the E2A-PBXI patient samples by TAQMAN® analysis. Removal of the MERTK gene from the analysis resulted in a correlation of 91% between the TAQMAN® results and the microchip array results.

Comparison of AFFYMETRIX® Microarray Chip Results and F. Immunophenotype Results

Leukemic blasts at the time of diagnosis were analyzed for expression of lineage restricted cell surface antigens using phycoerythrin- or fluorescein isothiocyanate-conjugated monoclonal antibodies against CD2, CD3ε, CD4, CD5, CD7, CD8, CD10, CD19, and CD22 (Becton Dickinson Immunocytometry Systems, San Jose, CA, USA). Data were obtained using a COULTER® EPICS XL™ (Beckman Coulter, Miami, FL), a COULTER® ELITE™ (Beckman Coulter), or a BD FACSCalibur™ flow cytometer (Becton Dickinson, San Jose, CA). The expression patterns for these antigens were then compared to gene expression patterns

for the AFFYMETRIX® chip sites specified for CD2 (1 probe set, 40738\_at), CD3 $\delta$ (1 probe set, 38319\_at), CD3ε(1 probe set, 36277\_at), CD3ζ(1 probe set, 37078\_at), CD3y(1 probe set, 39226\_at), CD4 (5 probe sets, 856\_at, 1146\_at, 35517\_at, 34003 at, and 37942 at), CD5 (1probe set, 32953\_at), CD7 (1 probe set, 771\_s\_at),  $CD8\alpha$  (1 probe set, 40699 at),  $CD8\beta$  (1 probe set, 39239 at), CD10 (1 probe set, 1389 at), CD19 (2 probe sets, 1096 g at and 1116 at), and CD22 (2 probe sets, 38521 at and 38522 s at). As a control, the performance of the AFFYMETRIX® microarray probe sets were also assessed using RNA isolated from flow sorted single positive CD4+ and CD8+ thymocytes, and CD10+/CD19+ bone marrow cells. High RNA expression was observed in T-ALL for the T-lineage restricted genes CD2, 10 CD3δ, ε, and ζ, CD8α, and CD7, and in B-lineage ALLs for the B-cell restricted genes CD19, and CD22. A similar high level of correlation was observed between RNA and protein expression for CD10. The observed low expression levels of T-cell restricted genes in B-cell cases, and B-cell restricted genes in T-ALLs, is consistent with the low level of normal contaminating lymphocytes present in the diagnostic 15 marrow samples analyzed.

#### G. Patient Data Set

A total of 389 Pediatric acute leukemia samples were analyzed in this study. from which high quality gene expression data were obtained on 360 (93%). The 20 successfully analyzed samples included: 332 diagnostic bone marrows (BM), 3 diagnostic peripheral blood samples (PB), and 25 relapse ALL samples from BM or PB. 264 (79%) of the diagnostic ALL BM samples and all relapse samples were from patients treated on St. Jude Children's Research Hospital Total Therapy Studies XIIIA or XIIIB and correspond to 64% of the patients treated on these protocols. The details 25 of these protocols are described in Pui et al., "Risk-adapted treatment for acute lymphoblastic leukemia: findings from St. Jude Children's Research Hospital," Haematology and Blood Transfusions, 1997, pp 629-37, Springer-Verlag, Berlin and in Pui et al. (2000) Leukemia 14:2286-94. Study XIIIA ran from December 20, 1991 to August 23, 1994 and enrolled 165 patients, whereas Study XIIIB ran from August 24, 94 to July 27, 1998 and enrolled 247 patients. No patients were lost to follow-up during treatment. When the databases were frozen for analysis, 100% and 93% of event-free survivors in studies XIIIA and XIIIB, respectively, had been seen within 12

months. The median (minimum, maximum) follow-up of the event-free survivors was 8.09 (6.59, 9.94) and 4.52 (2.37, 7.06) years for XIIIA and XIIIB, respectively. All other samples were obtained from patients treated on St. Jude Total Therapy Studies XI, XII, XIV, XV, or by best clinical management.

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For the identification of gene expression profiles that predict specific genetic subtypes of ALL, 327 diagnostic BM samples were used. The criteria for inclusion in this data set were the availability of a cryopreserved diagnostic BM sample containing \$25\% blasts, and complete data from each of the following diagnostic studies: morphology, immunophenotype, cytogenetics, DNA ploidy, Southern blot for MLL gene rearrangements, and RT-PCR analysis for MLL-AF4, MLL-AF9, E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, and BCR-ABL. This final data set includes diagnostic BM samples from XV (38), XIV (4), XIIIA (100), XIIIB (161), or from patients treated on one of our older protocols or by best clinical management (24).

The data sets used to identify expression profiles predicative of hematologic relapse and the development of therapy-induced AML are described in Table 1.

Table 1: Patient Database

Diagnostic samples used for subtype classification (n=327)

BCR-ABL subgroup (n=15)

<u>Label</u> ®	Protocol <sup>8</sup>	Outcome **	<u>Label<sup>@</sup></u>	Protocol"	Outcome <sup>%</sup>			
BCR-ABL-C1	T13B	CCR	BCR-ABL-#4	T11	NA			
BCR-ABL-R1	T13A	Heme Relapse	BCR-ABL-#5	T12	NA			
BCR-ABL-R2	T13A	Heme Relapse	BCR-ABL-#6	T12	NA			
BCR-ABL-R3	T13B	Heme Relapse	BCR-ABL-#7	T12	NA			
BCR-ABL-								
Hyperdip-R5	T13B	Heme Relapse	BCR-ABL-#8	T14	NA			
BCR-ABL-#1	T13A	Censored	BCR-ABL-#9	T15	NA			
BCR-ABL-#2	T13B	Censored	BCR-ABL-Hyperdip-#10	T12	NA			
BCR-ABL-#3	T13B	Censored						
E2A-PBX1 subgroup (n=27)								
E2A-PBX1-C1	T13A	CCR	E2A-PBX1-#1	Others	NA			
E2A-PBX1-C2	T13A	CCR	E2A-PBX1-#2	Others	NA			
E2A-PBX1-C3	T13A	CCR	E2A-PBX1-#3	Others	NA			
E2A-PBX1-C4	T13A	CCR	E2A-PBX1-#4	Others	NA			
E2A-PBX1-C5	T13A	CCR	E2A-PBX1-#5	Others	NA			
E2A-PBX1-C6	T13B	CCR	E2A-PBX1-#6	Others	NA			
E2A-PBX1-C7	T13B	CCR	E2A-PBX1-#7	T11	NA.			
E2A-PBX1-C8	T13B	CCR	E2A-PBX1-#8	T11	NA			
E2A-PBX1-C9	T13B	CCR	E2A-PBX1-#9	T12	NA			
E2A-PBX1-C10	T13B	CCR	E2A-PBX1-#10	T12	NA			
E2A-PBX1-C11	T13B	CCR	E2A-PBX1-#11	T14	NA			
E2A-PBX1-C12	T13B	CCR	E2A-PBX1-#12	T15	NA			

E2A-PBX1-R1 E2A-PBX1-2M#1	T13B T13B	Heme Relapse 2nd AML	E2A-PBX1-#13	T15	NA		
Hyperdip>50 subgroup (n=64)							
	m		Hyperdip>50-C33	T13B	CCR		
Hyperdip>50-C1	T13A	CCR CCR	Hyperdip>50-C34	T13B	CCR		
Hyperdip>50-C2	T13A		Hyperdip>50-C35	T13B	CCR		
Hyperdip>50-C3	T13A	CCR		T13B	CCR		
Hyperdip>50-C4	T13A	CCR	Hyperdip>50-C36	T13B	CCR		
Hyperdip>50-C5	T13A	CCR	Hyperdip>50-C37	T13B	CCR		
Hyperdip>50-C6	T13A	CCR	Hyperdip>50-C38	T13B	CCR		
Hyperdip>50-C7	T13A	CCR	Hyperdip>50-C39	T13B	CCR		
Hyperdip>50-C8	T13A	CCR	Hyperdip>50-C40	T13B	CCR		
Hyperdip>50-C9	T13A	CCR	Hyperdip>50-C41	T13B	CCR		
Hyperdip>50-C10	T13A	CCR	Hyperdip>50-C42	T13B	CCR		
Hyperdip>50-C11	T13A	CCR	Hyperdip>50-C43	1130	Heme		
** ** ** ** ***	T12 A	CCR	Hyperdip>50-R1	T13A	Relapse		
Hyperdip>50-C12	T13A	CCR	Hyperdip>30-K1	11574	Heme		
Hyperdip>50-C13	T13A	CCR	Hyperdip>50-R2	T13A	Relapse		
riyperdip/30-C13	113A	CCK	Hyperasp. 24 14		Heme		
Hyperdip>50-C14	T13A	CCR	Hyperdip>50-R3	T13A	Relapse		
Hyperdip 30 Of 4			71 1		Heme		
Hyperdip>50-C15	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-R4	T13B	Relapse		
			11 - 50 P.5	T13B	Heme Relapse		
Hyperdip>50-C16	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-R5	T13A	2nd AML		
Hyperdip>50-C17	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-2M#1	T13B	2nd AML		
Hyperdip>50-C18	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-2M#2		Censored		
Hyperdip>50-C19	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-#1	T13A	Censored		
Hyperdip>50-C20	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-#2	T13B	NA		
Hyperdip>50-C21	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-#3	Others	NA NA		
Hyperdip>50-C22	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-#4	Others	NA NA		
Hyperdip>50-C23	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-#5	T12			
Hyperdip>50-C24	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-#6	T15	NA		
Hyperdip>50-C25	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-#7	T15	NA		
Hyperdip>50-C26	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-#8	T15	NA		
Hyperdip>50-			XX	T15	NA		
C27-N	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-#9	T15	NA NA		
Hyperdip>50-C28	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-#10	T15	NA		
Hyperdip>50-C29	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-#11		NA NA		
Hyperdip>50-C30	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-#12	T15	NA NA		
Hyperdip>50-C31	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-#13	T15	NA NA		
Hyperdip>50-C32	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip>50-#14	T15	NA		
		Hynerdi	p47-50 subgroup (n=23)				
Hyperdip47-50-		11,100.00					
C1	T13A	CCR	Hyperdip47-50-C13	T13B	CCR		
Hyperdip47-50-			1				
C2	T13A	CCR	Hyperdip47-50-C14-N	T13B	CCR		
Hyperdip47-50-				mean	com		
C3-N	T13A	CCR	Hyperdip47-50-C15	T13B	CCR		
Hyperdip47-50-	T12 4	CCD	Hyperdip47-50-C16	T13B	CCR		
C4	T13A	CCR	пурсыр47-30-С10	1130	COR		
Hyperdip47-50- C5	T13A	CCR	Hyperdip47-50-C17	T13B	CCR		
0.5	- 1011						

Hyperdip47-50- C6	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip47-50-C18	T13B	CCR				
Hyperdip47-50- C7	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip47-50-C19	T13B	CCR				
Hyperdip47-50- C8	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip47-50-2M#1	T13A	2nd AML				
Hyperdip47-50- C9 Hyperdip47-50-	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip47-50-#1	T15	NA				
C10 Hyperdip47-50-	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip47-50-#2	T15	NA				
C11 Hyperdip47-50-	T13B	CCR	Hyperdip47-50-#3	T15	NA				
C12	T13B	CCR							
Hypedip subgroup (n=9)									
Hypodip-C1	T13A	CCR	Hypodip-C6	T13B	CCR				
Hypodip-C2	T13A	CCR	Hypodip-2M#1	T13A	2nd AML				
Hypodip-C3	T13B	CCR	Hypodip-#1	T15	NA				
Hypodip-C4	T13B	CCR	Hypodip-#2	T15	NA				
Hypodip-C5	T13B	CCR	22)}						
		MI.	L subgroup (n=20)						
MLL-C1	T13A	CCR	MLL-2M#1	T13A	2nd AML				
	T13B	CCR	MLL-2M#2	T13A	2nd AML				
MLL-C2			MLL-#1	T13B	Censored				
MLL-C3	T13B	CCR	MLL-#2	T13B	Censored				
MLL-C4	T13B	CCR			NA				
MLL-C5	T13B	CCR	MLL-#3	Others					
MLL-C6	T13B	CCR	MLL-#4	Others	NA				
MLL-R1	T13A	Heme Relapse	MLL-#5	Others	NA				
MLL-R2	T13A	Heme Relapse	MLL-#6	T12	NA				
MLL-R3	T13B	Heme Relapse	MLL-#7	T14	NA				
MLL-R4	T13B	Heme Relapse	MLL-#8	T14	NA				
		Norn	nal subgroup (n=18)						
37 10137	T13A	CCR	Normal-C10	T13B	CCR				
Normal-C1-N	T13A	CCR	Normal-C11-N	T13B	CCR				
Normal-C2-N				T13B	CCR				
Normal-C3-N	T13A	CCR	Normal-C12	1130	Heme				
Normal-C4-N	T13B	CCR	Normal-R1	T13A	Relapse Heme				
Normal-C5	T13B	CCR	Normal-R2-N	T13B	Relapse Heme				
Normal-C6	T13B	CCR	Normal-R3	T13B	Relapse				
Normal-C7-N	T13B	CCR	Normal-#1	T13A	Censored				
	T13B	CCR	Normal-#2	T13B	Censored				
Normal-C8		CCR	Normal-#3	T13B	Censored				
Normal-C9	T13B	CCR	Normal-#5	1135	Constitution				
Pseudodip subgroup (n=29)									
Pseudodip-C1	T13A	CCR	Pseudodip-C16-N	T13B	CCR				
Pseudodip-C2-N	T13A	CCR	Pseudodip-C17	T13B	CCR				
Pseudodip-C3	T13A	CCR	Pseudodip-C18	T13B	CCR				
Pseudodip-C4	T13A	CCR	Pseudodip-C19	T13B	CCR				
2 Soudoup-C4	11371		•		Heme				
Pseudodip-C5	T13A	CCR	Pseudodip-R1-N	T13A	Relapse				

		1			Other
Pseudodip-C6	T13A CC	,	Pseudodip-#1	T13B	Relapse
Pseudodip-C7	T13A CC		Pseudodip-#2	T13B	Censored
Pseudodip-C8	T13A CC		Pseudodip-#3	Others	NA
Pseudodip-C9	T13A CC		Pscudodip-#4	Others	NA
Pseudodip-C10	T13B CC		Pseudodip-#5	T15	NA
Pseudodip-C10 Pseudodip-C11	T13B CC		Pseudodip-#6	T15	NA
Pseudodip-C11 Pseudodip-C12	T13B CC		Pscudodip-#7	T15	NA
Pseudodip-C12 Pseudodip-C13	T13B CC		Pseudodip-#8-N	T15	NA
Pseudodip-C13	T13B CC		Pseudodip-#9	T15	NA
Pseudodip-C14 Pseudodip-C15	T13B CC		z sementip		
rscudodip-C15	1130 00				
			LL subgroup (n=43)	T13B	CCR
T-ALL-C1	T13A CC		T-ALL-C23	T13B	CCR
T-ALL-C2	T13A CC		T-ALL-C24	T13B	CCR
T-ALL-C3	T13A CC		T-ALL-C25	T13B	CCR
T-ALL-C4	T13A CC	R	T-ALL-C26	113B	Heme
T-ALL-C5	T13A CC	TD.	T-ALL-R1	T13A	Relapse
T-ALL-C5	113A CC	K	I-ALL-KI		Heme
T-ALL-C6	T13A CC	R	T-ALL-R2	T13B	Relapse
				mean	Heme
T-ALL-C7	T13A CC	R	T-ALL-R3	T13B	Relapse Heme
T-ALL-C8	T13A CC	TD.	T-ALL-R4	T13B	Relapse
I-ALL-Co	IISA CC	IX.	1-ADD-104		Heme
T-ALL-C9	T13B CC	R	T-ALL-R5	T13B	Relapse
					Heme
T-ALL-C10	T13B CC		T-ALL-R6	T13B	Relapse
T-ALL-C11	T13B CC	R	T-ALL-2M#1	T13B	2nd AML Other
m 177 C10	T13B CC	n e	T-ALL-#1	T13B	Relapse
T-ALL-C12	1138 CC	K	1-ALD-W1	1132	Other
T-ALL-C13	T13B CC	R.	T-ALL-#2	T13B	Relapse
T-ALL-C14	T13B C0	R	T-ALL-#4	T13B	Censored
T-ALL-C15	T13B CC	R.	T-ALL-#5	T13B	Censored
T-ALL-C16	T13B CC	R	T-ALL-#6	T15	NA
T-ALL-C17	T13B C0	CR.	T-ALL-#7	T15	NA
T-ALL-C18	T13B CC	CR.	T-ALL-#8	T15	NA
T-ALL-C19	T13B CC		T-ALL-#9	T15	NA
T-ALL-C20	T13B CC		T-ALL-#10	T15	NA
T-ALL-C21	T13B C0		T-ALL-#11	T15	NA
T-ALL-C22	T13B C0	CR.			
			·		
			iML1 subgroup (n=79)	mian	CCR
TEL-AML1-C1	T13A CC		TEL-AML1-C41	T13B T13B	CCR
TEL-AML1-C2	T13A CC		TEL-AML1-C42		CCR
TEL-AML1-C3	T13A CC		TEL-AML1-C43	T13B	CCR
TEL-AML1-C4		CR.	TEL-AML1-C44	T13B T13B	CCR
TEL-AML1-C5		CR.	TEL-AML1-C45		CCR
TEL-AML1-C6		CR.	TEL-AML1-C46	T13B T13B	CCR
TEL-AML1-C7		CR	TEL-AML1-C47	T13B	CCR
TEL-AML1-C8		CIR	TEL-AML1-C48	T13B	CCR
TEL-AML1-C9		CIR CIR	TEL-AML1-C49	T13B	CCR
TEL-AML1-C10	T13A C	CR	TEL-AML1-C50	1138	CCK
			-36-		

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mmr +> (1 1 C11	T13A	CCR	TEL-AML1-C51	T13B	CCR
TEL-AML1-C11				mian	CCR
TEL-AML1-C12	T13A.	CCR	TEL-AML1-C52	T13B	CCR
TEL-AML1-C13	T13A	CCR	TEL-AML1-C53	T13B	CCR
TEL-AML1-C14	T13A	CCR	TEL-AML1-C54	T13B	CCR
TEL-AMLI-C15	T13A	CCR	TEL-AMIL1-C55	T13B	CCR
TEL-AML1-C16	T13A	CCR	TEL-AMIL1-C56	T13B	CCR
TEL-AMILI-CIO	110/4	CCIC	IDD IDADE OF		

I LL-AMBI-CI2	110		TEL-AML1-C53	T13B	CCR
TEL-AML1-C13	T13A	CCR		T13B	CCR
TEL-AML1-C14	T13A	CCR	TEL-AML1-C54	T13B	CCR
TEL-AML1-C15	T13A	CCR	TEL-AML1-C55		CCR
TEL-AML1-C16	T13A.	CCR	TEL-AML1-C56	T13B	
TEL-AML1-C17	T13A	CCR	TEL-AML1-C57	T13B	CCR Heme
TEL-AML1-C18	T13A	CCR	TEL-AML1-R1	T13A	Relapse Heme
TEL-AML1-C19	T13A	CCR	TEL-AML1-R2	T13A	Relapse Heme
TEL-AML1-C20	T13A	CCR	TEL-AML1-R3	T13B	Relapse
TEL-AML1-C21	T13A	CCR	TEL-AML1-2M#1	T13A	2nd AML
TEL-AML1-C22	T13A	CCR	TEL-AML1-2M#2	T13A	2nd AML
TEL-AML1-C23		CCR	TEL-AML1-2M#3	T13A	2nd AML
TEL-AML1-C24		CCR	TEL-AML1-2M#4	T13B	2nd AML
TEL-AML1-C25		CCR	TEL-AML1-2M#5	T13B	2nd AML Other
TEL-AML1-C26	T13A	CCR	TEL-AML1-#1	T13B	Relapse
TEL-AML1-C27	T13A	CCR	TEL-AML1-#2	T13A	Censored
TEL-AML1-C28	T13A	CCR	TEL-AML1-#3	T13A	Censored
TEL-AML1-C29	T13B	CCR	TEL-AML1-#4	T13B	Censored
TEL-AML1-C30		CCR	TEL-AML1-#5	T15	NA
TEL-AML1-C31		CCR	TEL-AML1-#6	T15	NA
TEL-AML1-C32		CCR	TEL-AML1-#7	T15	NA
TEL-AML1-C33	T13B	CCR	TEL-AML1-#8	T15	NA
TEL-AML1-C34		CCR	TEL-AML1-#9	T15	NA
TEL-AML1-C35		CCR	TEL-AML1-#10	T15	NA
TEL-AML1-C36		CCR	TEL-AML1-#11	T15	NA
TEL-AML1-C37	T13B	CCR	TEL-AML1-#12	T15	NA
TEL-AML1-C38		CCR	TEL-AML1-#13	T15	NA
TEL-AML1-C39		CCR	TEL-AML1-#14	T15	NA
TEL-AML1-C40		CCR			

## <sup>®</sup>Label key-

Dx Sample of patient in CCR Subtype Name-C#

Dx Sample of patient who developed a hematologic Subtype Name-R#

#### 5 relapse

15

Dx Sample used for subgroup classification only Subtype Name-# Dx Sample of patient who later developed 2nd AML Subtype Name-2M#

Subtype Name-N Dx Sample in novel group

#### \*Protocol- Protocol that patient was treated on 10

### %Outcome-

Continuous complete remission CCR

Hematologic relapse Heme Relapse Extramedullary relapse

Other Relapse Diagnostic samples of patients who later developed 2<sup>nd</sup> 2nd AML

AML

Censored due to BM transplant, treated off protocol, or died in CR Censored

NA Not applicable, primarily because the patient was not treated on Total 13, and thus is excluded from the analysis used to identify gene expression profiles predictive of outcome

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# H. Diagnostic Samples Used for Prediction of Prognosis

In addition to the 201 CCR and 27 Heme Relapse cases listed in Table 1, five additional relapse cases were also included in the prognostic analysis, giving a total of 233 cases for this analysis. These additional cases were not included in the subgroup prediction data set because they did not meet the established criteria for the reasons listed below.

Labe BCR-	ABL-R4		Comment Did not meet QC criteria because
MLL		ned 70% blasts T13A	Peripheral Blood Sample (90% blasts)
	al-R4	T13B T13A	Molecular studies not performed Peripheral Blood Sample (90% blasts)
T-AL		T13B	Peripheral Blood Sample (90% blasts)

## I. Diagnostic Samples used for prediction of Secondary AML

In addition to the 201 CCR and 13 secondary AML cases listed in Table 1, three additional diagnostic marrow samples from patients who developed secondary AML were also included in the prognostic analysis. This gives a total of 217 cases used for this analysis. These additional cases were not included in the diagnostic data set because they did not meet the established criteria for the reasons listed below.

Label	Protocol	Comment
Hyperdip>50-2M#3	T12	Non Total 13 diagnostic sample
Hypodip-2M#2	T13B	No molecular studies performed
Hypodip-2M#3	T12	Non Total 13 diagnostic sample

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#### Relapsed Samples (n=25)

Twenty-five relapse samples were analyzed, 17 samples which were paired to the diagnostic samples listed above (Subtype Name-2M#), and 8 additional non-paired relapse samples.

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### **Detailed Analysis**

 A. Hierarchical cluster analysis of diagnostic cases using all genes that passed the variation filter

Two-dimensional hierarchical clustering was performed using Pearson correlation coefficient and an unweighted pair group method using arithmetic averages (GeneMaths, version 1.5). The results of hierarchical clustering of the 327 diagnostic samples using the 10,991 probe sets that passed the variation filter can be viewed at our web site, www.stjuderesearch.org/ALL1.

B. Methods for gene selection

Discriminating genes for the various leukemia subtypes were selected using a variety of statistical metrics. The individual metrics used and the list of selected probe sets and corresponding genes are given below.

Chi-Square

The Chi square method evaluates each gene individually by measuring the Chi square statistics with respect to the classes. The method first discretizes the observed expression values of the gene into several intervals using an entropy-based discretization methodi. The Chi square statistics of a gene is then calculated as 20  $X^2 = \sum (A_{ii} - E_{ij})^2 / E_{ii}$ , summing over intervals i = 1..m and classes j = 1..k.  $A_{ij}$  is the number of samples in the ith interval that are of the jth class. Ei is the expected frequency of Aii and is calculated as Eii = Ri \* Ci/N, where Ri is the number of samples in the ith interval, Ci is the number of samples in the ith class, and N is the total number of samples. The genes are then sorted according to their Chi square 25 statistics: the larger the Chi square statistics, the more important the gene. The 40 genes with the highest Chi square statistics in each subtype are listed in Tables 2-8. Generally, using anywhere from the top 20 to 40 genes did not result in significant differences in subtype prediction accuracy. Therefore, only the top 20 genes in subtype prediction were used, unless noted otherwise. 30

Table 2. Genes selected by Chi square: BCR-ABL

	Affymetrix	•		Reference	Chi square value	Above/ Below Mean
	number	Gene Name	GeneSymbol MAPKAPK3	number U09578	62.75	Above
1	1637_at	mitogen-activated protein kinase- activated protein kinase 3	MAPKAPK3	009378	02.75	Above
2	36650_at	cyclin D2	CCND2	D13639	59.79	Above
3	40196_at	HYA22 protein	HYA22	D88153	54.79	Above
4	1635_at	proto-oncogene tyrosine-protein kinase ABL gene	ABL	U07563	54.77	Above
5	33775_s_at	caspase 8 apoptosis-related cysteine protease	CASP8	X98176	49.70	Above
6	1636_g_at	proto-oncogene tyrosine-protein kinase ABL gene	ABL	U07563	48.29	Above
7	41295_at	GTT1 protein	GTT1	AL041780	42.60	Above
8	37600_at	extracellular matrix protein 1	ECM1	U68186	42.60	Above
9	37012_at	capping protein actin filament muscle Z-line beta	CAPZB	U03271	38.46	Above
10	39225 at	alkylglycerone phosphate synthase	AGPS	Y09443	38.46	Above
11	1326_at	caspase 10 apoptosis-related cysteine protease	CASP10	U60519	37.83	Above
12	34362_at	solute carrier family 2 facilitated glucose transporter member 5	SLC2A5	M55531	37.54	Above
13	33150_at	disrupter of silencing 10	SAS10	AI126004	36.95	Above
14	40051_at	TRAM-like protein	KIAA0057	D31762	36.95	Above
15	39061_at	bone marrow stromal cell antigen 2	BST2	D28137	36.95	Above
16	33172_at	hypothetical protein FLJ10849	FLJ10849	T75292	36.95	Above
17	37399_at	aldo-keto reductase family 1 member C3 3-alpha hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase type II	AKR1C3	D17793	36.95	Above
18	317_at	protease cysteine 1 legumain	PRSC1	D55696	36.95	Above
19	40953_at	calponin 3 acidic	CNN3	S80562	33.94	Above
20	330_s_at	tubulin, alpha 1, isoform 44	TUBA1	HG2259- HT2348	33.32	Above
21	40504_at	paraoxonase 2	PON2	AF001601	31.46	Above
22	38578_at	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 7	TNFRSF7	M63928	30.47	Above
23	39044 s at	diacylglycerol kinase delta 130kD	DGKD	D73409	29.59	Below
24	36634_at	BTG family member 2	BTG2	U72649	29.16	Below
25	38119_at	glycophorin C Gerbich blood group	GYPC	X12496	29.16	Above
26	32562_at	endoglin Osler-Rendu-Weber syndrome 1	ENG	X72012	27.96	Above
27	33228_g_at	interleukin 10 receptor beta	IL10RB	AI984234	27.70	Below
28	37006_at	step II splicing factor SLU7	SLU7	AI660656	27.15	Above

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29	38641_at	Homo sapiens mRNA for TSC-22- like protein		AJ133115	27.15	Above
30	38220 at	dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase	DPYD	U20938	27.15	Above
	1211_s_at	CASP2 and RIPK1 domain containing adaptor with death domain	CRADD	U84388	26.46	Above
32	39730_at	v-abl Abelson murine leukemia viral oncogene homolog 1	ABL1	X16416	25.90	Above
33	36591_at	tubulin alpha 1 testis specific	TUBA1	X06956	25.90	Above
34	36035_at	anchor attachment protein 1 Gaa1p yeast homolog	GPAA1	AB002135	25.34	Above
35	980_at	Niemann-Pick disease type C1	NPC1	AF002020	25.29	Above
36	671_at	secreted protein acidic cysteine- rich osteonectin	SPARC	J03040	25.29	Above
37	40698_at	C-type calcium dependent carbohydrate-recognition domain lectin superfamily member 2 activation-induced	CLECSF2	X96719	23.80	Above
38	39330_s_at	actinin alpha 1	ACTN1	M95178	23.70	Above
39	1983_at	cyclin D2	CCND2	X68452	23.70	Above
40	2001_g_at	ataxia telangiectasia mutated	ATM	U26455	22.60	Above
	Affymetrix number	Table 3: Genes selected by Gene Name	Chi Square for GeneSymbol	E2A-PBX1 Reference number	Chi square	Above/ Below
1			GeneSymbol	Reference		
1 2	number	Gene Name  ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly	GeneSymbol  ADPRT	Reference number	square value	Below Mean
	number 41146_at	Gene Name  ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly ADP-ribose polymerase  ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly ADP-ribose polymerase pre-B-cell leukemia transcription factor 1	GeneSymbol  ADPRT  ADPRT  PBX1	Reference number J03473 J03473 M86546	square value 187.00 187.00	Mean Above Above
2	number 41146_at 1287_at	Gene Name  ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly ADP-ribose polymerase ADP-ribose polymerase ADP-ribose polymerase pre-B-cell leukemia transcription factor 1 Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ12900 fis clone NT2RP2004321 (by CELERA serench of target	GeneSymbol  ADPRT  ADPRT	Reference number J03473 J03473	square value 187.00	Below Mean Above Above Above
2	number 41146_at 1287_at 32063_at	Gene Name  ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly ADP-ribose polymerase  ADP-ribose polymerase  ADP-ribose polymerase  ADP-ribose polymerase  The peribose polymerase  ADP-ribose polymerase  ADP-ribose polymerase  ADP-ribose polymerase  The peribose poly	GeneSymbol  ADPRT  ADPRT  PBX1	Reference number J03473 J03473 M86546	square value 187.00 187.00 187.00 187.00	Below Mean Above Above Above
2 3 4 5 6	number 41146_at 1287_at 32063_at 33355_at 430_at 40454_at	Gene Name  ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly ADP-ribose polymerase ADP-ribose polymerase ADP-ribose polymerase Por-B-cell leukemia transcription factor 1 Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ12900 fs clone NT2RP2004321 (by CELERA serach of target sequence = PBX1) nucleoside phosphorylase FAT tumor suppressor Drosophila homolog	GeneSymbol  ADPRT  ADPRT  PBX1  PBX1  NP  FAT	Reference number  J03473  J03473  M86546  AL049381  X00737  X87241	square value 187.00 187.00 187.00 187.00 187.00 187.00 176.11	Below Mean Above Above Above Above Above
2 3 4 5 6 7	number 41146_at 1287_at 32063_at 33355_at 430_at 40454_at 753_at	Gene Name  ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly ADP-ribose polymerase ADP-ribose polymerase ADP-ribose polymerase pre-B-cell leukemia transcription factor 1 Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ12900 fis clone NT2RP2004321 (by CELERA serench of target sequence = PEXLI) nucleoside phosphorylase FAT tumor suppressor Drosophila homolog midogen 2	GeneSymbol  ADPRT  ADPRT  PBX1  PBX1  NP  FAT  NID2	Reference number  J03473  J03473  M86546  AL049381  X00737  X87241  D86425	square value 187.00 187.00 187.00 187.00 187.00 176.11 164.28	Below Mean Above Above Above Above Above
2 3 4 5 6	number 41146_at 1287_at 32063_at 33355_at 430_at 40454_at	Gene Name  ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly ADP-ribose polymerase ADP-ribose polymerase ADP-ribose polymerase Por-B-cell leukemia transcription factor 1 Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ12900 fs clone NT2RP2004321 (by CELERA serach of target sequence = PBX1) nucleoside phosphorylase FAT tumor suppressor Drosophila homolog	GeneSymbol  ADPRT  ADPRT  PBX1  PBX1  NP  FAT  NID2  HELO1	Reference number J03473 J03473 M86546 AL049381 X00737 X87241 D86425 AL034374	square value 187.00 187.00 187.00 187.00 187.00 176.11 164.28 155.00	Below Mean Above Above Above Above Above Above
2 3 4 5 6 7	number 41146_at 1287_at 32063_at 33355_at 430_at 40454_at 753_at	Gene Name  ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly ADP-ribose polymerase ADP-ribose polymerase ADP-ribose polymerase pre-B-cell leukemia transcription factor 1 Homo supiens cDNA FLJ12900 fis clone NT2RP2004321 (by CELERA serench of target sequence = PBX1) mulcoside phosphorylase FAT tumor suppressor Drosophila homolog indogen 2 Human DNA sequence from clone RP3-4483K16 on chromosome	GeneSymbol  ADPRT  ADPRT  PBX1  PBX1  NP  FAT  NID2  HELO1  KIAA0802	Reference number  J03473  J03473  M86546  AL049381  X00737  X87241  D86425  AL034374  AB018345	square value 187.00 187.00 187.00 187.00 187.00 176.11 164.28 155.00 153.46	Above
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1287_at 1287_at 32063_at 33355_at 430_at 40454_at 753_at 33821_at 39614_at 38340_at	Gene Name  ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly ADP-ribose polymerase  ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly ADP-ribose polymerase  ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly ADP-ribose polymerase  ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly  ADP-ribose polymerase  ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly  ADP-ribose polymerase  ADP-r	GeneSymbol  ADPRT  ADPRT  PBXI  PBXI  PBXI  NP  FAT  NID2  HELO1  KIAA0802  KIAA0865	Reference number J03473 J03473 M86546 AL049381 X00737 X87241 D86425 AL034374 AB018345 AB018345 AB018555	square value 187.00 187.00 187.00 187.00 187.00 187.00 176.11 164.28 155.00 153.46 143.85	Below Mean Above Above Above Above Above Above Above Above
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	### 1786_at  1287_at  1287_at  32063_at  33355_at  430_at  40454_at  753_at  33821_at  1786_at  1786_at	Gene Name  ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly ADP-ribose polymerase ADP-ribose polymerase ADP-ribose polymerase pre-B-cell leukemia transcription factor 1 Homo supiens cDNA FLJ12900 fis clone NT2RP2004321 (by CELLERA serench of target sequence = PBX1) nucleoside phosphorylase FAT tumor suppressor Drosphila homolog midogen 2 Human DNA sequence from clone RP2-448X16 on chromosome 6p12.1-21.1 KIAA0802 protein huntingtin interacting protein-1-	GeneSymbol  ADPRT  ADPRT  PBX1  PBX1  NP  FAT  NID2  HELO1  KIAA0802	Reference number  J03473  J03473  M86546  AL049381  X00737  X87241  D86425  AL034374  AB018345	square value 187.00 187.00 187.00 187.00 187.00 176.11 164.28 155.00 153.46	Above

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13	3 3		Homo sapiens mRNA cDNA DKFZp586C1019 from clone DKFZp586C1019		AL049397	139.49	Above
14	1 7	17_at	GS3955 protein	GS3955	D87119	135.24	Above
15		3513_at	protein kinase C zeta signaling lymphocytic activation molecule	PRKCZ SLAM	Z15108 U33017	131.36 131.36	Above Above
17	7 3		KIAA0172 protein	KIAA0172	D79994	131.36	Above
18		354 at	B lymphoid tyrosine kinase	BLK	S76617	130.95	Above
19	9 3	35974_at	lymphoid-restricted membrane protein	LRMP	U10485	123.33	Above
20	0 3	6452_at	synaptopodin	KIAA1029	AB028952	123.33	Above
2	1 4	10648_at	c-mer proto-oncogene tyrosine kinase	MERTK	U08023	120.51	Above
23	2 3	88393_at	KIAA0247 gene product	KIAA0247	D87434	120.51	Above
2	3 3	88994_at	STAT induced STAT inhibitor-2	STATI2	AF037989	118.58	Below
2	4 3	84861_at	golgi autoantigen golgin subfamily a 3		D63997	116.80	Above
2	5 3	38748_at	adenosine deaminase RNA- specific B1 homolog of rat RED1	ADARB1	U76421	114.13	Above
2	6 4	40113_at	GS3955 protein	GS3955	D87119	114.13	Above
2	7 3	361 <b>79_at</b>	mitogen-activated protein kinase- activated protein kinase 2	MAPKAPK2	U12779	113.43	Above
2	8 3	37493_at	colony stimulating factor 2 receptor beta low-affinity granulocyte-macrophage	CSF2RB	H04668	113.04	Above
2	9 :	578_at	Human recombination acitivating protein (RAG2) gene	RAG2	M94633	111.32	Above
3	0 4	41017_at	myosin-binding protein H	MYBPH	U27266	109.73	Above
		37625_at	interferon regulatory factor 4	IRF4 SNRPE	U52682 AA733050	108.51 106.02	Above Above
3	2	38679_g_at	small nuclear ribonucleoprotein polypeptide E	SNRPE	AA/33030	100.02	AUUVE
3	3	1389_at	membrane metallo-endopeptidase neutral endopeptidase	MME	J03779	105.65	Below
3	4 :	34783_s_at	enkephalinase CALLA CD10 BUB3 budding uninhibited by benzimidazoles 3 yeast homolog	BUB3	AF047473	103.87	Above
3	5	36959_at	ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2 variant1	UBE2V1	U49278	103.87	Above
3	6	39864_at	cold inducible RNA-binding protein	CIRBP	D78134	99.76	Below
3	7 .	41862 at	KIAA0056 protein	KIAA0056	D29954	99.76	Above
3	8	41425_at	Friend leukemia virus integration	FLI1	M98833	96.47	Above
3	9	37177_at	CD58 antigen lymphocyte function-associated antigen 3	CD58	Y00636	93.84	Above
4	10	37485_at	fatty-acid-Coenzyme A ligase very long-chain 1	FACVL1	D88308	93.17	Above

		Table 4: Genes selected by Ch	i square for Hy	perdiploid >5	0	
	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	GeneSymbol	Reference number	Chi square value	Above/ Below Mean
1	36620_at	superoxide dismutase 1 soluble amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 1 adult	SOD1	X02317	52.43	Above
2	37350_at	Human DNA sequence from clone 889N15 on chromosome Xq22.1- 22.3.	PSMD10	AL031177	48.71	Above
3	171_at	von Hippel-Lindau binding protein	VBP1	U56833	45.80	Above
4	37677_at	phosphoglycerate kinase 1	PGK1	V00572	45.80	Above
5	41724_at	accessory proteins BAP31/BAP29	DXS1357E	X81109	45.58	Above
6	32207_at	membrane protein palmitoylated 1 55kD		M64925	44.07	Above
7	38738_at	SMT3 suppressor of mif two 3 yeast homolog 1	SMT3H1	X99584	43.57	Above
8	40480_s_at	FYN oncogene related to SRC FGR YES	FYN	M14333	43.57	Above
9	38518_at	sex comb on midleg Drosophila like 2	SCML2	Y18004	43.20	Above
10	41132_r_at		HNRPH2	U01923	43.15	Above
11	31492_at	muscle specific gene	M9	AB019392	43.01	Below
12	38317_at	transcription elongation factor A SII like 1	TCEAL1	M99701	41.10	Above
13	40998_at	trinucleotide repeat containing 11 THR-associated protein 230 kDa subunit	TNRC11	AF071309	40.88	Above
14	35688_g_at	mature T-cell proliferation 1	MTCP1	Z24459	40.52	Above
15	40903_at	ATPase H transporting lysosomal vacuolar proton pump membrane sector associated protein M8-9	APT6M8-9	AL049929	40.33	Above
16	36489_at	phosphoribosyl pyrophosphate synthetase 1	PRPS1	D00860	40.33	Above
17	1520_s_at	interleukin 1 beta	IL1B	X04500	40.29	Above
18	35939_s_at	POU domain class 4 transcription factor 1	POU4F1	L20433	38.74	Above
19	38604_at	neuropeptide Y	NPY	AI198311	38.26	Above
20	31863_at	KIAA0179 protein	KIAA0179	D80001	38.26	Above
21	890_at	ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2A RAD6 homolog	UBE2A	M74524	37.99	Above
22	39402 at	interleukin 1 beta	IL1B	M15330	37.92	Above
23	41490_at	phosphoribosyl pyrophosphate synthetase 2	PRPS2	Y00971	37.72	Above
24	34753 at	synaptobrevin-like 1	SYBL1	X92396	37.72	Above
25	40891_f_at		DXS9879E	X92896	37.15	Above
26	306_s_at	high-mobility group nonhistone chromosomal protein 14	HMG14	J02621	37.15	Above

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27	37640_at	hypoxanthine phosphoribosyltransferase 1 Lesch-Nyhan syndrome	HPRT1	M31642	37.15	Above
28	34829 at	dyskeratosis congenita 1 dyskerin	DKC1	U59151	36.48	Above
29	36169_at	NADH dehydrogenase ubiquinone 1 alpha subcomplex 1 7.5kD MWFE	NDUFA1	N47307	36.48	Above
30	38968_at	SH3-domain binding protein 5 BTK-associated	SH3BP5	AB005047	35.95	Above
31	36128 at	transmembrane trafficking protein	TMP21	L40397	35.88	Above
32	37014_at	myxovirus influenza resistance 1 homolog of murine interferon- inducible protein p78	MX1	M33882	35.65	Above
33	34374_g_at	upstream regulatory element binding protein 1	UREB1	Z97054	35.55	Above
. 34	36542_at	solute carrier family 9 sodium/hydrogen exchanger isoform 6	SLC9A6	AF030409	35.55	Above
35	688_at	proteasome prosome macropain 26S subunit ATPase 1	PSMC1	L02426	35.55	Above
36	955_at	calmodulin type I		HG1862- HT1897	35.55	Above
37	35816_at	cystatin B stefin B	CSTB	U46692	35.27	Above
38	38459_g_at	Human cytochrome b5 (CYB5) gene	CYB5	L39945	35.18	Above
39	41288_at	matrix Gla protein	MGP	AL036744	35.18	Above
40	32251_at	hypothetical protein FLJ21174	FLJ21174	AA149307	35.14	Above

Table 5.	Cone	colocted	by Chi	samore	for	MII	

		Table by General concerns				
	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	GeneSymbol	Reference number	Chi square value	Above/ Below Mean
1	34306_at	muscleblind Drosophila like	MBNL	AB007888	64.07	Above
2	40797_at	a disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain 10	ADAM10	AF009615	62.85	Above
3	33412_at	LGALS1 Lectin, galactoside- binding, soluble, 1	LGALS1	AI535946	57.97	Above
4	39338_at	S100 calcium-binding protein A10 annexin II ligand calpactin I light polypeptide p11	S100A10	AI201310	57.97	Above
5	2062_at	insulin-like growth factor binding protein 7	IGFBP7	L19182	55.22	Above
6	32193_at	plexin C1	PLXNC1	AF030339	53.59	Above
7	40518_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type C	PTPRC	Y00062	53.40	Above
8	36777_at	DNA segment on chromosome 12 unique 2489 expressed sequence	D12S2489E	AJ001687	51.47	Above
9	32207_at	membrane protein palmitoylated 1 55kD	MPP1	M64925	50.73	Below
10	33859_at	sin3-associated polypeptide 18kD	SAP18	U96915	50.48	Above

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11	38391_at	capping protein actin filament gelsolin-like	CAPG	M94345	50.26	Above
12	40763 at	Meis1 mouse homolog	MEIS1	U85707	50.26	Above
13	1126_s_at	cell surface glycoprotein CD44 gene	CD44	L05424	50.17	Above
14	34721 at	FK506-binding protein 5	FKBP5	U42031	50.17	Above
15	37809 at	homeo box A9	HOXA9	U41813	50.17	Above
16	34861_at	golgi autoantigen golgin subfamily a 3	GOLGA3	D63997	47.58	Below
17	38194_s_at	immunoglobulin kappa constant	IGKC	M63438	46.18	Below
18	657_at	protocadherin gamma subfamily C 3	PCDHGC3	L11373	46.05	Above
19	36918_at	guanylate cyclase 1 soluble alpha 3	GUCY1A3	Y15723	43.90	Above
20	32215_i_at	KIAA0878 protein	KIAA0878	AB020685	43.90	Above
21	38160_at	lymphocyte antigen 75	LY75	AF011333	43.90	Above
22	38413_at	defender against cell death 1	DAD1	D15057	43.90	Above
23	1389_at	membrane metallo- endopeptidase neutral endopeptidase enkephalinase CALLA CD10	MME	J03779	43.82	Below
24	34168_at	deoxynucleotidyltransferase terminal	DNTT	M11722	43.82	Below
25	2036_s_at	CD44 antigen homing function and Indian blood group system	CD44	M59040	42.55	Above
26	40522_at	glutamate-ammonia ligase glutamine synthase	GLUL	X59834	42.55	Above
27	854_at	B lymphoid tyrosine kinase	BLK	S76617	42.34	Above
28	40067_at	E74-like factor 1 ets domain transcription factor	ELF1	M82882	40.85	Above
29	39756 g at	X-box binding protein 1	XBP1	Z93930	39.95	Below
30		TGFB1-induced anti-apoptotic factor 1	TIAF1	D86970	39.82	Below
31	36935_at	RAS p21 protein activator GTPase activating protein 1	RASA1	M23379	38.77	Above
32	32134_at	testin	DKFZP586 B2022	AL050162	38.77	Above
33	39379_at	Homo sapiens mRNA cDNA DKFZp586C1019 from clone DKFZp586C1019		AL049397	38.77	Above
34	40493_at	Human cell surface glycoprotein CD44		L05424	38.44	Above
35 36		annexin A2 acetyl-Coenzyme A acyltransferase 1 peroxisomal 3- oxoacyl-Coenzyme A thiolase	ANXA2 ACAA1	D00017 X14813	37.61 37.55	Above Above
37	35983_at	hypothetical protein R32184_1	R32184_1	AC004528	37.55	Above
38	40519_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type C	PTPRC	Y00638	36.56	Above
39	794_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase non-receptor type 6	PTPN6	X62055	36.56	Above
40	41234_at	DnaJ Hsp40 homolog subfamily B member 6	DNAJB6	AI540318	36.56	Above

Table 6: Genes selected by Chi square for Novel risk group Above/ Gene Name GeneSymbol Reference Chi Affymetrix Below number square number Mean value Above carbohydrate chondroitin CHST2 AB014679 175.82 37960 at 6/keratan sulfotransferase 2 protein tyrosine phosphatase PTPRM X58288 172.85 Above 31892 at 2 receptor type M protein tyrosine phosphatase PTPRM X58288 172.85 Above 3 994 at receptor type M PTPRM X58288 172.85 Above 995\_g\_at protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type M 139.36 Above GPR49 AF062006 41074 at G protein-coupled receptor 49 5 139.36 Above 41073 at G protein-coupled receptor 49 GPR49 AI743745 6 KIAA1099 AB029022 137.71 Above KIAA1099 protein 34676 at DKFZP586G0522 protein DKFZP586G05 AL050289 127.05 Above 36139 at 8 Above 37542 at lipoma HMGIC fusion partner-LHFPL2 D86961 120.79 9 like 2 115.15 Above 10 41159 at clathrin heavy polypeptide Hc CLTC D21260 L26232 108.33 Above PLTP 11 40081 at phospholipid transfer protein RXR U66306 107.39 Above 32800 at Human retinoid X receptor 12 alpha mRNA, 3' UTR, partial sequence Above 36906\_at cannabinoid receptor 1 brain CNR1 U73304 107.39 13 PCDH9 AI524125 99.20 Above 39878 at protocadherin 9 MEF2A U49020 99.20 Ahove 41747 s at Human myocyte-specific enhancer factor 2A (MEF2A) gene, last coding exon, and complete cds. 96.17 866213 Above 16 33410 at integrin alpha 6 ITGA6 phorbolin-like protein MDS019 MDS019 AA442560 93.59 Above 34947 at C11ORF8 U57911 93.59 Above 36029 at chromosome 11 open reading 18 frame 8 41708 at KIAA1034 protein KIAA1034 AB028957 92.60 Above 19 92.60 Above 1664 at insulin-like growth factor 2 IGF2 HG3543-HT3739 Below HSPC022 W68830 91.62 32736 at HSPC022 protein 86.95 Above integrin alpha 6 ITGA6 X53586 22 41266 at CTNS AJ222967 82.89 Above 36566 at cystinosis nephropathic 23 L33075 81.20 Below IO motif containing GTPase IQGAP1 1825 at activating protein 1 PDGFRA M21574 78.22 Above platelet-derived growth factor 1731 at receptor alpha polypeptide lymphocyte cytosolic protein 1 LCP1 J02923 78.22 Below 37023 at L-plastin 76.00 carbohydrate N-CHST7 AL022165 Above 33037 at acetylglucosamine 6-O sulfotransferase 7 integrin alpha 6 ITGA6 S66213 75,47 Above

CD34

S53911

74.86 Above

28 33411\_g\_at 29 538 at

CD34 antigen

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30	39108_at	lanosterol synthase 2 3- oxidosqualene-lanosterol cyclase	LSS	U22526	71.90	Above
31	38364 at	BCE-1 protein	BCE-1	AF068197	71.90	Above
32	40423 at	KIAA0903 protein	KIAA0903	AB020710	71.29	Above
33	35192_at	glycine dehydrogenase decarboxylating glycine decarboxylase glycine cleavage system protein P	GLDC	D90239	71.29	Above
34	39037_at	myeloid/lymphoid or mixed- lineage leukemia trithorax Drosophila homolog translocated to 2	MLLT2	L13773	71.29	Above
35	38747_at	Human CD34 gene, exon 8.	CD34	M81945	69.45	Above
36	37687_i_at	Fc fragment of IgG low affinity IIa receptor for CD32	FCGR2A	M31932	67.75	Above
37	1857_at	MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila homolog 7	MADH7	AF010193	66.28	Above
38	38618_at	Human PAC clone RP3-515N1 from 22q11.2-q22	LIMK2	AC002073	64.03	Above
39	31782_at	prostaglandin D2 receptor DP	PTGDR	U3 1099	61.92	Above
40	32842_at	B-cell CLL/lymphoma 7A	BCL7A	X89984	61.57	Above

Table 7. Genes selected for Chi square for T-ALL

	Affymetrix	Gene Name	GeneSymbol	Reference	Chi	Above/ Below
	number			number	square value	Mean
1	38319_at	CD3D antigen delta polypeptide TiT3 complex	CD3D	AA919102	215.00	Above
2	1096_g_at	CD19 antigen	CD19	M28170	206.48	Below
3	38242_at	B cell linker protein	SLP65	AF068180	198.52	Below
4	32794 g at	T cell receptor beta locus	TRB	X00437	197.71	Above
5	37988_at	CD79B antigen immunoglobulin-associated beta	CD79B	M89957	197.71	Below
6	38017_at	CD79A antigen immunoglobulin-associated alpha	CD79A	U05259	197.53	Below
7	35016_at	Human Ia-associated invariant gamma-chain gene, exon 8, clones lambda-y(1,2,3).	M13560	M13560		Below
8	36277_at	Human membran protein (CD3- epsilon) gene, exon 9.	CD3E	M23323	197.53	Above
9	38 <b>09</b> 5_i_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DP beta 1	HLA-DPB1	M83664	191.09	Below
10	39318_at	T-cell leukemia/lymphoma 1A	TCL1A	X82240	189.78	Below
11	38147_at	SH2 domain protein 1A Duncan s disease lymphoproliferative syndrome	SH2D1A	AL023657	189.78	Above
12	41723_s_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DR beta 1	HLA-DRB1	M32578	189.25	Below

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13	38833_at	Human mRNA for SB classII histocompatibility antigen		X00457	189.03	Below
14	33238_at	alpha-chain Human T-lymphocyte specific protein tyrosine kinase p56lck (lck) abberant mRNA	lck	U23852	189.03	Above
15	37 <b>0</b> 39_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DR alpha	HLA-DRA	J00194	188.93	Below
16	38051_at	mal T-cell differentiation protein	MAL	X76220	188.93	Above
17	37344_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DM alpha	HLA-DMA	X62744	187.25	Below
18	38096_f_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DP beta 1	HLA-DPB1	M83664	182.38	Below
19	2059_s_at	lymphocyte-specific protein tyrosine kinase	LCK	M36881	182.38	Above
20	11 <b>0</b> 5_s_at	T cell receptor beta locus	TRB	M12886	180.45	Above
21	32649_at	transcription factor 7 T-cell specific HMG-box	TCF7	X59871	177.84	Above
22	38949_at	protein kinase C theta	PRKCQ	L01087	172.59	Below
23	39709_at	selenoprotein W 1	SEPW1	U67171	171.96	Above
24	41165_g_at	immunoglobulin heavy constant mu		X67301	171.96	Below
25	36473_at	ubiquitin specific protease 20	USP20	AB023220	167.27	Above
26	266_s_at	CD24 antigen small cell lung carcinoma cluster 4 antigen	CD24	L33930	165.56	Below
27	40570_at	forkhead box O1A rhabdomyosarcoma	FOXO1A	AF032885	165.29	Below
28	40775_at	integral membrane protein 2A	ITM2A	AL021786	164.14	Above
29	37420_i_at	Human DNA sequence from clone RP3-377H14 on chromosome 6p21.32-22.1.		AL022723	164.14	Below
30	1085_s_at	phospholipase C gamma 2 phosphatidylinositol-specific	PLCG2	M37238	161.30	Below
31	38018_g_at	CD79A antigen immunoglobulin-associated alpha	CD79A	U05259	160.51	Below
32	35643_at	nucleobindin 2	NUCB2	X76732	160.07	Above
33	41166_at	immunoglobulin heavy constant mu	IGHM	X58529	158.50	Below
34	38415_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase type IVA member 2	PTP4A2	U14603	155.78	Above
35	38893_at	neutrophil cytosolic factor 4 40kD	NCF4	AL008637	155.78	Below
36	1241_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase type IVA member 2	PTP4A2	U14603	155.78	Above
37	32793_at	T cell receptor beta locus	TRB	X00437	155.43	Above
38	36571_at	topoisomerase DNA II beta 180kD	TOP2B	X68060	152.16	Below
39	37399_at	aldo-keto reductase family 1 member C3 3-alpha hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase type II	AKR1C3	D17793	151.93	Above
40	41097_at	telomeric repeat binding factor 2	TERF2	AF002999	151.86	Below

Table 8. Genes selected by Chi square for TEL-AML1

	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	GeneSymbol	Reference number	Chi square value	Above/ Below Mean
1	38652_at	hypothetical protein FLJ20154	FLJ20154	AF070644	137.92	Above
2	36239_at	POU domain class 2 associating factor 1		Z49194	131.43	Above
3	41442_at	core-binding factor runt domain alpha subunit 2 translocated to 3		AB010419	130.17	Above
4	37780_at	piccolo presynaptic cytomatrix protein	PCLO	AB011131	126.79	Above
5	36985_at	isopentenyl-diphosphate delta isomerase	IDI1	X17025	125.47	Above
6	38578_at	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 7	TNFRSF7	M63928	115.72	Above
7	38203_at	potassium intermediate/small conductance calcium-activated channel subfamily N member 1	KCNN1	U69883	112.87	Above
8	35614_at	transcription factor-like 5 basic helix-loop-helix	TCFL5	AB012124	108.45	Above
9	32224_at	KIAA0769 gene product	KIAA0769	AB018312	107.08	Above
10	32730_at	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA1750 protein partial cds		AL080059	104.93	Above
11	35665_at	phosphoinositide-3-kinase class 3	PIK3C3	Z46973	104.83	Above
12	1077_at	recombination activating gene 1	RAG1	M29474	102.90	Above
13	36524_at	Rho guanine nucleotide exchange factor GEF 4	ARHGEF4	AB029035	100.67	Above
14	34194_at	Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ21697 fis clone COL09740		AL049313	98.31	Above
15	36937_s_at	PDZ and LIM domain 1 elfin	PDLIM1	U90878	96.91	Below
16	36008_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase type IVA member 3	PTP4A3	AF041434	96.68	Above
17	1299_at	telomeric repeat binding factor 2	TERF2	X93512	93.08	Above
18	41814_at	fucosidase alpha-L- 1 tissue	FUCA1	M29877	92.77	Above
19	41200_at	CD36 antigen collagen type I receptor thrombospondin receptor like 1	CD36L1	Z22555	90.86	Above
20	35238_at	TNF receptor-associated factor 5	TRAF5	AB000509	90.81	Above
21	880_at	FK506-binding protein 1A 12kD	FKBP1A	M34539	86.69	Above
22	33690_at	Homo sapiens mRNA cDNA DKFZp434A202 from clone DKFZp434A202		AL080190	86.69	Above
23	40272_at	collapsin response mediator protein 1	CRMP1	D78012	85.44	Above
24	35362_at	myosin X	MYO10	AB018342		Above
25	41819_at	FYN-binding protein FYB- 120/130	FYB	U93049	83.25	Above
26	40279_at	KIAA0121 gene product	KIAA0121	D50911	81.66	Above
27	1488_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type K	PTPRK	L77886	81.66	Above

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28	1325_at	decapentaplegic Drosophila	MADH1	U59423	81.17	Above	
29	37908_at	homolog 1 guanine nucleotide binding protein 11	GNG11	U31384	80.37	Above	
30	769 s at		ANXA2	D00017	78.68	Below	
31	33415_at	non-metastatic cells 2 protein NM23B expressed in	NME2	X58965	77.04	Below	
32	1980_s_at	non-metastatic cells 2 protein NM23B expressed in	NME2	X58965	76.35	Below	
33	32579_at	SWI/SNF related matrix associated actin dependent regulator of chromatin subfamily a member 4	SMARCA4	D26156	76.35	Above	
34	39425_at	thioredoxin reductase 1	TXNRD1	X91247	75.97	Above	
35	755_at	inositol 1 4 5-triphosphate receptor type 1	ITPR1	D26070	75.56	Above	
36	37343_at	inositol 1 4 5-triphosphate receptor type 3	ITPR3	U01062	75.11	Above	
37	1336 s at	protein kinase C beta 1	PRKCB1	X06318	73.96	Above	
38	41097 at	telomeric repeat binding factor 2	TERF2	AF002999	73.84	Above	
39	31786_at	Sam68-like phosphotyrosine protein T-STAR	T-STAR	AF051321	73.72	Above	
40	160029_at	protein kinase C beta 1	PRKCB1	X07109	73.66	Above	

#### Correlation-based Feature Selection (CFS) 2.

The Correlation-based Feature Selection (CFS) is a method that evaluates subsets of genes rather than individual genes. (Hall and Holmes (2000), "Benchmarking Attribute Selection Techniques for Data Mining," Working Paper 00/10, Department of Computer Science, University of Waikato, New Zealand). The core of the algorithm is a subset evaluation heuristic that takes into account the usefulness of individual features for predicting the class along with the level of 10 intercorrelation among them with the belief that "good feature subsets contain features highly correlated with the class, yet uncorrelated with each other". The heuristic assigns a score Merits to a subset S containing k genes, defined as Merits =  $(k * r_{cf})/sqrt(k + k * (k - 1) * r_{ff})$ , where  $r_{cf}$  is the average gene-class correlation and  $r_{ff}$ is the average gene-gene correlation. Like the Chi square method, CFS first 15 discretizes the gene expressions into intervals and then calculates a matrix of geneclass and gene-gene correlations from the training data for merit calculation. The correlation between two genes or a gene and a class is calculated as  $r_{xy} = 2 * [H(X) +$ H(Y) - H(X,Y)/[H(X) + H(Y)], where H(X) is the entropy of a gene X. CFS starts

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from an empty set of genes and uses the best-first search technique with a stopping criterion of 5 consecutive fully expanded non-improving subsets. The subset with the highest merit found during the search is selected. Tables 9-15 list the top gene subsets chosen by CFS for each subtype. For subtype prediction, each gene subset must be used in its entirety, as within each subset, all genes are equally ranked.

Table 9. Genes selected by CFS: BCR-ABL

GeneSymbol Reference

Above/

	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	GeneSymbol	number	Below Mean
1	36650 at	cyclin D2	CCND2	D13639	Above
2	40196 at	HYA22 protein	HYA22	D88153	Above
3	1635_at	proto-oncogene tyrosine-protein kinase (ABL) gene	ABL	U07563	Above
4	33775_s_at	caspase 8 apoptosis-related cysteine protease	CASP8	X98176	Above
5	1636_g_at	proto-oncogene tyrosine-protein kinase (ABL) gene	ABL	U07563	Above
6	41295 at	GTT1 protein	GTT1	AL041780	Above
7	1326_at	caspase 10 apoptosis-related cysteine protease	CASP10	U60519	Above
8	33150 at	disrupter of silencing 10	SAS10	AI126004	Above
9	40051 at	TRAM-like protein	KIAA0057	D31762	Above
10	39061 at	bone marrow stromal cell antigen 2	BST2	D28137	Above
11	33172 at	hypothetical protein FLJ10849	FLJ10849	T75292	Above
12	37399_at	aldo-keto reductase family 1 member C3 3-alpha hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase type II	AKR1C3	D17793	Above
13	317 at	protease cysteine 1 legumain	PRSC1	D55696	Above
14	330_s_at	tubulin, alpha 1, isoform 44	TUBA1	HG2259- HT2348	Above
15	38578_at	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 7	TNFRSF7	М63928	Above
16	39044 s at	diacylglycerol kinase delta 130kD	DGKD	D73409	Below
17	32562_at	endoglin Osler-Rendu-Weber syndrome 1	ENG	X72012	Above
18	38641_at	Homo sapiens mRNA for TSC-22- like protein		AJ133115	Above
19	1211_s_at	CASP2 and RIPK1 domain containin adaptor with death domain	g CRADD	U84388	Above
20	39730_at	v-abl Abelson murine leukemia viral oncogene homolog 1	ABL1	X16416	Above
21	36591 at	tubulin alpha 1 testis specific	TUBA1	X06956	Above
22	_	anchor attachment protein 1 Gaa1p yeast homolog	GPAA1	AB002135	Above

23	980_at	Niemann-Pick disease type C1	NPC1	AF002020	Above
24	40698_at	C-type calcium dependent carbohydrate-recognition domain lectin superfamily member 2 activation-induced	CLECSF2	X96719	Above
25	39330_s_at	actinin alpha 1	ACTN1	M95178	Above
26	2001_g_at	ataxia telangiectasia mutated includes complementation groups A C and D	ATM	U26455	Above
27	39319_at	lymphocyte cytosolic protein 2 SH2 domain-containing leukocyte protein of 76kD	LCP2	U20158	Above
28	37685_at	Clathrin assembly lymphoid-myeloid leukemia gene	CLTH	U45976	Above
29	33813_at	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1B	TNFRSF1B	AI813532	Above
30	33134_at	adenylate cyclase 3	ADCY3	AB011083	Above
31	36536_at	schwannomin interacting protein 1	SCHIP-1	AF070614	Above
32	36985_at	isopentenyl-diphosphate delta isomerase	IDI1	X17025	Below
33	35991_at	Sm protein F	LSM6	AA917945	Above
34	33774_at	caspase 8 apoptosis-related cysteine protease	CASP8	X98172	Above
35	37470_at	leukocyte-associated Ig-like receptor 1	LAIR1	AF013249	Above
36	39245_at	Human 40871 mRNA partial sequence		U72507	Above
37	40076_at	tumor protein D52-like 2	TPD52L2	AF004430	Below
38	39370_at	Microtubule-associated proteins 1A and 1B light chain 3	MAP1ALC3	W28807	Below
39	41594_at	Janus kinase 1 a protein tyrosine kinase	JAK1	M64174	Above
40	41338_at	amino-terminal enhancer of split	AES	AI969192	Below
41	32319_at	tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 4 tax- transcriptionally activated glycoprotein 1 34kD	TNFSF4	AL022310	Above
42	33924_at	KIAA1091 protein	KIAA1091	AB029014	Above
43	37397_at	platelet/endothelial cell adhesion molecule-1 (PECAM-1) gene	PECAM	L34657	Above
44	37190_at	WAS protein family member 1	WASF1	D87459	Below
45	39070_at	singed Drosophila like sea urchin fascin homolog like	SNL	U03057	Above
46	38994 at	STAT induced STAT inhibitor-2	STATI2	AF037989	Above
47	32621_at	down-regulator of transcription 1 TBP-binding negative cofactor 2	DR1	M97388	Above
48	40108 at	KIAA0005 gene product	KIAA0005	D13630	Below
49	35238 at	TNF receptor-associated factor 5	TRAF5	AB000509	Above
50	1558_g_at	p21/Cdc42/Rac1-activated kinase 1 yeast Ste20-related	PAK1	U24152	Above
		Jones Dieze Temine			

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51	1373_at	transcription factor 3 E2A immunoglobulin enhancer binding factors E12/E47	TCF3	M31523	Below
52	35731_at	integrin alpha 4 antigen CD49D alpha 4 subunit of VLA-4 receptor	ITGA4	X16983	Above
53	38659_at	suppressor of clear C. elegans homolog of	SHOC2	AB020669	Belov
		Table 10. Gene selected by	CFS for E2A-P	BX1	
	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	GeneSymbol	Reference number	Above Belov Mean
1	33355_at	Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ12900 fis clone NT2RP2004321 (by CELERA search of target sequence = PBX1)	PBX1	AL049381	Abov

	Table 11. Genes selected by CFS for: Hyperdiploid >50						
	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	GeneSymbol	Reference number	Above/ Below Mean		
1	36620_at	superoxide dismutase 1 soluble amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 1 adult	SOD1	X02317	Above		
2	37350_at	clone 889N15 on chromosome Xq22.1-22.3. Contains part of the gene for a novel protein similar to X laevis Cortical Thymocyte Marker CTX	PSMD10	AL031177	Above		
3	41724 at	accessory proteins BAP31/BAP29	DXS1357E	X81109	Above		
4	38738_at	SMT3 suppressor of mif two 3 yeast homolog 1	SMT3H1	X99584	Above		
5	40480_s_at	FYN oncogene related to SRC FGR YES	FYN	M14333	Above		
б	38518_at	sex comb on midleg Drosophila like 2	SCML2	Y18004	Above		
7	31492_at	muscle specific gene	M9	AB019392	Below		
8	35688 g_at	mature T-cell proliferation 1	MTCP1	Z24459	Above		
9	35939_s_at	POU domain class 4 transcription factor 1	POU4F1	L20433	Above		
10	36128_at	transmembrane trafficking protein	TMP21	L40397	Above		
11	37014_at	myxovirus influenza resistance 1 homolog of murine interferon- inducible protein p78	MX1	M33882	Above		
12	34374 <u>g</u> at	upstream regulatory element binding protein 1	UREB1	Z97054	Above		
13	688_at	proteasome prosome macropain 26S subunit ATPase 1	PSMC1	L02426	Above		
14	39878 at	protocadherin 9	PCDH9	AI524125	Below		
15	38771 at	histone deacetylase 1	HDAC1	D50405	Below		

16	865_at	ribosomal protein S6 kinase 90kD polypeptide 3	RPS6KA3	U08316	Above
17	41143_at	calmodulin (CALM1) gene	CALM1	U12022	Above
18	39867_at	Tu translation elongation factor mitochondrial	TUFM	S75463	Below
19	41470_at	prominin mouse like 1	PROML1	AF027208	Above
20	41503_at	KIAA0854 protein	KIAA0854	AB020661	Below
21	2039_s_at	FYN oncogene related to SRC FGR YES	FYN	M14333	Above
22	36845_at	KIAA0136 protein	KIAA0136	D50926	Above
23	36940_at	TGFB1-induced anti-apoptotic factor 1	TIAF1	D86970	Above
24	32236_at	ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2G 2 homologous to yeast UBC7	UBE2G2	AF032456	Above
25	36885_at	spleen tyrosine kinase	SYK	L28824	Below
26	40200_at	heat shock transcription factor 1	HSF1	M64673	Below
27	40842_at	U1 snRNP-specific protein A gene	SNRPA	M60784	Below
28	40514_at	hypothetical 43.2 Kd protein	LOC51614	AF091085	Below
29	41222_at	signal transducer and activator of transcription 6 (STAT6) gene	STAT6	AF067575	Below
30	1294_at	ubiquitin-activating enzyme E1-like	UBE1L	L13852	Below
31	34315_at	AFG3 ATPase family gene 3 yeast like 2	AFG3L2	Y18314	Above
32	39806_at	DKFZP547E2110 protein	DKFZP547E21 10	AL050261	Above
33	40875_s_at	small nuclear ribonucleoprotein 70kD polypeptide RNP antigen	SNRP70	X06815	Below
34	38458_at	cytochrome b5 (CYB5) gene	CYB5	L39945	Above
35	1817_at	prefoldin 5	PFDN5	D89667	Below
36	34709_r_at	stromal antigen 2	STAG2	Z75331	Above
37	33447_at	myosin light polypeptide regulatory non-sarcomeric 20kD	MLCB	X54304	Above
38	1077 at	recombination activating gene 1	RAG1	M29474	Below
39	_	v-fos FBJ murine osteosarcoma viral oncogene homolog	FOS	V01512	Above
40	38854 at	KIAA0635 gene product	KIAA0635	AB014535	Above
41	_	RING1 and YY1 binding protein	RYBP	AL049940	Above
42	_	POU domain class 4 transcription factor 1	POU4F1	X64624	Above
43	34733_at	splicing factor 3a subunit 1 120kD	SF3A1	X85237	Below
44	245_at	selectin L lymphocyte adhesion molecule 1	SELL	M25280	Below
45	40146_at	RAP1B member of RAS oncogene family	RAP1B	AL080212	Below
46	40104_at	serine/threonine kinase 25 Ste20 year homolog	t STK25	D63780	Below
47	430_at	nucleoside phosphorylase	NP	X00737	Above

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48	36899_at	special AT-rich sequence binding protein 1 binds to nuclear matrix/scaffold-associating DNA s	SATB1	M97287	Below
49	35727 at	hypothetical protein FLJ20517	FLJ20517	AI249721	Below
	38649 at		KIAA0970	AB023187	Below
	36107_at	ATP synthase H transporting mitochondrial F0 complex subunit F6	ATP5J	AA845575	Above
52	38789_at	transketolase Wernicke-Korsakoff syndrome	TKT	L12711	Below
53	39301_at	calpain 3 p94	CAPN3	X85030	Below
54	41278_at	BAF53	BAF53A	AF041474	Below
55	41162_at	protein phosphatase 1G formerly 2C magnesium-dependent gamma isoform	PPM1G	Y13936	Below
56	37819_at	hypothetical protein	LOC54104	AF007130	Below
57	38717_at	DKFZP586A0522 protein	DKFZP586 A0522	AL050159	Below
58	40019_at	ecotropic viral integration site 2B	EVI2B	M60830	Above
59	39489_g_at	protocadherin 9	PCDH9	W27720	Below
60	857_at	protein phosphatase 1A formerly 2C magnesium-dependent alpha isoform	PPM1A	S87759	Above
61	32804 at	RNA binding motif protein 5	RBM5	AF091263	Below
62	37676 at	phosphodiesterase 8A	PDE8A	AF056490	Below
63	1519_at	v-ets avian erythroblastosis virus E26 oncogene homolog 2	ETS2	J04102	Above
64	37680_at	A kinase PRKA anchor protein gravin	AKAP12	U81607	Below
65	548_s_at	spleen tyrosine kinase	SYK.	S80267	Below
66	39797_at	KIAA0349 protein	KIAA0349	AB002347	Above
67	32789_at	nuclear cap binding protein subunit 2 20kD	NCBP2	AA149428	Below
68	38091_at	lectin galactoside-binding soluble 9 galectin 9	LGALS9	Z49107 M22760	Below
	41223_at	cytochrome c oxidase subunit Va	COX5A		Below
70	933_f_at	zinc finger protein 91 HPF7 HTF10	ZNF91	L11672	Below
71	37012_at	capping protein actin filament muscle Z-line beta	CAPZB	U03271	
72	35214_at	UDP-glucose dehydrogenase	UGDH	AF061016	Above
73	32434_at	myristoylated alanine-rich protein kinase C substrate MARCKS 80K-L	MACS	D10522	Above
74	38345 at	centrosomal protein 1	CEP1	AF083322	Below
75	40404_s_at	CDC16 cell division cycle 16 S. cerevisiae homolog	CDC16	U18291	Below
76	39096 at	SON DNA binding protein	SON	AB028942	Above
	33429_at	DKFZP586M1523 protein	DKFZP586M1 523	AL050225	Above
78	40641_at	TBP-associated factor 172	TAF-172	AF038362	Above
79	41381_at	KIAA0308 protein	KIAA0308	AB002306	Below

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1	30	35135_at	Homo sapiens Similar to CG15084 gene product clone MGC 10471 mRNA complete cds		X13956	Below
	81	39421_at	acute myeloid leukemia 1 aml1	RUNX1	D43969	Below
:	82	195_s_at	oncogene caspase 4 apoptosis-related cysteine protease	CASP4	U28014	Below
	83	36898 r at	primase polypeptide 2A 58kD	PRIM2A	X74331	Above
	84	38792 at	spermine synthase	SMS	AD001528	Above
	85	32643_at	glucan 1 4-alpha- branching enzyme 1 glycogen branching enzyme Andersen disease glycogen storage disease type IV	GBE1	L07956	Below
	86	38808_at	cell membrane glycoprotein 110000M r surface antigen	GP110	D64154	Below
	87	36062_at	Leupaxin	LPXN	AF062075	Below
	88	300_f_at	transcription factor BTF3 homolog (GB:M90355)		HG4518- HT4921	Below
	89	1979_s_at	nucleolar protein 1 120kD	NOL1	X55504	Below
	90	32230_at	eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit 2 beta 36kD	EIF3S2	U39067	Below
	91	39893_at	guanine nucleotide binding protein G protein gamma 7	GNG7	AB010414	Below
	92	34651 at	catechol-O-methyltransferase	COMT	M58525	Above
	93	1052_s_at	CCAAT/enhancer binding protein C/EBP delta	CEBPD	M83667	Below
	94	36272 r_at	peripheral myelin protein 2	PMP2	X62167	Below
	95	2044_s_at	retinoblastoma 1 including osteosarcoma	RB1	M15400	Below
	96	32135_at	sterol regulatory element binding transcription factor 1	SREBF1	U00968	Below
			Table 12. Genes selected	l by CFS for M	c.c.	
		Affymetrix number	Gene Name	GeneSymbol	Reference number	Above Below Mean
	1	34306 at	muscleblind Drosophila like	MBNL	AB007888	Above
	2	40797_at	a disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain 10	ADAM10	AF009615	Above
	3	33412_at	LGALS1 Lectin, galactoside-binding, soluble, 1 (galectin 1)	LGALS1	AI535946	Above
	4	39338_at	S100 calcium-binding protein A10 annexin II ligand calpactin I light polypoptide p11	S100A10	AI201310	Above
	5	2062_at	insulin-like growth factor binding protein 7	IGFBP7	L19182	Above
	6	32193_at	plexin C1	PLXNC1	AF030339	Above
	7	40518_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor	PTPRC	Y00062	Above

		type C			
8	36777_at	DNA segment on chromosome 12 unique 2489 expressed sequence	D12S2489E	AJ001687	Above
9	38391_at	capping protein actin filament gelsolin-like	CAPG	M94345	Above
10	40763_at	Meis1 mouse homolog	MEIS1	U85707	Above
11	34721_at	FK506-binding protein 5	FKBP5	U42031	Above
12	37809_at	homeo box A9	HOXA9	U41813	Above
13	32215_i_at	KIAA0878 protein	KIAA0878	AB020685	Above
14	38160_at	lymphocyte antigen 75	LY75	AF011333	Above
15	1389_at	membrane metallo-endopeptidase neutral endopeptidase enkephalinase CALLA CD10	MME	J03779	Below
16	34168_at	deoxynucleotidyltransfcrase terminal	DNTT	M11722	Below
17	40522_at	glutamate-ammonia ligase glutamine synthase	GLUL	X59834	Above
18	854_at	B lymphoid tyrosine kinase	BLK	S76617	
19	40067_at	E74-like factor 1 ets domain transcription factor	ELF1	M82882	Above
20	39756_g_at	X-box binding protein 1	XBP1	Z93930	Below
21	32134_at	Testing	DKFZP586 B2022	AL050162	Above
22	39379_at	Homo sapiens mRNA cDNA DKFZp586C1019 from clone DKFZp586C1019		AL049397	Above
23	40415_at	acetyl-Coenzyme A acyltransferase 1 peroxisomal 3-oxoacyl-Coenzyme A thiolase	ACAA1	X14813	Above
24	40519_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type C	PTPRC	Y00638	Above
25	33847_s_at	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1B p27 Kip1	CDKN1B	U10906	Above
26	32696_at	pre-B-cell leukemia transcription factor 3	PBX3	X59841	Above
27	40417_at	KIAA0098 protein		D43950	Above
28	1644_at	eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit 2 beta 36kD	EIF3S2	U36764	Above
29	948_s_at	peptidylprolyl isomerase D cyclophilin D	PPID	D63861	Above
30	34337_s_at	putative DNA binding protein	M96	AJ010014	Below
31	41747_s_at	myocyte-specific enhancer factor 2A (MEF2A) gene	MEF2A	U49020	Above
32	39516_at	hypothetical protein	HSPC004	AI827793	Above
33	31820_at	hematopoietic cell-specific Lyn substrate 1	HCLS1	X16663	Above
34	33305_at	serine or cysteine proteinase inhibitor clade B ovalbumin member 1	SERPINB1	M93056	Above
35	40520_g_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type C	PTPRC	Y00638	Above

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36	41222_at	signal transducer and activator of transcription 6 (STAT6) gene	STAT6	AF067575	Above
37	1718_at	actin related protein 2/3 complex subunit 2 34 kD	ARPC2	U50523	Above
38	38342 at	KIAA0239 protein	KIAA0239	D87076	Below
39	38805_at	TG-interacting factor TALE family	TGIF	X89750	Below
40	32089 at	homeobox sperm associated antigen 6	SPAG6	AF079363	Above
	1950 s_at	Smad 3, exon 1		AB004922	Above
	39410_at	development and differentiation enhancing factor 2	DDEF2	AB007860	Above
43	37280_at	MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila homolog	MADH1	U59912	Below
44	32607 at	brain acid-soluble protein 1	BASP1	AF039656	Above
	39389 at	CD9 antigen p24	CD9	M38690	Below
46	40913_at	ATPase Ca transporting plasma	ATP2B4	W28589	Below
47	1039_s_at	membrane 4 hypoxia-inducible factor 1 alpha subunit basic helix-loop-helix transcription factor	HIF1A	U22431	Below
48	35939_s_at	POU domain class 4 transcription	POU4F1	L20433	Below
49	963 at	factor 1 ligase IV DNA ATP-dependent	LIG4	X83441	Below
	39628_at	RAB9 member RAS oncogene family	RAB9	U44103	Below
51	38242 at	B cell linker protein	SLP65	AF068180	Below
52	37692_at	diazepam binding inhibitor GABA receptor modulator acyl-Coenzyme A binding protein	DBI	AI557240	Above
53	32166_at	KIAA1027 protein	KIAA1027	AB028950	Above
54	34800_at	DKFZP586O1624 protein	DKFZP586O16	AL039458	Below
55	34386_at	methyl-CpG binding domain protein 4	MBD4	AF072250	Below
56	40296_at	hypothetical protein	753P9	AL023653	Below
57	40456_at	up-regulated by BCG-CWS	LOC64116	AL049963	Above
58	33943_at	ferritin heavy polypeptide 1	FTH1	L20941	Below
59	39049_at	G18.1a and G18.1b proteins (G18.1a and G18.1b genes, located in the class III region of the major histocompatibility complex)		AJ243937	Below
60	38075_at	synaptophysin-like protein	SYPL	X68194	Above
61	932_i_at	zinc finger protein 91 HPF7 HTF10	ZNF91	L11672	Below
62	1825_at	IQ motif containing GTPase activating protein 1	IQGAP1	L33075	Above
63	34210_at	CDW52 antigen CAMPATH-1 antigen	CDW52	N90866	Below
64	39778_at	mannosyl alpha-1 3- glycoprotein beta-1 2-N- acetylglucosaminyltransferase	MGAT1	M55621	Below
65	34699_at	CD2-associated protein	CD2AP	AL050105	Below

67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79	40066_at 41177_at 32736_at 1928_s_at 1081_at 37345_at 34099 f at	homologous to yeast UBA3	UBE1C FLJ12443 HSPC022	AF046024 AW024285 W68830	Above
68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79	32736_at 1928_s_at 1081_at 37345_at	HSPC022 protein	HSPC022		
69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82	32736_at 1928_s_at 1081_at 37345_at	HSPC022 protein		W68830	4 1
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82	1928_s_at 1081_at 37345_at	mad protein homolog Smad2 gene			Above
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82	1081_at 37345_at		Smad2	U78733	Below
71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82	37345_at	ornithine decarboxylase 1	ODC1	M33764	Above
73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82	34099 f at	Calumenin	CALU	AF013759	Above
74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82		nucleosome assembly protein 1-like 1	NAP1L1	W26056	Above
75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82	933 f at	zinc finger protein 91 HPF7 HTF10	ZNF91	L11672	Below
76 77 78 79 80 81 82	32214_at	thioredoxin-like 32kD	TXNL	AF003938	Below
77 78 79 80 81 82	33501_r_at	SNC73 protein SNC73 mRNA complete cds		S71043	Below
78 79 80 81 82	950_at	translocation protein 1	TLOC1	D87127	Below
79 80 81 82	41161_at	death-associated protein 6	DAXX	AB015051	Below
80 81 82	41381_at	KIAA0308 protein	KIAA0308	AB002306	Below
81 82	38705_at	ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2D 2 homologous to yeast UBC4/5	UBE2D2	AI310002	Above
82	38617_at	LIM domain kinase 2	LIMK2	D45906	Below
	34305_at	poly rC binding protein 1	PCBP1	Z29505	Above
83	40436_g_at	solute carrier family 25 mitochondrial carrier adenine nucleotide translocator member 6	SLC25A6	J03592	Above
	1827_s_at	c-myc-P64 mRNA, initiating from promoter P0		M13929	Above
84	38479_at	acidic protein rich in leucines	SSP29	Y07969	Below
	33207_at	DnaJ Hsp40 homolog subfamily C member 3	DNAJC3	AI095508	Below
	39039_s_at	CGI-76 protein	LOC51632	AI557497	Below
87	32157_at	protein phosphatase 1 catalytic subunit alpha isoform	PPP1CA	S57501	Above
88	905_at	guanylate kinase 1	GUK1	L76200	Below
89	35794_at	KIAA0942 protein	KIAA0942	AB023159	Below
90		discoidin domain receptor family member 1	DDR1	U48705	Below
91	39424_at	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 14 herpesvirus entry mediator	TNFRSF14	U70321	Below
92	36634_at	BTG family member 2	BTG2	U72649	Below
93	38760_f_at	butyrophilin subfamily 3 member A2	BTN3A2	U90546	Below
	Affymetrix number	Table 13. Genes selected by Gene Name	CFS for Novel GeneSymbol	Class Reference number	Above/ Below
1	27060 at	carbohydrate chondroitin 6/keratan	CHST2	AB014679	Mean Above
2	37960_at	sulfotransferase 2			

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3	994_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type M	PTPRM	X58288	Above
4	995_g_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type M	PTPRM	X58288	Above
5	41074_at	G protein-coupled receptor 49	GPR49	AF062006	Above
6	41073_at	G protein-coupled receptor 49	GPR49	AI743745	Above
7	34676_at	KIAA1099 protein	KIAA1099	AB029022	Above
8	36139_at	DKFZP586G0522 protein	DKFZP586G05 22	AL050289	Above
9	37542_at	lipoma HMGIC fusion partner-like 2	LHFPL2	D86961	Above
10	41159_at	clathrin heavy polypeptide Hc	CLTC	D21260	Above
11	32800_at	retinoid X receptor alpha mRNA		U66306	Above
12	1664_at	insulin-like growth factor 2	IGF2	HG3543- HT3739	Above
13	36566_at	cystinosis nephropathic	CTNS	AJ222967	Above
	Affymetrix number	Table 14. Gene selected l Gene Name	by CFS for T-AI GeneSymbol	L Reference number	Above/ Below
1	38319_at	CD3D antigen delta polypeptide TiT3 complex	CD3D	AA919102	Mean Above
	Affymetrix number	Table 15. Genes selected by Gene Name	CFS for TEL-A. GeneSymbol	ML1 Reference number	Above/ Below Mean
1	38652_at	hypothetical protein FLJ20154	FLJ20154	AF070644	Above
2	36239_at	POU domain class 2 associating factor 1	POU2AF1	Z49194	Above
3	41442_at	core-binding factor runt domain alpha subunit 2 translocated to 3	CBFA2T3	AB010419	Above
4	37780_at	piccolo presynaptic cytomatrix protein	PCLO	AB011131	Above
5	36985_at	isopentenyl-diphosphate delta isomerase	IDI1	X17025	Above
6	38578_at	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 7	TNFRSF7	M63928	Above
7	35614_at	transcription factor-like 5 basic helix-loop-helix	TCFL5	AB012124	Above
8	32224_at	KIAA0769 gene product	KIAA0769	AB018312	Above
9	32730_at	KIAA1750 protein		AL080059	Above
10	2 (027	PDZ and LIM domain 1 elfin	PDLIM1	U90878	Below
	36937_s_at	r DZ and Lifvi domain i einn	LINITI	U90676	
11	36008_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase type IVA member 3		AF041434	Above

13	33690_at	DKFZp434A202 from clone DKFZp434A202		AL080190	Above
14	755_at	inositol 1 4 5-triphosphate receptor type 1	ITPR1	D26070	Above
15	41097_at	telomeric repeat binding factor 2	TERF2	AF002999	Above
16	160029_at	protein kinase C beta 1	PRKCB1	X07109	Above
17	34481_at	vav proto-oncogene	Vav	AF030227	Above
18	41498_at	KIAA0911 protein	KIAA0911	AB020718	Above
19	37280_at	MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila homolog	MADH1	U59912	Above
20	1647_at	IQ motif containing GTPase activating protein 2	IQGAP2	U51903	Below
21	37724_at	v-myc avian myelocytomatosis viral oncogene homolog	MYC	V00568	Below
22	37981_at	drebrin 1	DBN1	U00802	Above
23	37326_at	proteolipid protein 2 colonic cpithelium-enriched	PLP2	U93305	Below
24	37344_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DM alpha	HLA-DMA	X62744	Above
25	38666_at	pleckstrin homology Sec7 and coiled/coil domains 1 cytohesin 1	PSCD1	M85169	Below
26	39039_s_at	CGI-76 protein	LOC51632	AI557497	Below
27	34819_at	CD164 antigen sialomucin	CD164	D14043	Below
28	40729_s_at	nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B-cells inhibitor-like 1	NFKBIL1	Y14768	Above
29	34224_at	fatty acid desaturase 3	FADS3	AC004770	Above
30	39827_at	hypothetical protein	FLJ20500	AA522530	Below
31	32157_at	protein phosphatase 1 catalytic subunit alpha isoform	PPP1CA	S57501	Below
32	34183_at	DKFZP434C171 protein	DKFZP434C17	AL080169	Below
33	39329_at	actinin alpha 1	ACTN1	X15804	Below
34	38124_at	midkine neurite growth-promoting factor 2	MDK	X55110	Above
35 36	33304_at	interferon stimulated gene 20kD	ISG20	U88964	Above
	41295_at	GTT1 protein	GTT1	AL041780	Below
37	40745_at	adaptor-related protein complex 1 beta 1 subunit	AP1B1	L13939	Above
38	38906_at	spectrin alpha erythrocytic 1 elliptocytosis 2	SPTA1	M61877	Above
39	263_g_at	S-adenosylmethionine decarboxylase	AMD1	M21154	Below
40	41609_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DM beta	HLA-DMB	U15085	Above
41	39045_at	hypothetical protein FLJ21432	FLJ21432	W26655	Below

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	42	39421_at	runt-related transcription factor 1 acute myeloid leukemia 1 aml1	RUNX1	D43969	Above
	43	34210_at	oncogene CDW52 antigen CAMPATH-1 antigen	CDW52	N90866	Above
	44	37276_at	IQ motif containing GTPase activating protein 2	IQGAP2	U51903	Below
	45	38763_at	L-iditol-2 dehydrogenase gene		L29254	Below
	46	40960_at	UDP-Gal betaGlcNAc beta 1 4- galactosyltransferase polypeptide 1	B4GALT1	D29805	Below
	47	1127_at	ribosomal protein S6 kinase 90kD polypeptide 1	RPS6KA1	L07597	Below
	48	37359_at	KIAA0102 gene product	KIAA0102	D14658	Below
	49	38968_at	SH3-domain binding protein 5 BTK-associated	SH3BP5	AB005047	Below
	50	39135_at	KIAA0767 protein	KIAA0767	AB018310	Below
	51	36128_at	transmembrane trafficking protein	TMP21	L40397	Below
	52	1158_s_at	calmodulin 3 phosphorylase kinase delta	CALM3	J04046	Above
	53	34782_at	jumonji mouse homolog	JMJ	AL021938	Below
	54	37893_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase non- receptor type 2	PTPN2	AI828880	Below
	55	39758_f_at	Lysosomal-associated membrane protein 1	LAMP1	J04182	Below
	56	35151_at	tumor suppressor deleted in oral cancer-related 1	DOC-1R	AF089814	Below
	57	38096_f_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DP beta 1	HLA-DPB1	M83664	Above
	58	40467_at	succinate dehydrogenase complex subunit D integral membrane protein	SDHD	AB006202	Below
	59	39712_at	S100 calcium-binding protein A13	S100A13	AI541308	Below
	60	41812_s_at	KIAA0906 protein	KIAA0906	AB020713	Below
	61	34336_at	lysyl-tRNA synthetase	KARS	D32053	Below
	62	38336_at	KIAA1013 protein	KIAA1013	AB023230	Below
	63	32253_at	arginine-glutamic acid dipeptide RE repeats	RERE	AB007927	Below
	64	35731_at	integrin alpha 4 antigen CD49D alpha 4 subunit of VLA-4 receptor	ITGA4	X16983	Below
	65	40698_at	C-type calcium dependent carbohydrate-recognition domain lectin superfamily member 2 activation-induced	CLECSF2	X96719	Below
	66	840_at	zinc finger protein 220	ZNF220	U47742	Above
	67	41171_at	proteasome prosome macropain activator subunit 2 PA28 bcta	PSME2	D45248	Above
	68	34877_at	Janus kinase 1 a protein tyrosine kinase	JAK1	AL039831	Above
	69	37190_at	WAS protein family member 1	WASF1	D87459	Below
	70	31690_at	Glutamate dehydrogenase-2	GLUD2	U08997 '	Below

71	40961_at	SWI/SNF related matrix associated actin dependent regulator of chromatin subfamily a member 2	SMARCA2	X72889	Below
72	38149 at	KIAA0053 gene product	KIAA0053	D29642	Above
73	2061_at	integrin alpha 4 antigen CD49D alpha 4 subunit of VLA-4 receptor	ITGA4	L12002	Below
74	2012_s_at	protein kinase DNA-activated catalytic polypeptide	PRKDC	U34994	Below
75	36878_f_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DQ beta 1	HLA-DQB1	M60028	Above
76	34821_at	DKFZP586D0623 protein	DKFZP586D06 23	AL050197	Below
77	36980_at	proline-rich protein with nuclear targeting signal	B4-2	U03105	Below
78	853_at	nuclear factor erythroid-derived 2 like 2	NFE2L2	S74017	Below
79	39320_at	caspase 1 apoptosis-related cysteine protease interleukin 1 beta convertase	CASP1	U13697	Below
80	32572_at	ubiquitin specific protease 9 X chromosome Drosophila fat facets	USP9X	X98296	Below
81	387_at	related cyclin-dependent kinase 9 CDC2- related kinase	CDK9	X80230	Below
82	35300 at	glutamyl-prolyl-tRNA synthetase	EPRS	X54326	Below
83	36155 at	KIAA0275 gene product	KIAA0275	D87465	Below
84	37625_at	Interferon regulatory factor 4	IRF4	U52682	Below
85	35763_at	KIAA0540 protein	KIAA0540	AB011112	Below
86	39077_at	DR1-associated protein 1 negative cofactor 2 alpha	DRAP1	U41843	Below
87	40132 g at	Follistatin-like 1	FSTL1	D89937	Below
88	32615_at	aspartyl-tRNA synthetase	DARS	J05032	Below
89	38357_at	Homo sapiens mRNA cDNA DKFZp564D156 from clone DKFZp564D156		AL049321	Above
90	34817_s_at	ataxin 2 related protein	A2LP	U70671	Above
91	40856_at	serine or cysteine proteinase inhibitor clade F alpha-2 antiplasmin pigment epithelium derived factor member 1	SERPINF1	U29953	Below
92	39784_at	eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2 subunit 1 alpha 35kD	EIF2S1	U26032	Below
93	37600_at	extracellular matrix protein 1	ECM1	U68186	Below
94	40839_at	ubiquitin-like 3	UBL3	AL080177	Below
95	_	KIAA0763 gene product	KIAA0763	AB018306	Below
96	33244 at	chimerin chimaerin 2	CHN2	U07223	Below
97	31516_f_at	basic transcription factor 3 like 1	BTF3L1	M90354	Below
98	35266_at	bladder cancer associated protein	BLCAP	AL049288	Above

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99 253_g_a	(clone GPCR W) G protein-linked receptor gene (GPCR) gene		L42324	Below
100 35227_a 101 41073_a	G protein-coupled receptor 49	RBBP8 GPR49 CBX3	U72066 AI743745 AI797801	Below Below Below
102 38084_a	t chromobox homolog 3 Drosophila HP1 gamma	CBX3		
103 39025_a	6.2 kd protein	LOC54543	AI557912	Below
104 32085_a	t KIAA0981 protein	KIAA0981	AB023198	Above
105 38902_r	at Activating transcription factor 2	ATF2	X15875	Below

## 3. T-statistics

T-statistics is a classical feature selection approach. The t-statistics of a gene is defined as  $T = |\mu_1 - \mu_2|/sqrt(\sigma_1^2/n_1 + \sigma_2^2/n_2)$ , where  $\mu_i$  is the mean expression of that gene in the  $i^{th}$  class,  $\sigma_i^2$  is the variance of that gene in the  $i^{th}$  class and  $n_i$  is the size of the  $i^{th}$  class. This formula assigns higher value to a gene that has larger mean difference between two classes and has smaller variance within both classes. For BCR-ABL, hyperdiploid >50, MLL, Novel, and TEL-AML1 the top ranked 40 genes are listed in Tables 16, 18, 19, 20, and 22, whereas for E2A-PBX1 and T-ALL only the top 30 and 31 genes are shown. Additional genes that may be used in expression profiles to assign subjects to a leukemia risk group are shown in Tables 54-60. The genes in Tables 54-60 were selected on the basis of having a T-statistic value greater than the T-statistic value for the gene when examined as a disciminator in 999 of 1000 permutations of the data set (p<0.001; this statistical test is described elsewhere herein). Of these genes, only those having a T-statistic absolute values equal to or greater than 8 (representing a nominal p value of ~<0.0001) are shown in Tables 54-50.

Generally, using the top 20-40 genes did not result in significant changes to
20 subtype prediction accuracy. Accordingly, the top 20 genes were used for subtype
prediction, unless noted otherwise.

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Table 16. Genes Selected by T statistics for BCR-ABL

	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	Gene Symbol	Reference number	T-stat value	Above/ Below Mean
1	32319_at	tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 4 tax- transcriptionally activated	TNFSF4	AL022310	12.0346	Above
2	36194_at	glycoprotein 1 34kD low density lipoprotein-related protein-associated protein 1 alpha- 2-macroglobulin receptor-	LRPAP1	M63959	-11.3077	Below
3	1211_s_at	associated protein 1 CASP2 and RIPK1 domain containing adaptor with death domain	CRADD	U84388	10.6627	Above
4	37397_at		PECAM	L34657	10.2460	Above
5	330_s_at	tubulin, alpha 1, isoform 44	TUBA1	HG2259- HT2348	10.0540	Above
6	33774_at	caspase 8 apoptosis-related cysteine protease	CASP8	X98172	9.9147	Above
7	202_at	heat shock transcription factor 2	HSF2	M65217	-9.7639	Below
8	1558_g_at	p21/Cdc42/Rac1-activated kinase 1 yeast Stc20-related	PAK1	U24152	9.6562	Above
9	39691 at	SH3-containing protein SH3GLB1	SH3GLB1	AB007960	9.5307	Above
10	2045 s at	hemopoietic cell kinase	HCK	M16592	-9.3898	Below
11	36591 at	tubulin alpha 1 testis specific	TUBA1	X06956	9.3382	Above
12	1386_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase non- receptor type 9	PTPN9	M83738	-9.2414	Below
13	35991 at	Sm protein F	LSM6	AA917945	9.0298	Above
14	41273_at	FK506 binding protein 12- rapamycin associated protein 1	FRAP1	AL046940	8.9732	Above
15	35970 g at	M-phase phosphoprotein 9	MPHOSPH9	N23137	8.6474	Above
16	38636_at	immunoglobulin superfamily containing leucine-rich repeat	ISLR	AB003184	8.4291	Above
17	36683 at	matrix Gla protein	MGP	AI953789	-8.3872	Below
18	39070_at	singed Drosophila like sea urchin fascin homolog like	SNL	U03057	8.2583	Above
19	40798_s_at	a disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain 10	ADAM10	Z48579	8.2283	Above
20	41649_at	FOXJ2 forkhead factor	LOC55810	AF038177	8.2275	Above
21	38966_at	glycoprotein synaptic 2	GPSN2	AF038958	8.2080	Above
22	34759_at	Human hbc647 mRNA sequence		U68494	8.1863	Above
23	1434_at	phosphatase and tensin homolog mutated in multiple advanced cancers 1	PTEN	U92436	8.1671	Above

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24	40167_s_at	CS box-containing WD protein	LOC55884	AF038187	8.1655	Above
25	40264_g_at	zinc finger protein-like 1	ZFPL1	AF001891	8.1384	Above
26	36129_at	KIAA0397 gene product	KIAA0397	AB007857	8.0041	Above
27	551_at	E1A binding protein p300	EP300	U01877	-7.7578	Below
28	38345 at	centrosomal protein 1	CEP1	AF083322	-7.7431	Bclow
29	41137_at	myosin phosphatase target subunit 2	MYPT2	AB007972	-7.73 <b>0</b> 1	Below
30	39068_at	protein phosphatase 2 regulatory subunit B B56 delta isoform	PPP2R5D	L76702	-7.6161	Below
31	38160 at	lymphocyte antigen 75	LY75	AF011333	7.5830	Above
32	34314_at	ribonucleotide reductase M1 polypeptide	RRM1	X59543	7.5778	Above
33	39519_at	KIAA0692 protein	KIAA0692	AB014592	7.4662	Above
34	32788_at	RAN binding protein 2	RANBP2	D42063	7.4114	Above
35	34882_at	nucleolar protein KKE/D repeat	NOP56	Y12065	7.3622	Above
36	2064_g_at	excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency complementation group 5	ERCC5	L20046	7.3597	Above
37	41836_at	protein with polyglutamine repeat calcium ca2 homeostasis endoplasmic reticulum protein	ERPROT213 -21	U94836	7.3350	Above
38	1563_s_at	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1A	TNFRSF1A	M58286	7.3039	Above
39	37047_at	Niemann-Pick disease type C1	NPC1	AF002020	7.2357	Above
40	32724_at	phytanoyl-CoA hydroxylase Refsum disease	РНҮН	AF023462	-7.2252	Below

	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	Genc Symbol	Reference number	T-stat value	Above/ Below Mean
1	32063_at	pre-B-cell leukemia transcription factor 1	PBX1	M86546	126.7442	Above
2	33355_at	Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ12900 fis clone NT2RP2004321 (by CELERA search of target sequence = PBX1)	PBX1	AL049381	36.6116	Above
3	40454_at	FAT tumor suppressor Drosophila homolog	FAT	X87241	30.7577	Above
4	717 at	GS3955 protein	GS3955	D87119	23.7813	Above
5	39070_at	singed Drosophila like sea urchin fascin homolog like	SNL	U03057	-22.8956	Below
6	33641 <u>g</u> at	nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B- cells inhibitor-like 1	NFKBIL1	Y14768	-20.4637	Below
7	36536_at	schwannomin interacting protein 1	SCHIP-1	AF070614	-20.1554	Below
8	854_at	B lymphoid tyrosine kinase	BLK	S76617	19.6467	Above
9	37625 at	interferon regulatory factor 4	IRF4	U52682	18.8419	Above

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10	39614_at	KIAA0802 protein	KIAA0802	AB018345	17.8214	Above	
11	37099_at	arachidonate 5-lipoxygenase- activating protein	ALOX5AP	AI806222	-17.7944	Below	
12	38994_at	STAT induced STAT inhibitor-2	STATI2	AF037989	-17.6553	Below	
13	37641_at	Human gene for hepatitis C- associated microtubular aggregate protein p44, exon 9 and complete cds.		D28915	-17.3074	Below	
14	40113_at	GS3955 protein	GS3955	D87119	16.7288	Above	
15	2031_s_at	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1A p21 Cip1	CDKNIA	U03106	-14.9826	Below	
16	330_s_at	tubulin, alpha 1, isoform 44	TUBA1	HG2259- HT2348	-14.8016	Below	
17	38340_at	huntingtin interacting protein-1- related	KIAA0655	AB014555	14.7180	Above	
18	38510_at	Homo sapiens mRNA cDNA DKFZp586B0220		AL049435	-14.4522	Below	
19	268_at	Homo sapiens platelet/endothelial cell adhesion molecule-1 (PECAM-1) gene, exon 16 and complete cds.	PECAM	L34657	-13.7540	Below	
20	2062_at	insulin-like growth factor binding protein 7	IGFBP7	L19182	13.6403	Above	
21	37893_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase non- receptor type 2	PTPN2	AI828880	13.5099	Above	
22	38580_at	guanine nucleotide binding protein G protein q polypeptide	GNAQ	U43083	-12.8525	Below	
23	40049_at	death-associated protein kinase 1	DAPK1	X76104	-12.3837	Below	
24	38393_at	KIAA0247 gene product	KIAA0247	D87434	12.3436	Above	
25	39379_at	Homo sapiens mRNA cDNA DKFZp586C1019		AL049397	12.2102	Above	
26	430_at	nucleoside phosphorylase	NP	X00737	12,1307	Above	
27	37975_at	cytochrome b-245 beta polypeptide chronic granulomatous disease	CYBB	X04011	-12.0743	Below	
28	34862_at	CGI-49 protein	LOC51097	AA005018	12.0264	Above	
29	39756_g_at	X-box binding protein 1	XBP1	Z93930	-11.9796	Below	
30	307_at	arachidonate 5-lipoxygenase	ALOX5	J03600	-11.9492	Below	
31	37304_at	chromobox homolog 1 Drosophila HP1 beta	CBX1	U35451	11.9422	Above	
32	1287_at	ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly ADP-ribose polymerase	ADPRT	J03473	11.9051	Above	
33	1520_s_at	interleukin 1 beta	IL1B	X04500	11.7327	Above	
34	596_s_at	colony stimulating factor 3 receptor granulocyte	CSF3R	M59820	-11.6814	Below	
35	37493_at	colony stimulating factor 2 receptor beta low-affinity granulocyte-macrophage	CSF2RB	H04668	11.6620	Above	
36	36452_at	synaptopodin	KIAA1029	AB028952	11.4021	Above	
37	1081_at	ornithine decarboxylase 1	ODC1	M33764	11.2865	Above	
		-					

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38	1563_s_at	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1A	TNFRSF1A	M58286	-11.1361	Below
39 40	39069_at 36203_at	AE-binding protein 1 ornithine decarboxylase 1	AEBP1 ODC1	AF053944 X16277	11.0984 10.9475	Above Above

Table 18. Genes Selected by T statistics for Hyperdiploid > 50

	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	Gene Symbol	Reference number	T-stat value	Above/ Below Mean
1	36620_at	superoxide dismutase 1 soluble amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 1 adult	SOD1	X02317	9.1574	Above
2	39878_at	protocadherin 9	PCDH9	AI524125	-6.9008	Below
3	37543_at	Rac/Cdc42 guanine exchange factor GEF 6	ARHGEF6	D25304	6.8366	Above
4	41470_at	prominin mouse like 1	PROML1	AF027208	6.7290	Above
5	31492_at	muscle specific gene	M9	AB019392	-6.6885	Below
6	38968_at	SH3-domain binding protein 5 BTK-associated	SH3BP5	AB005047	6.4051	Above
7	1915_s_at	v-fos FBJ murine osteosarcoma viral oncogene homolog	FOS	V01512	6.4008	Above
8	37677_at	phosphoglycerate kinase 1	PGK1	V00572	6.2865	Above
9	39867_at	Tu translation elongation factor mitochondrial	TUFM	S75463	-6.2299	Below
10	36795_at	prosaposin variant Gaucher disease and variant metachromatic leukodystrophy	PSAP	J03077	6.1812	Above
11	40875_s_at	small nuclear ribonucleoprotein 70kD polypeptide RNP antigen	SNRP70	X06815	-6.0877	Below
12	306_s_at	high-mobility group nonhistone chromosomal protein 14	HMG14	J02621	6.0804	Above
13	41724_at	accessory proteins BAP31/BAP29	DXS1357E	X81109	6.0244	Above
14	39168_at	Ac-like transposable element	ALTE	AB018328	5.9336	Above
15	955_at	calmodulin type I	CALM1	HG1862- HT1897	5.8650	Above
16	38604_at	neuropeptide Y	NPY	AI198311	5.8313	Above
17	39147_g_at	alpha thalassemia/mental retardation syndrome X-linked RAD54 S. cerevisiae homolog	ATRX	U72936	5.8181	Above
18	39069_at	AE-binding protein 1	AEBP1	AF053944	-5.6901	Below
19	37014_at	myxovirus influenza resistance 1 homolog of murine interferon- inducible protein p78	MX1	M33882	5.6688	Above
20	1520_s_at	interleukin 1 beta	IL1B	X04500	5.6605	Above

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21	1488_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type K	PTPRK	L77886	-5.5877	Below
22	32553_at	MYC-associated zinc finger protein purine-binding	MAZ	M94046	-5.5000	Below
23	36169_at	transcription factor NADH dehydrogenase ubiquinone 1 alpha subcomplex 1 7.5kD	NDUFA1	N47307	5.4376	Above
24	1817_at	MWFE prefoldin 5	PFDN5	D89667	-5.4110	Below
25	578_at	Human recombination acitivating protein (RAG2) gene, last exon	RAG2	M94633	-5.4026	Below
26	1556 at	RNA binding motif protein 5	RBM5	U23946	-5.3032	Below
27	40998_at	trinucleotide repeat containing 11 THR-associated protein 230 kDa subunit	TNRC11	AF071309	5.2349	Above
28	37294_at	B-cell translocation gene 1 anti- proliferative	BTG1	X61123	-5.1877	Below
29	1447_at	proteasome prosome macropain subunit beta type 1	PSMB1	D00761	5.1699	Above
30	35940_at	POU domain class 4 transcription factor 1	POU4F1	X64624	5.1200	Above
31	33307_at	kraken-like	BK126B4.1	AL022316	-5.0984	Below
32	1081_at	ornithine decarboxylase 1	ODC1	M33764	-5.0822	Below
33	34336 at	lysyl-tRNA synthetase	KARS	D32053	-5.0692	Below
34	41143_at	Human calmodulin (CALM1) genc, exons 2,3,4,5 and 6, and complete cds	CALM1	U12022	5.0543	Above
35	32251_at	hypothetical protein FLJ21174	FLJ21174	AA149307	5.0373	Above
36	35298_at	eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit 7 zeta 66/67kD	EIF3S7	U54558	-4.9499	Below
37	38649_at	KIAA0970 protein	KIAA0970	AB023187	-4.9228	Below
38	36629_at	glucocorticoid-induced leucine zipper	GILZ	AI635895	4.8061	Above
39	39721_at	ephrin-B1	EFNB1	U09303	4.7968	Above
40	2094_s_at	v-fos FBJ murine osteosarcoma viral oncogene homolog	FOS	K00650	4.7446	Above

Table 19. Genes Selected by T statistics for MLL Gene Above/ Affymetrix Gene Name Reference T-stat Symbol Below number number value Mean ALOX5 J03600 -16.8244 Below 1 307\_at arachidonate 5-lipoxygenase MADH1 U59912 -15.4460 Below 37280 at MAD mothers against 2 decapentaplegic Drosophila homolog 1 3 1520\_s\_at interleukin I beta IL1B X04500 -13.6764 Below -11.8629 MRC1 M93221 Below 36908\_at Human macrophage mannosc receptor (MRC1) gene, exon 30.

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5	33412_at	LGALS1 Lectin, galactoside- binding, soluble, 1 (galectin 1)	LGALS1	AI535946	11.0223	Above
6	2062_at	insulin-like growth factor binding protein 7	IGFBP7	L19182	10.4318	Above
7	35940_at		POU4F1	X64624	-10.1815	Below
8	39721_at	ephrin-B1	EFNB1	U09303	-9.6158	Below
9	39402_at	interleukin 1 beta	IL1B	M15330	-9.5998	Below
10	1737_s_at	insulin-like growth factor-binding protein 4	IGFBP4	M62403	-9.4119	Below
11	37413_at	dipeptidase 1 renal	DPEP1	J05257	-9.4101	Below
12	40519_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type C	PTPRC	Y00638	9.3163	Above
13	1971_g_at	fragile histidine triad gene	FHIT	U46922	-9.2257	Below
14	1983_at	cyclin D2	CCND2	X68452	-9.2213	Below
15	38869_at	KIAA1069 protein	KIAA1069	AB028992	-9.1951	Below
16	40520_g_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase	PTPRC	Y00638	9.1099	Above
17	1718_at	receptor type C actin related protein 2/3 complex subunit 2 34 kD	ARPC2	U50523	9.0435	Above
18	34237 at	HBS1 S. cerevisiae like	HBS1L	AB028961	-8.8208	Below
19	1726_at	DNA polymerase, epsilon, catalytic subunit		HG919- HT919	-8.4664	Below
20	36643_at	discoidin domain receptor family member 1	DDR1	L20817	-8.4627	Below
21	1325_at	MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila	MADH1	U59423	-8.3762	Below
22	39379_at	homolog 1 Homo sapiens mRNA cDNA DKFZp586C1019		AL049397	8.2974	Above
23	36536_at	schwannomin interacting protein 1	SCHIP-1	AF070614	-8.1177	Below
24	564_at	guanine nucleotide binding protein G protein alpha 11 Gq class	GNA11	M69013	-8.1107	Below
25	39705 at	KIAA0700 protein	KIAA0700	AB014600	-7.9334	Below
26	36105_at	Human nonspecific crossreacting antigen mRNA, complete cds.	NCA	M18728	-7.6911	Below
27	174 s at	intersectin 2	ITSN2	U61167	7.5752	Above
28	39114_at	decidual protein induced by progesterone	DEPP	AB022718	-7.4767	Below
29	40436_g_at	solute carrier family 25 mitochondrial carrier adenine	SLC25A6	J03592	7.3952	Above
30	794_at	nucleotide translocator member 6 protein tyrosine phosphatase non- receptor type 6	PTPN6	X62055	7.2192	Above
31	38032_at	KIAA0736 gene product	KIAA0736	AB018279	-7.0718	Below
32	40518_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type C	PTPRC	Y00062	6.9829	Above
33	41762_at	TIA1 cytotoxic granule-associated RNA-binding protein-like 1	TIAL1	D64015	-6.9118	Below

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34	1389_at	membrane metallo-endopeptidase neutral endopeptidase	MME	J03779	-6.7734	Below
35	39967_at	enkephalinase CALLA CD10 leucine zipper down-regulated in cancer 1	LDOC1	AB019527	-6.7415	Below
36	188 at	ephrin-B1	EFNB1	U09303	-6.5964	Below
37	_	X-ray repair complementing defective repair in Chinese hamster cells 1	XRCC1	NM_006297	-6.5936	Below
38	40913_at	ATPase Ca transporting plasma membrane 4	ATP2B4	W28589	-6.5774	Below
39	37398_at	platelet/endothelial cell adhesion molecule CD31 antigen	PECAMI	AA100961	-6.5675	Below
40	1488_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type K	PTPRK	L77886	-6.5584	Below

Table 20, Genes Selected by T statistics for Novel Risk Group

	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	Gene Symbol	Reference number	T-stat value	Above/ Below Mean
1	41734 at	KIAA0870 protein	KIAA0870	AB020677	-40.5168	Below
2	31892_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type M	PTPRM	X58288	33.4654	Above
3	995_g_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type M	PTPRM	X58288	24.7557	Above
4	34676_at	KIAA1099 protein	KIAA1099	AB029022	14.0491	Above
5	37908_at	guanine nucleotide binding protein		U31384	11.4548	Above
6	37960_at	carbohydrate chondroitin 6/keratan sulfotransferase 2	CHST2	AB014679	10.9971	Above
7	33410 at	integrin alpha 6	ITGA6	S66213	10.0370	Above
8	40585 at	adenylate cyclase 7	ADCY7	D25538	-9.5897	Below
9	33284 at	myeloperoxidase	MPO	M19507	-9.4724	Belov
10	41159 at	clathrin heavy polypeptide Hc	CLTC	D21260	9.4489	Abov
11	36591 at	tubulin alpha 1 testis specific	TUBA1	X06956	-9.1387	Belov
12	37712_g_at	MADS box transcription enhancer factor 2 polypeptide C myocyte enhancer factor 2C	MEF2C	S57212	-9.1225	Belov
13	38576_at	H2B histone family member B	H2BFB	AJ223353	-9.0869	Belov
14	38408_at	transmembrane 4 superfamily member 2	TM4SF2	L10373	-8.7026	Belov
15	33907_at	eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4 gamma 3	EIF4G3	AF012072	-8.3540	Belov
16	41273_at	FK506 binding protein 12- rapamycin associated protein 1	FRAP1	AL046940	-8.3212	Belov
17	402_s_at	intercellular adhesion molecule 3	ICAM3	X69819	-7.9741	Belov
18	35112_at	regulator of G-protein signalling 9	RGS9	AF071476	7.8348	Abov
19	34850_at	ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2E 3 homologous to yeast UBC4/5		AB017644	7.8197	Abov
20	37030_at	KIAA0887 protein	KIAA0887	AB020694	-7.6343	Belov

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21	36322_at	fucosyltransferase 7 alpha 1 3 fucosyltransferase	FUT7	AB012668	-7.6240	Below
22	39509 at	Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ22071		AI692348	-7.6232	Below
23	40091_at	B-cell CLL/lymphoma 6 zinc finger protein 51	BCL6	U00115	-7.6171	Below
24	37280_at	MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila homolog 1	MADH1	U59912	7.5991	Above
25	1325_at	MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila homolog 1	MADH1	U59423	7.5824	Above
26	831_at	DEAD/H Asp-Glu-Ala-Asp/His box polypeptide 10 RNA helicase	DDX10	U28042	7.4276	Above
27	37600_at	extracellular matrix protein 1	ECM1	U68186	-7.2991	Below
28	41266_at	integrin alpha 6	ITGA6	X53586	7.2985	Above
29	36958_at	zyxin	ZYX	X95735	-7.2889	Below
30	36564_at	Human DNA sequence from clone RP5-1174N9 on chromosome 1p34.1-35.3		W27419	-7.2848	Below
31	32174_at	solute carrier family 9 sodium/hydrogen exchanger isoform 3 regulatory factor 1	SLC9A3R1	AF015926	-7.2749	Below
32	619_s_at	membrane-spanning 4-donains subfamily A member 2 Fc fragment of IgE high affinity I receptor for beta polypeptide	MS4A2	M27394	-7.2325	Below
33	40749_at	membrane-spanning 4-domains subfamily A member 2 Fc fragment of IgE high affinity I receptor for beta polypeptide	MS4A2	X07203	-7.2063	Below
34	31894_at	centromere protein Č 1	CENPC1	M95724	6.9679	Above
35	32319_at	tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 4 tax- transcriptionally activated glycoprotein 1 34kD	TNFSF4	AL022310	6.8225	Above
36	38259_at	syntaxin binding protein 2	STXBP2	AB002559	-6.6992	Below
37	35629_at	hypothetical protein	DJ1042K10. 2	AL022238	-6.6968	Below
38	38700_at	cysteine and glycine-rich protein 1	CSRP1	M33146	-6.6962	Below
39	37397_at	Homo sapiens platelet/endothelial cell adhesion molecule-1 (PECAM-1) gene, exon 16 and complete eds.	PECAM	L34657	-6.6934	Below
40	41127_at	solute carrier family 1 glutamate/neutral amino acid transporter member 4	SLC1A4	L14595	-6.6892	Below

Table 21. Genes Selected by T statistics for T-ALL

	Affymetrix number	<b>Gene Name</b>	Gene Symbol	Reference number	T-stat value	Above/ Below Mean
1	38242_at	B cell linker protein	SLP65	AF068180	-115.8362	Below
2	38319_at	CD3D antigen delta polypeptide TïT3 complex	CD3D	AA919102	27.6995	Above
3	37988_at	CD79B antigen immunoglobulin- associated beta	CD79B	M89957	-23.7294	Below
4	38147_at	SH2 domain protein 1A Duncan s disease lymphoproliferative syndrome	SH2D1A	AL023657	22.4501	Above
5	38522_s_at	CD22 antigen	CD22	X52785	-21.2795	Below
6	35350_at	B cell RAG associated protein	BRAG	AB011170	-19.1460	Below
7	36277_at	Human membran protein (CD3- epsilon) gene, exon 9.	CD3E	M23323	19.0859	Above
8	38604_at	neuropeptide Y	NPY	AI198311	-18.8194	Below
9	33705_at	phosphodiesterase 4B cAMP- specific dunce Drosophila homolog phosphodiesterase E4	PDE4B	L20971	-18.6383	Below
10	36878_f_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DQ beta 1	HLA-DQB1	M60028	-18.5620	Below
11	36638_at	connective tissue growth factor	CTGF	X78947	-18.2772	Below
12	32794_g_at	T cell receptor beta locus	TRB	X00437	17.9081	Above
13	32174_at	solute carrier family 9 sodium/hydrogen exchanger isoform 3 regulatory factor 1	SLC9A3R1	AF015926	17.4427 -17.3412	Above
14	160041_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase non- receptor type 18 brain-derived	PTPN18	X79568		
15	38521_at	CD22 antigen	CD22	X59350	-17.0388	Below
16	38018_g_at	CD79A antigen immunoglobulin- associated alpha	CD79A	U05259	-16.7948	Below
17	36571 at	topoisomerase DNA II beta 180kD	TOP2B	X68060	-16.7508	Below
18	1096_g_at	CD19 antigen	CD19	M28170	-16.4583	Below
19	39318_at	T-cell leukemia/lymphoma 1A	TCL1A	X82240	-16.2017	Below
20	41710_at	hypothetical protein	LOC54103	AL079277	-15.9099	Below
21	599_at	H2.0 Drosophila like homeo box 1	HLX1	M60721	-15.5425	Below
22	266_s_at	CD24 antigen small cell lung carcinoma cluster 4 antigen	CD24	L33930	-15.0123	Below
23	36502_at	PFTAIRE protein kinase 1	PFTK1	AB020641	-14.9972	Below
24	39114_at	decidual protein induced by progesterone	DEPP	AB022718	-14.9886	Below
25	37539_at	RalGDS-like gene KIAA0959 protein	KIAA0959	AB023176	-14.6872 14.5666	Below
26	40775_at	integral membrane protein 2A	ITM2A	AL021786	-14.3809	Below
27	34033_s_at	leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor subfamily A with TM domain member 2	LILRA2	AF025531	-14.5809	Below

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28	2031_s_at	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1A p21 Cip1	CDKN1A	U03106	-14.1071	Below
29	38051 at	mal T-cell differentiation protein	MAL	X76220	14.0743	Above
30	35794_at	KIAA0942 protein	KIAA0942	AB023159	-13.9659	Below
31	41156_g_at	catenin cadherin-associated protein alpha 1 102kD	CTNNA1	U03100	-13.8135	Below
32	32979_at	GRB2-associated binding protein	GAB1	U43885	-13.5842	Below
33	32562_at	endoglin Osler-Rendu-Weber syndrome 1	ENG	X72012	-13.4209	Below
34	36536_at	schwannomin interacting protein 1	SCHIP-1	AF070614	-13.4172	Below
35	36108_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DQ beta 1	HLA-DQB1	M16276	-13.3518	Below
36	41734_at	KIAA0870 protein	KIAA0870	AB020677	-13.2672	Below
37	41153_f_at	Homo sapiens alphaE-catenin (CTNNA1) gene, exon 18 and complete cds.	CTNNA1	AF102803	-12.7927	Below
38	37710_at	MADS box transcription enhancer factor 2 polypeptide C myocyte enhancer factor 2C	MEF2C	L08895	-12.7716	Below
39	39893_at	guanine nucleotide binding protein G protein gamma 7	GNG7	AB010414	-12.7696	Below
40	37908_at	guanine nucleotide binding protein 11	GNG11	U31384	-12.7353	Below

Table 22. Genes Selected by T statistics for TEL-AMLI Affymetrix Gene Name Gene Reference T-stat Above/ Below Symbol number value number Mean M63928 15.2209 Above tumor necrosis factor receptor TNFRSF7 1 38578 at superfamily member 7 . 2 potassium intermediate/small KCNN1 U69883 15.0804 Above 38203\_at conductance calcium-activated channel subfamily N member 1 Rho guanine nucleotide exchange ARHGEF4 AB029035 14.9774 Above 36524 at factor GEF 4 Above PCLO AB011131 14.1405 37780\_at piccolo presynaptic cytomatrix protein AB012124 12.9369 Above transcription factor-like 5 basic TCFL5 5 35614 at helix-loop-helix 160029 at protein kinase C beta 1 PRKCB1 X07109 12.5429 Above 6 X58965 -12.5035 Below 7 1980\_s\_at non-metastatic cells 2 protein NME2 NM23B expressed in PTPRK L77886 12.3871 Above protein tyrosine phosphatase 8 1488 at receptor type K. Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ21697 AL049313 12.1089 Above 34194 at U31384 11.4322 Above 10 37908\_at guanine nucleotide binding protein GNG11 11 CRMP1 D78012 11.0625 Above 40272\_at collapsin response mediator

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		protein 1				
12	41097_at	telomeric repeat binding factor 2	TERF2	AF002999	11,0133	Above
13	33690_at	Homo sapiens mRNA cDNA DKFZp434A202		AL080190	10.8763	Above
14	32730_at	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA1750		AL080059	10.7439	Above
15	1325_at	MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila homolog 1	MADH1	U59423	10.5332	Above
16	41819_at	FYN-binding protein FYB- 120/130	FYB	U93049	10.3692	Above
17	1299_at	telomeric repeat binding factor 2	TERF2	X93512	10.2921	Above
18	35665_at	phosphoinositide-3-kinase class 3	PIK3C3	Z46973	10.0568	Above
19	36537_at	Rho-specific guanine nucleotide exchange factor p114	P114-RHO- GEF	AB011093	9.8824	Above
20	37280_at	MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila homolog 1	MADH1	U59912	9.8662	Above
21	1936_s_at	proto-oncogene c-myc, alt. transcript 3, ORF 114		HG3523- HT4899	-9.6621	Below
22	1077_at	recombination activating gene 1	RAG1	M29474	9.4563	Above
23	38763_at	Human (clone D21-1) L-iditol-2 dehydrogenase gene, exon 9 and complete cds.		L29254	-9.2719	Below
24	41295 at	GTT1 protein	GTT1	AL041780	-9.1813	Below
25	36008_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase type IVA member 3	PTP4A3	AF041434	9.1682	Above
26	38570_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DO beta	HLA-DOB	X03066	9.0394	Above
27	32163 f at	EST		AA216639	9.0392	Above
28	40570_at	forkhead box O1A rhabdomyosarcoma	FOXO1A	AF032885	8.9931	Above
29	32724_at	phytanoyl-CoA hydroxylase Refsum disease	PHYH	AF023462	8.9571	Above
30	932_i_at	zinc finger protein 91 HPF7 HTF10	ZNF91	L11672	8.8075	Above
31	37343_at	inositol 1 4 5-triphosphate receptor type 3		U01062	. 8.7321	Above
32	33447_at	myosin light polypeptide regulatory non-sarcomeric 20kD	MLCB	X54304	-8.6848	Below
33	35362_at	myosin X	MYO10	AB018342	8.6700	Above
34	38906_at	spectrin alpha erythrocytic 1 elliptocytosis 2	SPTA1	M61877	8.5010	Above
35	324_f_at	basic transcription factor 3	BTF3	HG1515- HT1515	-8.4705	Below
36	39329_at	actinin alpha 1	ACTN1	X15804	-8.3219	Below
37	577_at	midkine neurite growth-promoting factor 2	MDK	M94250	8.2693	Above
38	40729_s_at	nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B- cells inhibitor-like 1	NFKBIL1	Y14768	8.2000	Above

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39	41442_at	core-binding factor runt domain alpha subunit 2 translocated to 3	CBFA2T3	AB010419	8.0604	Above
40	36275_at	Homo sapiens mRNA from chromosome 5q21-22 clone		AB002438	7.8550	Above

### 4. Wilkins'

This method of selecting genes uses the weighted sum of three components to estimate the discriminative value of each gene. The higher the score, the better the gene is at discriminating between the two classes. The input to the scoring method is preprocessed and normalized data. The idea of the metric is that a gene is a good discriminator if: (1) it is expressed in one class and not in the other, or if the gene is expressed in both classes, but significantly more so in one than the other, or (2) the gene is present in most samples, and the data are pure, in the sense that there is a threshold expression value for the gene where the gene generally has expression levels larger than the threshold in one class, and smaller than the threshold in the other class. The components of the metric were quantified as follows. For a gene, assume PR1 is the ratio of "present" samples to all samples in class 1, where present means that the gene's expression value was not preprocessed to a constant (1). Assume PR2 is defined similarly for class 2. The first component of the metric, M1, is estimated as the absolute difference between PR1 and PR2. This value is between 0 (when the gene is equally present in both classes) and 1 (when the gene is expressed in one class and not in the other). The second component of the metric, M2, measures the extent to which the gene is present overall, and is defined as the average of PR1 and PR2. The final component, M3, estimates the "purity", or existence of a threshold value. The gene expression values for the present samples are sorted into ascending order and a vector of their class labels is built, for example {+, +, +, -, -, -, +, -, -, +, -}. The next step is to find the best place to partition the samples so that the expression values for one class (maybe +) are less than the partition point, and the values from the other class are larger. Let  $L_{C1}$  and  $L_{C2}$  be the number of class 1 and class 2 samples on the left side of the partition, respectively. Assume RC1 and RC2 are defined similarly for the right side of the partition. Then the purity is estimated as: max  $\{L_{C1}$  -  $L_{C2}$  +  $R_{C2}$  - $R_{C1}$ ,  $L_{C2}$  -  $L_{C1}$  +  $R_{C1}$  -  $R_{C2}$ } / number of total present samples. Each possible partition is checked. In the example above, the partition  $\{+, +, +, \parallel -, -, -, +, -, -, +, -\}$  is the best

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partition, with a purity value of  $M_3=7/11=0.64$ . The score for the gene is the weighted sum of  $0.5^*M_1+0.25^*M_2+0.25^*M_3$ . The top 50 genes for each subgroup selected by this metric are listed in Tables 23-29. For class prediction all 50 genes were used, unless otherwise stated.

Table 23. Genes Selected by Wilkins' for BCR-ABL

	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	Gene Symbol	Reference number	Train set	Above/ Below Mean
1	32319_at	tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 4 tax- transcriptionally activated glycoprotein 1 34kD	TNFSF4	AL022310	0.6354	Above
2	37479 at	CD72 antigen	CD72	M54992	0.6352	Below
3	1211_s_at	CASP2 and RIPK1 domain containing adaptor with death domain	CRADD	U84388	0.6265	Above
4	37397_at	platelet/endothelial cell adhesion molecule-1 (PECAM-1) gene	PECAM	L34657	0.6161	Above
5	33162_at	insulin receptor	INSR	X02160	0.6118	Below
6	39691_at	SH3-containing protein SH3GLB1	SH3GLB1	AB007960	0.6089	Above
7	1558_g_at	p21/Cdc42/Rac1-activated kinase 1 yeast Ste20-related	PAK1	U24152	0.6087	Above
8	34759_at	Human hbc647 mRNA sequence		U68494	0.6061	Above
9	33774_at	caspase 8 apoptosis-related cysteine protease		X98172	0.6040	Above
10	1326_at	caspase 10 apoptosis-related cysteine protease	CASP10	U60519	0.6021	Above
11	38312_at	DKFZp564O222 from clone DKFZp564O222		AL050002	0.6010	Above
12	35970_g_at	M-phase phosphoprotein 9	MPHOSPH9	N23137	0.5989	Above
13	41273_at	FK506 binding protein 12- rapamycin associated protein 1	FRAP1	AL046940	0.5989	Above
14	40798_s_at	a disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain 10	ADAM10	Z48579	0.5980	Above
15	40953_at	calponin 3 acidic	CNN3	S80562	0.5972	Above
16	1434_at	phosphatase and tensin homolog mutated in multiple advanced cancers 1	PTEN	U92436	0.5963	Below
17	38966 at	glycoprotein synaptic 2	GPSN2	AF038958	0.5953	Above
	35991 at	Sm protein F	LSM6	AA917945	0.5938	Above
	330_s_at	tubulin, alpha 1, isoform 44	TUBA1	HG2259- HT2348	0.5938	Above
20	38032_at	KIAA0736 gene product	KIAA0736	AB018279	0.5934	Above
	1983_at	cyclin D2	CCND2	X68452	0.5927	Above
22	36194_at	low density lipoprotein-related protein-associated protein 1 alpha- 2-macroglobulin receptor- associated protein 1	LRPAP1	M63959	0.5914	Below

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23	34460_at	peripheral benzodiazepine receptor- associated protein 1	PRAX-1	AB014512	0.5911	Above
24	2001_g_at	ataxia telangiectasia mutated includes complementation groups A C and D	ATM	U26455	0.5910	Above
25	31443 at	AML1	AML1	S76346	0.5896	Above
26	33410 at	integrin alpha 6	ITGA6	S66213	0.5896	Above
27	37472 at	mannosidase beta A lysosomal	MANBA	U60337	0.5887	Below
28	36099_at	splicing factor arginine/serine-rich 1 splicing factor 2 alternate splicing factor	SFRS1	M69040	0.5877	Below
29	38636_at	immunoglobulin superfamily containing leucine-rich repeat	ISLR	AB003184	0.5858	Above
30	34314_at	ribonucleotide reductase M1 polypeptide	RRM1	X59543	0.5858	Below
31	36129_at	KIAA0397 gene product	KIAA0397	AB007857	0.5858	Above
32	40264_g_at	zinc finger protein-like 1	ZFPL1	AF001891	0.5858	Above
33	37399_at	aldo-keto reductase family 1 member C3 3-alpha hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase type II	AKR1C3	D17793	0.5852	Above
34	38160_at	lymphocyte antigen 75	LY75	AF011333	0.5832	Above
35	41649 at	FOXJ2 forkhead factor	LOC55810	AF038177	0.5832	Above
36	36591_at	tubulin alpha 1 testis specific	TUBA1	X06956	0.5832	Above
37	40167_s_at	CS box-containing WD protein	LOC55884	AF038187	0.5832	Above
38	2064_g_at	excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency complementation group	ERCC5	L20046	0.5832	Above
39	39729_at	Human natural killer cell enhancing factor (NKEFB) mRNA, complete cds.	NKEFB	L19185	0.5829	Below
40	38270_at	poly ADP-ribose glycohydrolase	PARG	AF005043	0.5828	Below
41	40613_at	uncharacterized hypothalamus protein HT012	HT012	AL031775	0.5819	Below
42	39070_at	singed Drosophila like sea urchin fascin homolog like	SNL	U03057	0.5813	Above
43	40782_at	short-chain	SDR1	AF061741	0.5813	Above
44	34256_at	dehydrogenase/reductase 1 sialyltransferase 9 CMP-NeuAc lactosylceramide alpha-2 3- sialyltransferase GM3 synthase	SIAT9	AB018356	0.5797	Above
45	41836_at	protein with polyglutamine repeat calcium ca2 homeostasis endoplasmic reticulum protein	ERPROT213 -21	U94836	0.5777	Above
46	35681_r_at	zinc finger homeobox 1B	ZFHX1B	AB011141	0.5759	Below
47	37190_at	WAS protein family member 1	WASF1	D87459	0.5759	Below
48	32788_at	RAN binding protein 2	RANBP2	D42063	0.5756	Above
49	828_at	prostaglandin E receptor 2 subtype EP2 53kD	PTGER2	U19487	0.5740	Above
50	38220 at	dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase	DPYD	U20938	0.5737	Above

	Affymetrix number	Table 24: Genes Selected Gene Name	by Wilkins' fo Gene Symbol	r E2A-PBXI Reference number	Train set score	Above/ Below Mean
1	32063_at	pre-B-cell leukemia transcription factor 1	PBX1	M86546	0.8750	Above
2	38994_at	STAT induced STAT inhibitor-2	STATI2	AF037989	0.8252	Below
3	33355_at	Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ12900 fis clone NT2RP2004321 (by CELERA serach of target sequence = PBX1)	PBX1	AL049381	0.8040	Above
4	40454_at	FAT tumor suppressor Drosophila homolog	FAT	X87241	0.7899	Above
5	753_at	nidogen 2	NID2	D86425	0.7368	Above
6	717_at	GS3955 protein	GS3955	D87119	0.7306	Above
7	1786_at	c-mer proto-oncogene tyrosine kinase	MERTK	U08023	0.7300	Above
8	39070_at	singed Drosophila like sea urchin fascin homolog like	SNL	U03057	0.7271	Below
9	1065_at	fms-related tyrosine kinase 3	FLT3	U02687	0.7160	Below
10	36650_at	cyclin D2	CCND2	D13639	0.7151	Below
11	33513_at	signaling lymphocytic activation molecule	SLAM	U33017	0.7096	Above
	33748_at	minor histocompatibility antigen HA-1	KIAA0223	D86976	0.7084	Below
	37225_at	KIAA0172 protein	KIAA0172	D79994	0.7033	Above
	38717_at	DKFZP586A0522 protein	DKFZP586A 0522	AL050159	0.7003	Below
	854_at	B lymphoid tyrosine kinase	BLK	S76617	0.6982	Above
	33641_g_at	nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B- cells inhibitor-like 1	NFKBIL1	Y14768	0.6975	Below
	40468_at	KIAA0554 protein	KIAA0554	AB011126	0.6971	Below
	41266_at	integrin alpha 6	ITGA6	X53586	0.6965	Below
19	36536_at	schwaimomin interacting protein 1	SCHIP-1	AF070614	0.6938	Below
20	362_at	protein kinase C zeta	PRKCZ	Z15108	0.6904	Above
	755_at	inositol 1 4 5-triphosphate receptor type 1	ITPR1	D26070	0.6877	Below
	307_at	arachidonate 5-lipoxygenase	ALOX5	J03600	0.6875	Below
	39614_at	KIAA0802 protein	KIAA0802	AB018345	0.6863	Above
24	1563_s_at	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1A	TNFRSF1A	M58286	0.6837	Below
	38748_at	adenosine deaminase RNA-specific B1 homolog of rat RED1	ADARB1	U76421	0.6763	Above
	41409_at	basement membrane-induced gene	ICB-1	AF044896	0.6757	Below
27	34892_at	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10b	TNFRSF10B	AF016266	0.6726	Below
28	40648_at	c-mer proto-oncogene tyrosine kinase	MERTK	U08023	0.6710	Above
29		transmembrane 4 superfamily member 2	TM4SF2	L10373	0.6667	Below

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30	34583 at	fms-related tyrosine kinase 3	FLT3	U02687	0.6665	Below
31	36900 at	stromal interaction molecule 1	STIM1	U52426	0.6650	Below
32	37625 at	interferon regulatory factor 4	IRF4	U52682	0.6636	Above
33	38340_at	huntingtin interacting protein-1- related	KIAA0655	AB014555	0.6609	Above
34	1830_s_at	transforming growth factor beta 1	TGFB1	M38449	0.6608	Below
35	37099_at	arachidonate 5-lipoxygenase- activating protein	ALOX5AP	AI806222	0.6605	Below
36	38254_at	KIAA0882 protein	KIAA0882	AB020689	0.6539	Below
37	37641_at	Human gene for hepatitis C- associated microtubular aggregate protein p44, exon 9 and complete cds.		D28915	0.6531	Below
38	33865_at	adenovirus 5 E1A binding protein	BS69	AA127624	0.6515	Below
39	40729_s_at	nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B- cells inhibitor-like 1	NFKBIL1	Y14768	0.6502	Below
40	40113_at	GS3955 protein	GS3955	D87119	0.6476	Above
41	32979_at	GRB2-associated binding protein 1	GAB1	U43885	0.6457	Below
42	36591_at	tubulin alpha 1 testis specific	TUBA1	X06956	0.6427	Below
43	38739_at	v-ets avian erythroblastosis virus E26 oncogene homolog 2	ETS2	AF017257	0.6424	Below
44	37485_at	fatty-acid-Coenzyme A ligase very long-chain 1	FACVL1	D88308	0.6363	Above
45	538_at	CD34 antigen	CD34	S53911	0.6326	Below
46	37893_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase non- receptor type 2	PTPN2	AI828880	0.6318	Above
47	41017_at	myosin-binding protein H	MYBPH	U27266	0.6297	Above
48	37967_at	lymphocyte antigen 117	LY117	AF000424	0.6260	Below
49	37281_at	KIAA0233 gene product	KIAA0233	D87071	0.6250	Below
50	35675_at	vinexin beta SH3-containing adaptor molecule-1	SCAM-1	AF037261	0.6229	Below

		Table 25. Genes selected for V	Vilkins for H	yperdiploid >	50	
	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	Gene Symbol	Reference number	Train set score	Above Below Mean
1	39878_at	protocadherin 9	PCDH9	AI524125	0.5838	Below
2	41470_at	Prominin mouse like 1	PROML1	AF027208	0.5616	Above
3	39069_at	AE-binding protein 1	AEBP1	AF053944	0.5423	Below
4	1520_s_at	interleukin 1 beta	IL1B	X04500	0.5399	Above
5	578_at	Human recombination acitivating protein (RAG2) gene, last exon	RAG2	M94633	0.5208	Below
6	32251_at	hypothetical protein FLJ21174	FLJ21174	AA149307	0.5164	Above
7	40480_s_at	FYN oncogene related to SRC FGR YES	FYN	M14333	0.5090	Above
8	38604 at	neuropeptide Y	NPY	AI198311	0.5083	Above

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9	40903_at	ATPase H transporting lysosomal vacuolar proton pump membrane sector associated protein M8-9	APT6M8-9	AL049929	0.5080	Above
10	38968_at	SH3-domain binding protein 5 BTK-associated	SH3BP5	AB005047	0.5057	Above
11	37272_at	inositol 1 4 5-trisphosphate 3- kinase B	ITPKB	X57206	0.5025	Below
12	35688 g_at	mature T-cell proliferation 1	MTCP1	Z24459	0.5018	Above
13	1488_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type K	PTPRK	L77886	0.4977	Below
14	36885_at	spleen tyrosine kinase	SYK	L28824	0.4964	Below
15	1630_s_at	tyrosine kinase syk	syk	HG3730- НТ4000	0.4913	Below
16	38317_at	transcription elongation factor A SII like 1	TCEAL1	M99701	0.4901	Above
17	38649_at	KIAA0970 protein	KIAA0970	AB023187	0.4898	Below
18	39721_at	ephrin-B1	EFNB1	U09303	0.4895	Above
19	33307_at	kraken-like	BK126B4.1	AL022316	0.4880	Below
20	38518_at	sex comb on midleg Drosophila like	SCML2	Y18004	0.4879	Above
21	39402_at	interleukin 1 beta	IL1B	M15330	0.4750	Above
22	36489_at	phosphoribosyl pyrophosphate synthetase 1	PRPS1	D00860	0.4718	Above
23	37747_at	Human annexin V (ANX5) gene, exon 13.	(ANX5	U05770	0.4717	Above
24	40200_at	heat shock transcription factor 1	HSF1	M64673	0,4689	
25	35940_at	POU domain class 4 transcription factor 1	POU4F1	X64624	0.4685	Above
26	35727_at	hypothetical protein FLJ20517	FLJ20517	AI249721	0.4675	Below
27	1357_at	ubiquitin specific protease 4 proto- oncogene	USP4	U20657	0.4670	Below
28	36592_at	prohibitin	PHB	S85655	0.4668	
29	37014_at	myxovirus influenza resistance 1 homolog of murine interferon- inducible protein p78	MX1	M33882	0.4635	Above
30	40891_f_at	DNA segment on chromosome X unique 9879 expressed sequence	DXS9879E	X92896	0.4608	Above
31	40846_g_at	interleukin enhancer binding factor 3 90Kd		U10324	0.4605	Below
32	41132_r_at	heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein H2 H	HNRPH2	U01923	0.4605	Above
33	3 37280_at	MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila homolog 1	MADH1	U59912	0.4595	Below
34	35939_s_at	POU domain class 4 transcription factor 1	POU4F1	L20433	0.4594	Above
3.	5 890_at	ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2A RAD6 homolog	UBE2A	M74524	0.4570	Above
30	5 38738_at	SMT3 suppressor of mif two 3 yeast homolog 1	SMT3H1	X99584	0.4568	Above
3′	7 38458_at	Human cytochrome b5 (CYB5) gene, exon 6 and complete cds.	CYB5	L39945	0.4552	Above

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38	38869 at	KIAA1069 protein	KIAA1069	AB028992	0.4549	Above
	915_at	interferon-induced protein with tetratricopeptide repeats 1	IFIT1	M24594	0.4544	Above
40	38408_at	transmembrane 4 superfamily member 2	TM4SF2	L10373	0.4535	Above
41	39301_at	calpain 3 p94	CAPN3	X85030	0.4533	Below
42	41425_at	Friend leukemia virus integration 1	FLII	M98833	0.4519	Below
43	2094_s_at	v-fos FBJ murine osteosarcoma viral oncogene homolog	FOS	K00650	0,4514	Above
44	36605_at	transcription factor 4	TCF4	M74719	0.4497	Above
45	37709_at	DNA segment numerous copies expressed probes GS1 gene	DXF68S1E	M86934	0.4493	Above
46	36128_at	transmembrane trafficking protein	TMP21	L40397	0.4488	Above
47	171_at	von Hippel-Lindau binding protein 1	VBP1	U56833	0.4473	Above
48	41490_at	phosphoribosyl pyrophosphate synthetase 2	PRPS2	Y00971	0.4466	Above
49	36536_at	schwannomin interacting protein 1	SCHIP-1	AF070614	0.4448	Above
50	35843_at	Homo sapiens mRNA cDNA DKFZp434D0935		L40402	0.4443	Above
	Affymetrix number	Table 26. Genes Selecte Gene Name	ed by Wilkins Gene Symbol	for MLL Reference number	Train set	Above Below Mean
1	39402 at	interleukin 1 beta	IL1B	M15330	0.7355	Below
2	307 at	arachidonate 5-lipoxygenase	ALOX5	J03600	0.7221	Below
3	1389_at	membrane metallo-endopeptidase neutral endopeptidase enkephalinase CALLA CD10	MME	J03779	0.7178	Below
4	37280_at	MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila homolog 1	MADHI	U59912	0.7021	Below
5	36650_at	cyclin D2	CCND2	D13639	0.6759	Below
6	37043_at	inhibitor of DNA binding 3 dominant negative helix-loop-helix protein	ID3	AL021154	0.6743	Below
7	1520 s at	interleukin 1 beta	IL1B	X04500	0.6689	Below
8						
٥	40913_at	ATPase Ca transporting plasma membrane 4	ATP2B4	W28589	0.6684	Below
9		ATPase Ca transporting plasma membrane 4 schwannomin interacting protein 1	SCHIP-1	W28589 AF070614	0.6554	Below
9	40913_at	ATPase Ca transporting plasma membrane 4	SCHIP-1 PECAM1	W28589 AF070614 AA100961	0.6554 0.6548	Below
9	40913_at 36536_at	ATPase Ca transporting plasma membrane 4 schwannomin interacting protein 1 platelet/endothelial cell adhesion	SCHIP-1 PECAM1 DEPP	W28589 AF070614 AA100961 AB022718	0.6554 0.6548 0.6478	Below Below Below
9 10	40913_at 36536_at 37398_at	ATPase Ca transporting plasma membrane 4 schwannomin interacting protein 1 platelet/endothelial cell adhesion molecule CD31 antigen decidual protein induced by progesterone lymphocyte antigen 117	SCHIP-1 PECAM1 DEPP LY117	W28589 AF070614 AA100961 AB022718 AF000424	0.6554 0.6548 0.6478 0.6432	Below Below Below
9 10 11	40913_at 36536_at 37398_at 39114_at	ATPase Ca transporting plasma membrane 4 schwannomin interacting protein 1 platelet/endothelial cell adhesion molecule CD3 Indigen decidual protein induced by progestrome lymphocyte antigen 117 MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila	SCHIP-1 PECAM1 DEPP	W28589 AF070614 AA100961 AB022718	0.6554 0.6548 0.6478 0.6432 0.6421	Below Below Below Below
9 10 11 12 13	40913_at 36536_at 37398_at 39114_at 2 37967_at	ATPase Ca transporting plasma membrane 4 schwannomin interacting protein 1 platelet/endotholial cell adhesion molecule CD31 antigen decidual protein induced by progesterone lymphocyte antigen 117 MAD mothers against	SCHIP-1 PECAM1 DEPP LY117	W28589 AF070614 AA100961 AB022718 AF000424	0.6554 0.6548 0.6478 0.6432	Below Below Below

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16	38671 at	KIAA0620 protein	KIAA0620	AB014520	0.6353	Below
	33412_at	LGALS1 Lectin, galactoside- binding, soluble, 1	LGALS1	AI535946	0.6351	Above
18	40451 at	hypothetical protein FLJ21434	FLJ21434	AL080203	0.6350	Below
19	36908_at	Human macrophage mannose receptor (MRC1) gene, exon 30.	MRC1	M93221	0.6290	Below
20	963 at	ligase IV DNA ATP-dependent	LIG4	X83441	0.6282	Below
21	41346_at	like-glycosyltransferase	LARGE	AJ007583	0.6214	Below
22	32207_at	membrane protein palmitoylated 1 55kD	MPP1	M64925	0.6155	Below
23	2062_at	insulin-like growth factor binding protein 7	IGFBP7	L19182	0.6145	Above
24	38408_at	transmembrane 4 superfamily member 2	TM4SF2	L10373	0.6137	Below
25	854_at	B lymphoid tyrosine kinase	BLK	S76617	0.6075	Above
26	32193_at	plexin C1	PLXNC1	AF030339	0.6065	Above
27	35939_s_at	POU domain class 4 transcription factor 1	POU4F1	L20433	0.6046	Below
28	33705_at	phosphodiesterase 4B cAMP- specific dunce Drosophila homolog phosphodiesterase E4	PDE4B	L20971	0.5991	Below
29	34168_at	deoxynucleotidyltransferase terminal	DNTT	M11722	0.5979	Below
30	36383_at	v-ets avian erythroblastosis virus E26 oncogene related	ERG	M17254	0.5976	Below
31	38968_at	SH3-domain binding protein 5 BTK-associated	SH3BP5	AB005047	0.5976	Below
32	39263 at	2 5 oligoadenylate synthetase 2	OAS2	M87434	0.5967	Below
33	39329_at	actinin alpha 1	ACTN1	X15804	0.5953	Below
34	34699_at	CD2-associated protein	CD2AP	AL050105	0.5945	Below
35	1267 at	protein kinase C eta	PRKCH	M55284	0.5941	Below
36	35172 at	tyrosylprotein sulfotransferase 2	TPST2	AF049891	0.5937	Below
37	38124_at	midkine neurite growth-promoting factor 2	MDK	X55110	0.5936	Below
38	3 33813_at	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1B	TNFRSF1B	AI813532	0,5934	Below
39	34176_at	hypothetical protein from clone 643	LOC57228	AF091087	0.5930	Below
40	39424_at	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 14 herpesvirus entry mediator	TNFRSF14	U70321	0.5930	Below
4	1 40729_s_at	nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B- cells inhibitor-like 1	NFKBIL1	Y14768	0.5905	Below
42	2 32607_at	brain acid-soluble protein 1	BASP1	AF039656	0.5905	Above
43	38342_at	KIAA0239 protein	KIAA0239	D87076	0.5896	Below
4	4 32533_s_at	vesicle-associated membrane protein 5 myobrevin	VAMP5	AF054825	0.5880	Below
4:	5 39330_s_at	actinin alpha 1	ACTN1	M95178	0.5867	Below

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46 40519_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase	PTPRC	Y00638	0.5848	Above
47 39338_at	receptor type C S100 calcium-binding protein A10 annexin II ligand calpactin I light	S100A10	AI201310	0.5844	Above
48 35940_at	polypeptide p11 POU domain class 4 transcription factor 1	POU4F1	X64624	0.5824	Below
49 39712_at	S100 calcium-binding protein A13	S100A13	AI541308	0.5818	Below
50 39379_at	Homo sapiens mRNA cDNA DKFZp586C1019 from clone DKFZp586C1019		AI.049397	0.5811	Above

Table 27: Genes Selected by Wilkins' for Novel Risk Group

	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	Gene Symbol	Reference number	Train set score	Above/ Below Mean
1	31892_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type M	PTPRM	X58288	0.8668	Above
2	41734_at	KIAA0870 protein	KIAA0870	AB020677	0.8614	Below
3	995_g_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type M	PTPRM	X58288	0.8505	Above
4	994_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type M	PTPRM	X58288	0.7694	Above
5	37967_at	lymphocyte antigen 117	LY117	AF000424	0.7399	Below
б	34676_at	KIAA 1099 protein	KIAA1099	AB029022	0.7298	Above
7	41159_at	Clathrin heavy polypeptide Hc	CLTC	D21260	0.7283	Above
8	39728_at	interferon gamma-inducible protein 30		J03909	0.7138	Below
9	37542_at	lipoma HMGIC fusion partner-like 2	LHFPL2	D86961	0.7069	Above
10	35350_at	B cell RAG associated protein	BRAG	AB011170	0.7049	Below
11	41438_at	KIAA1451 protein	KIAA1451	AL049923	0.6999	Below
12	34370_at	Archain 1	ARCN1	X81198	0.6999	Below
13	36029_at	chromosome 11 open reading frame 8		U57911 ·	0.6964	Above
14	37960_at	carbohydrate chondroitin 6/keratan sulfotransferase 2		AB014679	0.6947	Above
15	35869_at	MD-1 RP105-associated	MD-1	AB020499	0.6908	Below
16	36601_at	Vinculin	VCL	M33308	0.6908	Below
17	40775_at	Integral membrane protein 2A	ITM2A	AL021786	0.6879	Above
18	37281_at	KIAA0233 gene product	KIAA0233	D87071	0.6837	Below
19	957_at	Arrestin, beta 2	ARRB2	HG2059- HT2114	0.6744	Below
20	33284_at	myeloperoxidase	MPO	M19507	0.6712	Below
21	40585_at	adenylate cyclase 7	ADCY7	D25538	0.6712	Below
22	37908_at	guanine nucleotide binding protein 11	GNG11	U31384	0.6656	Above
23	40167_s_at	CS box-containing WD protein	LOC55884	AF038187	0.6581	Below
24	38576_at	H2B histone family member B	H2BFB	AJ223353	0.6576	Below
25	36591_at	tubulin alpha 1 testis specific	TUBA1	X06956	0.6576	Below

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26 37712_g_at	MADS box transcription enhancer factor 2 polypeptide C myocyte	MEF2C	S57212	0.6576	Below
27 33924_at	enhancer factor 2C KIAA1091 protein	KIAA1091	AB029014	0.6484	Below
28 32724_at	phytanoyl-CoA hydroxylase Refsum disease	РНҮН	AF023462	0.6466	Above
29 33358 at	EST (retina)		W29087	0.6457	Above
30 33740_at	chromosome 1 open reading frame	C1ORF2	AF023268	0.6441	Below
31 36588 at	2 KIAA0810 protein	KIAA0810	AB018353	0.6441	Below
32 38802 at	progesterone binding protein	HPR6.6	Y12711	0.6441	Below
33 38408_at	transmembrane 4 superfamily member 2	TM4SF2	L10373	0.6440	Below
34 32227 at	proteoglycan 1 secretory granule	PRG1	X17042	0.6409	Below
35 34840_at	Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ22642 fis clone HSI06970		AI700633	0.6409	Below
36 1131_at	mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 2	MAP2K2	L11285	0.6409	Below
37 33410_at	integrin alpha 6	ITGA6	S66213	0.6391	Above
38 38006_at	CD48 antigen B-cell membrane protein	CD48	M37766	0.6342	Below
39 33907_at	eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4 gamma 3	EIF4G3	AF012072	0,6304	Below
40 41273_at	FK506 binding protein 12- rapamycin associated protein 1	FRAP1	AL046940	0.6304	Below
41 39781_at	insulin-like growth factor-binding protein 4	IGFBP4	U20982	0.6301	Below
42 39893_at	guanine nucleotide binding protein G protein gamma 7	GNG7	AB010414	0.6301	Below
43 37326_at	proteolipid protein 2 colonic epithelium-enriched	PLP2	U93305	0.6267	Below
44 36687_at	cytochrome c oxidase subunit VIIb	COX7B	N50520	0.6266	Below
45 40423_at	KIAA0903 protein	KIAA0903	AB020710	0.6254	Above
46 32542_at	four and a half LIM domains 1	FHL1	AF063002	0.6236	Below
47 33232_at	cysteine-rich protein 1 intestinal	CRIP1	AI017574	0.6211	Below
48 37280_at	MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila	MADH1	U59912	0.6208	Above
49 1325_at	homolog 1 MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila	MADH1	U59423	0.6208	Above
50 40729_s_at	homolog 1 nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B- cells inhibitor-like 1	NFKBIL1	Y14768	0.6199	Below

Table 28. Genes selected by Wilkins' for T-ALL

	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	Gene Symbol	Reference number	Train set score	Above/ Below Mean
1	38242 at	B cell linker protein	SLP65	AF068180	0.8683	Below
2	37988_at	CD79B antigen immunoglobulin- associated beta	CD79B	M89957	0.8422	Below
3	1096_g_at	CD19 antigen	CD19	M28170	0.8181	Below
4	39318_at	T-cell leukemia/lymphoma 1A	TCL1A	X82240	0.8128	Below
5	38018_g_at	CD79A antigen immunoglobulin- associated alpha	CD79A	U05259	0.8127	Below
6	36878_f_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DQ beta 1	HLA-DQB1	M60028	0.8053	Below
7	38147_at	SH2 domain protein 1A Duncan s disease lymphoproliferative syndrome	SH2D1A	AL023657	0.8016	Above
8	35350 at	B cell RAG associated protein	BRAG	AB011170	0.7914	Below
9	38051 at	mal T-cell differentiation protein	MAL	X76220	0.7900	Above
10	266_s_at	CD24 antigen small cell lung carcinoma cluster 4 antigen	CD24	L33930	0.7867	Below
11	38521_at	CD22 antigen	CD22	X59350	0.7856	Below
12	37344_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DM alpha	HLA-DMA	X62744	0.7835	Below
13	34033_s_at	leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor subfamily A with TM domain member 2	LILRA2	AF025531	0.7761	Below
14	36638_at	connective tissue growth factor	CTGF	X78947	0.7755	Below
15	38213_at	galactosidase alpha	GLA	U78027	0.7701	Below
16	41734_at	KIAA0870 protein	KIAA0870	AB020677	0.7693	Below
17	37711_at	MADS box transcription enhancer factor 2 polypeptide C myocyte enhancer factor 2C	MEF2C	S57212	0.7560	Below
18	36239_at	POU domain class 2 associating factor 1	POU2AF1	Z49194	0.7440	Below
19	38319_at	CD3D antigen delta polypeptide TiT3 complex	CD3D	AA919102	0.7426	Above
20	38894 g at	neutrophil cytosolic factor 4 40kD	NCF4	AL008637	0.7422	Below
21	33 <b>7</b> 05_at	phosphodiesterase 4B cAMP- specific dunce Drosophila homolog phosphodiesterase E4	PDE4B	L20971	0.7414	Below
22	38017_at	CD79A antigen immunoglobulin- associated alpha	CD79A	U05259	0.7360	Below
23	41156_g_at	catenin cadherin-associated protein alpha 1 102kD		U03100	0.7315	Below
	38994_at	STAT induced STAT inhibitor-2	STATI2	AF037989	0.7292	Below
25	37710_at	MADS box transcription enhancer factor 2 polypeptide C myocyte enhancer factor 2C	MEF2C	L08895	0.7283	Below
26	41155_at	catenin cadherin-associated protein alpha 1 102kD	CTNNA1	U03100	0.7278	Below

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27	40570_at	forkhead box O1A rhabdomyosarcoma	FOXO1A	AF032885	0.7258	Below
28	34224_at	fatty acid desaturase 3	FADS3	AC004770	0.7254	Below
29	38604_at	neuropeptide Y	NPY	AI198311	0.7212	Below
30	36773_f_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DQ beta 1	HLA-DQB1	M81141	0.7197	Below
31	32562_at	endoglin Osler-Rendu-Weber syndrome 1	ENG	X72012	0.7180	Below
32	36502_at	PFTAIRE protein kinase 1	PFTK1	AB020641	0.7179	Below
	37180_at	phospholipase C gamma 2 phosphatidylinositol-specific	PLCG2	X14034	0.7114	Below
	38893_at	neutrophil cytosolic factor 4 40kD	NCF4	AL008637	0.7100	Below
35	387_at	cyclin-dependent kinase 9 CDC2- related kinase	CDK9	X80230	0.7024	Below
36	32035_at	Human MHC class II HLA- DRw53-associated glycoprotein beta- chain mRNA complete cds		M16942	0.6992	Below
37	41153_f_at	Homo sapiens alphaE-catenin (CTNNA1) gene	CTNNA1	AF102803	0.6976	Below
38	40780_at	C-terminal binding protein 2	CTBP2	AF016507	0.6976	Below
39	40775_at	integral membrane protein 2A	ITM2A	AL021786	0.6952	Above
40	39402_at	interleukin 1 beta	IL1B	M15330	0.6945	Below
41	38522_s_at	CD22 antigen	CD22	X52785	0.6945	Below
42	41166_at	immunoglobulin heavy constant mu	IGHM	X58529	0.6941	Below
43	36937_s_at	PDZ and LIM domain 1 elfin	PDLIM1	U90878	0.6937	Below
44	38833_at	Human mRNA for SB classII histocompatibility antigen alpha- chain		X00457	0.6925	Below
45	2047_s_at	junction plakoglobin	JUP	M23410	0.6920	Below
46	36277_at	Human membran protein (CD3- epsilon) gene, exon 9.	CD3E	M23323	0.6899	Above
47	40688_at	linker for activation of T cells	LAT	AJ223280	0.6898	Above
48	39389_at	CD9 antigen p24	CD9	M38690	0.6879	Below
49	33162_at	Insulin receptor	INSR	X02160	0.6879	Below
50	31891_at	chitinase 3-like 2	CHI3L2	U58515	0.6872	Above

### Table 29. Genes Selected by Wilkins' for TEL-AML1

	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	Gene Symbol	Reference number	Train set score	Above/ Below Mean
1	37780_at	Piccolo presynaptic cytomatrix	PCLO	AB011131	0.7121	Above
2	38203_at	potassium intermediate/small conductance calcium-activated channel subfamily N member 1	KCNN1	U69883	0.7086	Above

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3	36524_at	Rho guanine nucleotide exchange factor GEF 4	ARHGEF4	AB029035	0.6782	Above
4	38578_at	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 7	TNFRSF7	M63928	0.6718	Above
5	32730_at	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA1750 protein partial cds		AL080059	0.6616	Above
6	34194_at	Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ21697 fis clone COL09740		AL049313	0.6518	Above
7	40272_at	collapsin response mediator protein 1	CRMP1	D78012	0.6160	Above
8	41819 at	FYN-binding protein FYB-120/130	FYB	U93049	0.6058	Above
9	1488_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type K	PTPRK	L77886	0.6056	Above
10	35665 at	phosphoinositide-3-kinase class 3	PIK3C3	Z46973	0.6022	Above
11	35614_at	transcription factor-like 5 basic helix- loop-helix	TCFL5	AB012124	0.5983	Above
12	36008_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase type IVA member 3	PTP4A3	AF041434	0.5976	Above
13	35362_at	Myosin X	MYO10	AB018342	0.5964	Above
	37908 at	guanine nucleotide binding protein 11	GNG11	U31384	0.5888	Above
	39329 at	Actinin alpha 1	ACTNI	X15804	0.5840	Below
	1936_s_at	proto-oncogene c-myc, alt. transcript 3, ORF 114		HG3523- HT4899	0.5761	Below
17	33690_at	Homo sapiens mRNA cDNA DKFZp434A202	DKFZp434 A202	AL080190	0.5725	Above
18	39389_at	CD9 antigen p24	CD9	M38690	0.5684	Below
	37343_at	inositol 1 4 5-triphosphate receptor type 3	ITPR3	U01062	0.5642	Above
20	1299_at	telomeric repeat binding factor 2	TERF2	X93512	0.5585	Above
21	38652_at	hypothetical protein FLJ20154	FLJ20154	AF070644	0.5563	Above
22	2 38763_at	(clone D21-1) L-iditol-2 dehydrogenase gene		L29254	0.5535	Below
23	37724_at	v-myc avian myelocytomatosis viral oncogene homolog	MYC	V00568	0.5506	Below
24	36937_s_at	PDZ and LIM domain 1 elfin	PDLIM1	U90878	0.5506	Below
2	5 1325_at	MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila homolog	MADH1	U59423	0.5482	Above
20	5 41549_s_at	adaptor-related protein complex 1 sigma 2 subunit	AP1S2	AF091077	0.5474	Below
2	7 39827_at	hypothetical protein	FLJ20500	AA522530	0.5471	Below
2	8 32724_at	phytanoyl-CoA hydroxylase Refsum disease	PHYH	AF023462	0.5459	Above
25	31786_at	Sam68-like phosphotyrosine protein T-STAR	T-STAR	AF051321	0.5403	Above
31	38570_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DO beta	HLA-DOB	X03066	0.5384	Above
3	1 39330_s_at	actinin alpha 1	ACTN1	M95178	0.5375	Below

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32 36493_at	lymphocyte-specific protein 1	LSP1	M33552	0.5356	Below Below
33 574_s_at	caspase 1 apoptosis-related cysteine protease interleukin 1 beta convertase	CASP1	M87507	0.5336	Below
34 32224 at	KIAA0769 gene product	KIAA0769	AB018312	0.5326	Above
35 1077 at	recombination activating gene 1	RAG1	M29474	0.5302	Above
36 37280_at	MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila homolog	MADH1	U59912	0.5283	Above
37 41200_at	CD36 antigen collagen type I receptor thrombospondin receptor like 1	CD36L1	Z22555	0.5261	Above
38 36009_at	hypothetical protein	CL683	AF091092	0.5259	Below
39 36933_at	N-myc downstream regulated	NDRG1	D87953	0.5254	Below
40 1126_s_at	Human cell surface glycoprotein CD44 (CD44) gene, 3' end of long tailed isoform.	CD44	L05424	0.5232	Below
41 39824 at	ESTs		AI391564	0.5231	Above
42 38078_at	filamin B beta actin-binding protein- 278	FLNB	AF042166	0.5208	Below
43 38127_at	syndecan 1	SDC1	Z48199	0.5199	Above
44 32941_at	interferon consensus sequence binding protein 1	ICSBP1	M91196	0.5195	Below
45 37276_at	IQ motif containing GTPase activating protein 2	IQGAP2	U51903	0.5191	Below
46 34768_at	DKFZP564E1962 protein	DKFZP564 E1962	AL080080	0.5184	Below
47 39781_at	insulin-like growth factor-binding protein 4	IGFBP4	U20982	0.5173	Below
48 37918_at	integrin beta 2 antigen CD18 p95 lymphocyte function-associated antigen 1 macrophage antigen 1 mac- l beta subunit	ITGB2	M15395	0.5162	Below
49 41490_at	phosphoribosyl pyrophosphate synthetase 2	PRPS2	Y00971	0.5155	Below
50 41814_at	fucosidase alpha-L- 1 tissue	FUCA1	M29877	0.5101	Above

# 5. SOM/DAV

The 10,991 probe sets that passed the variation filter were used for subsequent selection of discriminating genes using the self-organizing map (SOM) and

5 discriminant analysis with variance (DAV) programs in the GeneMaths software package (version 1.5, Applied Maths, Belgium). The subgroups for which genes were selected included T-lineage ALL, TEL-AML1, E2A-PBX1, MLL rearrangement, BCR-ABL, hyperdiploid ALL (chromosomal number > 50) and the novel subgroup described in the text of the paper. The target number of total genes chosen by each algorithm was 500.

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The SOM analysis was performed using 30 X 18 node format to enable an optimal number of genes per node (~20 genes per node). Nodes that contained genes whose expression varied more than 2-fold from the mean in more than 70% of the samples in a particular subgroup were chosen. A total of 451 genes were chosen using the SOM algorithm and 443 genes using the DAV algorithm. The combined gene sets contained 755 unique genes, of which 185 were present in both subsets. 2-D hierarchical clustering of the genes and samples were performed using Pearson's correlation coefficient as the metric and unweighted pair group method using arithmetic averages (UPGMA). Approximately 10% of the genes that were found to have correlation coefficients less than 0.7 in each branch of the dendrogram were removed and the process was repeated reiteratively until the correlation coefficient for all genes within a branch was > 0.7, or until the removal of additional gene resulted in a deterioration of the class distinction as indicated by inappropriate clustering of cases. Through this approach a subset of 215 genes were selected that optimally separated the 7 subgroups. These genes are listed in Tables 30-36. The selection of genes by this approach does not provide for a ranking. For class prediction between 20 and 30 genes were used for each genetic subgroup, unless otherwise stated.

Table 30. Genes selected by DAV-SOM for BCR-ABL

	Affymetrix	Gene Name	GeneSymbol	Reference	Above/
	number			number	Below Mean
1	39250_at	nephroblastoma overexpressed gene	NOV	X96584	Above
2	37600_at	extracellular matrix protein 1	ECM1	U68186	Above
3	38312_at	DKFZp564O222 from clone DKFZp564O222		AL050002	Above
4	38342_at	KIAA0239 protein	KIAA0239	D87076	Above
5	39712_at	S100 calcium-binding protein A13	S100A13	AI541308	Above
6	39730_at	v-abl Abelson murine leukemia viral oncogene homolog 1	ABL1	X16416	Above
7	39781_at	Insulin-like growth factor-binding protein 4	IGFBP4	U20982	Above
8	40051_at	TRAM-like protein	KIAA0057	D31762	Above
9	40504_at	paraoxonase 2	PON2	AF001601	Above
10	33362_at	Cdc42 effector protein 3	CEP3	AF094521	Above
11	33404_at	adenylyl cyclase-associated protein 2	CAP2	U02390	Above
12	34362_at	solute carrier family 2 facilitated glucose transporter member 5	SLC2A5	M55531	Above
13	36591_at	Tubulin alpha 1 testis specific	TUBA1	X06956	Above

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14 38077 at	collagen type VI alpha 3	COL6A3	X52022	Above
15 40196 at		HYA22	D88153	Above
16 1911_s_at	Growth arrest and DNA-damage- inducible alpha	GADD45A	M60974	Above
17 1702 at	interleukin 2 receptor alpha	IL2RA	X01057	Above
18 1635_at	Human proto-oncogene tyrosine-protein kinase (ABL) gene, exon 1a and exons 2-10, complete cds.	ABL	U07563	Above
19 1636_g_at	Human proto-oncogene tyrosine-protein kinase (ABL) gene, exon 1a and exons 2-10, complete cds.	ABL	U07563	Above
20 1326_at	Caspase 10 apoptosis-related cysteine protease	CASP10	U60519	Above
21 330_s_at	Tubulin, alpha 1, isoform 44	TUBA1	HG2259- HT2348	Above
	Table 31. Genes selected by DAV-	SOM for E2A-1	PBX1	
Affymetrix number	Gene Name	GeneSymbol	Reference number	Above/ Below Mean
1 33513 at	signaling lymphocytic activation molecule	SLAM	U33017	Above
2 37479 at	CD72 antigen	CD72	M54992	Above
3 37485_at	fatty-acid-Coenzyme A ligase very long- chain 1	FACVL1	D88308	Above
4 39614 at	KIAA0802 protein	KIAA0802	AB018345	Above
5 39929 at	KIAA0922 protein	KIAA0922	AB023139	Above
6 40648 at	c-mer proto-oncogene tyrosine kinase	MERTK	U08023	Above
7 41017 at	Myosin-binding protein H	MYBPH	U27266	Above
8 41425_at	Friend leukemia virus integration 1	FLI1	M98833	Above
9 41862 at	KIAA0056 protein	KIAA0056	D29954	Above
10 32063 at	pre-B-cell leukemia transcription factor 1	PBX1	M86546	Above
11 37225 at	KIAA0172 protein	KIAA0172	D79994	Above
12 38285 at	mu-crystallin gene		AF039397	Above
13 38285_at	KIAA1071 protein	KIAA1071	AB028994	Above
14 38340 at	huntingtin interacting protein-1-related	KIAA0655	AB014555	Above
15 39379_at	cDNA DKFZp586C1019 from clone DKFZp586C1019	11111111111	AL049397	Above
16 39402 at	interleukin 1 beta	IL1B	M15330	Above
17 40454 at	FAT tumor suppressor Drosophila homolog	g FAT	X87241	Above
18 41139 at	melanoma antigen family D 1	MAGED1	W26633	Above
19 41146_at	ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly ADP-ribose polymerase	ADPRT	J03473	Above
20 33355_at	Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ12900 fis clone NT2RP2004321		AL049381	Above
21 34783_s_at	BUB3 budding uninhibited by benzimidazoles 3 yeast homolog	BUB3	AF047473	Above

22 36179_at	mitogen-activated protein kinase-activated protein kinase 2	MAPKAPK2	U12779	Above
23 36589_at	aldo-keto reductase family 1 member B1 aldose reductase	AKR1B1	X15414	Above
24 38393_at	KIAA0247 gcne product	KIAA0247	D87434	Above
25 38438_at	Nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B-cells 1 p105	NFKB1	M58603	Above
26 1786 at	c-mer proto-oncogene tyrosine kinase	MERTK	U08023	Above
27 1520 s at	interleukin 1 beta	IL1B	X04500	Above
28 1287_at	ADP-ribosyltransferase NAD poly ADP-ribose polymerase	ADPRT	J03473	Above
29 854 at	B lymphoid tyrosine kinase	BLK	S76617	Above
30 753_at	Nidogen 2	NID2	D86425	Above
31 430_at	nucleoside phosphorylase	NP	X00737	Above
32 362_at	Protein kinase C zeta	PRKCZ	Z15108	Above
	Table 32. Genes selected by DAV/SO	M for Hyperdip	oloid >50	
Affymetrix number	Gene Name	GeneSymbol	Reference number	Above/ Below Mean
1 36795_at	prosaposin variant Gaucher disease and variant metachromatic leukodystrophy	PSAP	J03077	Above
2 38242_at	B cell linker protein	SLP65	AF068180	Above
2 20510 04	sor somb on midles Descentile like 2	CCMT 2	V19004	Ahorro

3 38518 at sex comb on midleg Drosophila like 2 SCML2 Y18004 Above 4 39628 at RAB9 member RAS oncogene family RAB9 U44103 Above 5 31863 at KIAA0179 protein KIAA0179 D80001 Above 6 33228 g at interleukin 10 receptor beta IL10RB AI984234 Above 7 33753 at KIAA0666 protein KIAA0666 AB014566 Above 8 37543 at Rac/Cdc42 guanine exchange factor GEF 6 ARHGEF6 D25304 Above SH3-domain binding protein 5 BTK-9 38968 at SH3BP5 AB005047 Above associated 10 39039 s at CGI-76 protein LOC51632 AI557497 Above 11 39329 at Actinin alpha 1 ACTN1 X15804 Above CD9 antigen p24 12 39389 at CD9 M38690 Above 13 32207 at membrane protein palmitovlated 1 55kD MPP1 M64925 Above 14 32236 at ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2G 2 UBE2G2 AF032456 Above homologous to yeast UBC7 hypothetical protein FLJ21174 FLJ21174 15 32251 at AA149307 Above 16 35764 at chromosome X open reading frame 5 OFD1 Y15164 Above 17 36620 at superoxide dismutase 1 soluble SOD1 X02317 Above amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 1 adult 18 36937 s at PDZ and LIM domain 1 elfin PDLIM1 U90878 Above 19 37326 at proteolipid protein 2 colonic epithelium-PLP2 U93305 Above

enriched

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20	37350_at	clone 889N15 on chromosome Xq22.1- 22.3. Contains part of the gene for a novel protein similar to X. laevis Cortical Thymocyte Marker CTX	PSMD10	AL031177	Above
21	38738_at	SMT3 suppressor of mif two 3 yeast homolog 1	SMT3H1	X99584	Above
22	39168_at	Ac-like transposable element	ALTE	AB018328	Above
	40903_at	ATPase H transporting 1ysosomal vacuolar proton pump membrane sector associated protein M8-9	APT6M8-9	AL049929	Above
24	32572_at	ubiquitin specific protease 9 X chromosome Drosophila fat facets related	USP9X	X98296	Above
25	1065_at	fms-related tyrosine kinase 3	FLT3	U02687	Above
26	306_s_at	high-mobility group nonhistone chromosomal protein 14	HMG14	J02621	Above
		Table 33: Genes selected by Da	AV/SOM for M	LL	
	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	GeneSymbol	Reference number	Above/ Below Mean
1	31492_at	Muscle specific gene	M9	AB019392	Above
2	36777_at	DNA segment on chromosome 12 unique 2489 expressed sequence	D12S2489E	AJ001687	Above
3	39301 at	Calpain 3 p94	CAPN3	X85030	Below
	41448_at	Homeo box A4	HOXA4	AC004080	Above
5	39424_at	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 14 herpesvirus entry mediator	TNFRSF14	U70321	Below
6	40076 at	Tumor protein D52-like 2	TPD52L2	AF004430	Above
7	40493_at	Human cell surface glycoprotein CD44 (CD44) gene, 3' end of long tailed isoform.	CD44	L05424	Above
8	40506_s_at	Homo sapiens polyadenylate binding protein mRNA, complete cds.		U75686	Above
9	40514_at	hypothetical 43.2 Kd protein	LOC51614	AF091085	Above
10	40763_at	Meis1 mouse homolog	MEIS1	U85707	Above
11	1 40797_at	a disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain 10	ADAM10	AF009615	Above
12	2 40798_s_at		ADAM10	Z48579	Above
13	3 41747_s_at	myocyte-specific enhancer factor 2A (MEF2A) gene	MEF2A	U49020	Above
14	4 32193_at	Plexin C1	PLXNCI	AF030339	Above
15	5 32215_i_at		KIAA0878	AB020685	Above
10	6 33412_at	LGALS1 Lectin, galactoside-binding, soluble, 1 (galectin 1)	LGALS1	AI535946	Above
17	7 34306_at	muscleblind Drosophila like	MBNL	AB007888	Above
18	8 34785_at	KIAA1025 protein	KIAA1025	AB028948	Above

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	19 35298_at	eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit 7 zeta 66/67kD	EIF3S7	U54558	Above
	20 36690_at	Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 1	NR3C1	M10901	Above
	21 37675_at	solute carrier family 25 mitochondrial carrier phosphate carrier member 3	SLC25A3	X60036	Above
	22 38391 at	capping protein actin filament gelsolin-like	CAPG	M94345	Above
	23 38413_at	defender against cell death 1	DAD1	D15057	Above
	24 39110_at	eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4B	EIF4B	X55733	Above
	25 39867_at	Tu translation elongation factor mitochondrial	TUFM	S75463	Above
	26 2062_at	With the Property of the Party	IGFBP7	L19182	Above
	27 2036_s_at	CD44 antigen homing function and Indian blood group system	CD44	M59040	Above
	28 1914_at	Cyclin A1	CCNA1	U66838	Above
	29 1327_s_at	mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase 5	MAP3K5	U67156	Above
	30 1126_s_at	Human cell surface glycoprotein CD44 (CD44) gene, 3' end of long tailed isoform.	CD44	L05424	Above
	31 1102_s_at	Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 1	NR3C1	M10901	Above
	32 873 at	homeo box A5	HOXA5	M26679	Above
	33 706_at	Glucocorticoid receptor, beta		HG4582- HT4987	Above
	34 657_at	protocadherin gamma subfamily C 3	PCDHGC3	L11373	Above
		Table 34. Genes selected by DAV/	SOM for Novel	Class	
	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	GeneSymbol	Reference number	Above/ Below Mean
	1 33137_at	latent transforming growth factor beta binding protein 4	LTBP4	Y13622	Above
	2 38081 at	leukotriene A4 hydrolase	LTA4H	J03459	Above
	3 38661 at	seb4D	HSRNASEB	X75314	Above
	4 39878 at	protocadherin 9	PCDH9	AI524125	Above
	5 35260 at	KIAA0867 protein	MONDOA	AB020674	Above
	6 1373_at	transcription factor 3 E2A immunoglobulin enhancer binding factors E12/E47	TCF3	M31523	Above
	7 35177 at	KIAA0725 protein	KIAA0725	AB018268	Above
	8 38618_at	Human PAC clone RP3-515N1 from 22q11.2-q22	LIMK2	AC002073	Above
	9 34947 at	phorbolin-like protein MDS019	MDS019	AA442560	Above
	10 40692_at	transducin-like enhancer of split 4 homolog of Drosophila E sp1	TLE4	M99439	Above

BCE-1

CHST2

AF068197

AB014679

Above

Above

11 38364\_at BCE-1 protein

12 37960\_at

carbohydrate chondroitin 6/keratan sulfotransferase 2

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13 994_at	Protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type M	PTPRM	X58288	Above
14 31892_at	Protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type M	PTPRM	X58288	Above
15 995_g_at	Protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type M	PTPRM	X58288	Above
16 41073_at	G protein-coupled receptor 49	GPR49	AI743745	Above
17 41708_at	KIAA1034 protein	KIAA1034	AB028957	Above
18 34376_at	protein kinase cAMP-dependent catalytic inhibitor gamma	PKIG	AB019517	Below
19 37978_at	quinolinate phosphoribosyltransferase nicotinate-nucleotide pyrophosphorylase carboxylating	QPRT	D78177	Below
20 38717_at	DKFZP586A0522 protein	DKFZP586A05 22	AL050159	Below
21 33999_f_at	Human L2-9 transcript of unrearranged immunoglobulin V H 5 pseudogene		X58398	Above
22 36181_at	LIM and SH3 protein 1	LASP1	X82456	Below
23 41202_s_at	conserved gene amplified in osteosarcoma	OS4	AF000152	Above
24 41138_at	Antigen identified by monoclonal antibodies 12E7 F21 and O13	MIC2	M16279	Below
25 40771_at	Moesin	MSN	Z98946	Above
26 39070_at	singed Drosophila like sea urchin fascin homolog like	SNL	U03057	Below
27 32562_at	endoglin Osler-Rendu-Weber syndrome 1	ENG	X72012	Below
28 36536_at	schwannomin interacting protein 1	SCHIP-1	AF070614	Below
29 36650_at	cyclin D2	CCND2	D13639	Below
30 39756_g_at	X-box binding protein 1	XBP1	Z93930	Above
31 34168_at	deoxynucleotidyltransferase terminal	DNTT	M11722	Above
32 1389_at	membrane metallo-endopeptidase neutral endopeptidase enkephalinase CALLA CD10	MME	J03779	Below
33 41213_at	peroxiredoxin 1	PRDX1	X67951	Above
34 36571_at	Topoisomerase DNA II beta 180kD	TOP2B	X68060	Above
35 253_g_at	clone GPCR W G protein-linked receptor gene (GPCR) gene, 5' end of cds.		L42324	Below
36 252_at	clone GPCR W G protein-linked receptor gene (GPCR) gene, 5' end of cds.		L42324	Above
37 2087_s_at	cadherin 11 type 2 OB-cadherin osteoblast	CDH11	D21254	Above
38 36976_at	cadherin 11 type 2 OB-cadherin osteoblast	CDH11	D21255	Above
_				
	Table 35. Genes selected by DA			
Affymetrix number	Gene Name	GeneSymbol	Reference number	Above/ Below Mean
1 35016_at	Human Ia-associated invariant gamma- chain gene, exon 8, clones lambda-y(1,2,3).		M13560	Below

2 36277\_at membrane protein (CD3-cpsilon) gene

CD3E M23323

Above

3	38147_at	SH2 domain protein 1A Duncan s disease lymphoproliferative syndrome	SH2D1A	AL023657	Above
4	38949 at	protein kinase C theta	PRKCQ	L01087	Above
	32649_at	transcription factor 7 T-cell specific HMG- box	TCF7	X59871	Above
6	33238_at	Human T-lymphocyte specific protein tyrosine kinase p56lck (LCK) aberrant mRNA, complete cds.	LCK	U23852	Above
7	35643 at	nucleobindin 2	NUCB2	X76732	Above
8	36473 at	ubiquitin specific protease 20	USP20	AB023220	Above
	38319_at	CD3D antigen delta polypeptide TiT3 complex	CD3D	AA919102	Above
10	39709_at	selenoprotein W 1	SEPW1	U67171	Above
11	40775_at	integral membrane protein 2A	ITM2A	AL021786	Above
12	32794 g at	T cell receptor beta locus	TRB	X00437	Above
13	37039_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DR alpha	HLA-DRA	J00194	Below
14	38051_at	mal T-cell differentiation protein	MAL	X76220	Above
15	38095_i_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DP beta 1	HLA-DPB1	M83664	Below
16	38096_f_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DP beta 1	HLA-DPB1	M83664	Below
17	38415_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase type IVA member 2	PTP4A2	U14603	Above
18	38833_at	Human mRNA for SB classII histocompatibility antigen alpha-chain		X00457	Below
19	2059_s_at	lymphocyte-specific protein tyrosine kinase	LCK	M36881	Above
20	1241_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase type IVA member 2	PTP4A2	U14603	Above
21	1105_s_at	T cell receptor beta locus	TRB	M12886	Above
		Table 36: Genes selected by DAV	SOM for TEL-	4ML1	
	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	GeneSymbol	Reference number	Above/ Below Mean
1	31508_at	upregulated by 1, 25-dihydroxyvitamin D-3	VDUP1	S73591	Above
2	33690_at	cDNA DKFZp434A202 from clone DKFZp434A202		AL080190	Above
3	34481_at	vav proto-oncogene, exon 27, and complete cds.	VAV	AF030227	Above
4	36239_at	POU domain class 2 associating factor 1	POU2AF1	Z49194	Above
	37470 at	Leukocyte-associated Ig-like receptor 1	LAIR1	AF013249	Above
6	38203_at	Potassium intermediate/small conductance calcium-activated channel subfamily N member 1	KCNN1	U69883	Above

7	38570_at	major histocompatibility complex class II DO beta	HLA-DOB	X03066	Above
8	38578_at	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 7	TNFRSF7	M63928	Above
9	38906_at	spectrin alpha erythrocytic 1 elliptocytosis	SPTA1	M61877	Above
10	40729_s_at	nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B-cells inhibitor-like 1	NFKBIL1	Y14768	Above
11	40745_at	adaptor-related protein complex 1 beta 1 subunit	AP1B1	L13939	Above
12	41097_at	telomeric repeat binding factor 2	TERF2	AF002999	Above
13	41381_at	KIAA0308 protein	KIAA0308	AB002306	Above
14	41442_at	core-binding factor runt domain alpha subunit 2 translocated to 3	CBFA2T3	AB010419	Above
15	31898_at	KIAA0212 gene product	KIAA0212	D86967	Above
16	32660_at	KIAA0342 gene product	KIAA0342	AB002340	Above
17	34194_at	cDNA FLJ21697 fis clone COL09740		AL049313	Above
18	35614_at	transcription factor-like 5 basic helix-loophelix	TCFL5	AB012124	Above
19	35665_at	Phosphoinositide-3-kinase class 3	PIK3C3	Z46973	Above
20	36008_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase type IVA member 3	PTP4A3	AF041434	Above
21	36524_at	Rho guanine nucleotide exchange factor GEF 4	ARHGEF4	AB029035	Above
22	36537_at	Rho-specific guanine nucleotide exchange factor p114	P114-RHO- GEF	AB011093	Above
23	37280_at	MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila homolog 1	MADH1	U59912	Above
24	38652_at	hypothetical protein FLJ20154	FLJ20154	AF070644	Above
25	41200_at	CD36 antigen collagen type I receptor thrombospondin receptor like 1	CD36L1	Z22555	Above
26	32224_at	KIAA0769 gene product	KIAA0769	AB018312	Above
27	36985_at	isopentenyl-diphosphate delta isomerase	IDI1	X17025	Above
28	38124_at	midkine neurite growth-promoting factor 2	MDK	X55110	Above
29	39824_at	ESTs		AI391564	Above
30	40570_at	forkhead box O1A rhabdomyosarcoma	FOXO1A	AF032885	Above
31	41498_at	KIAA0911 protein	KIAA0911	AB020718	Above
32	41814_at	fucosidase alpha-L- 1 tissue	FUCA1	M29877	Above
33	32579_at	SWI/SNF related matrix associated actin dependent regulator of chromatin subfamily a member 4	SMARCA4	D26156	Above
34	33162 at	insulin receptor	INSR	X02160	Above
	1779 s at	pim-1 oncogene	PIM1	M16750	Above
	1488_at	protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type K	PTPRK	L77886	Above

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37 1325_at	MAD mothers against decapentaplegic Drosophila homolog 1	MADH1	U59423	Above
38 1336_s_at	protein kinase C beta 1	PRKCB1	X06318	Above
39 1299_at	Telomeric repeat binding factor 2	TERF2	X93512	Above
40 1217_g_at	protein kinase C beta 1	PRKCB1	X07109	Above
41 1077_at	recombination activating gene 1	RAG1	M29474	Above
42 932_i_at	zinc finger protein 91 HPF7 HTF10	ZNF91	L11672	Above
43 880_at	FK506-binding protein 1A 12kD	FKBP1A	M34539	Above
44 755_at	inositol 1 4 5-triphosphate receptor type 1	ITPR1	D26070	Above
45 577_at	midkine neurite growth-promoting factor 2	MDK	M94250	Above
46 160029_at	protein kinase C beta 1	PRKCB1	X07109	Above

## C. Comparison of genes selected by the different metrics.

There is a high degree of overlap between the genes chosen by the various metrics, however the top ranked genes for each metric differ. Despite this, the top genes selected by the various metrics are all able to accurately identify the leukemia risk groups as detailed below. As a result, a limited number of genes can be used to accurately identify the genetic subtypes and one can use non-overlapping lists and still achieve high prediction accuracy. Thus, there are many genes that are distinct discriminators of these seven risk groups, and one need only to use a small subset of these in a supervised learning algorithm to accurately identify a case as belonging to the genetic subtype.

# D. Decision tree for the diagnosis of genetic subtypes

15 Classification was approached using a decision tree format, in which the first decision was T-ALL versus B-lineage (non-T-ALL). Within the B-lineage subset, cases were then sequentially classified into the known risk groups characterized by the presence of E2A-PBXI, TEL-AMLI, BCR-ABL, MLL chimeric genes, and lastly hyperdiploid >50 chromosomes. Cases not assigned to one of these classes were left unassigned. Classification was performed using the supervised learning algorithms described below.

### Description of Supervised Learning Algorithms

An analysis of the profiles was performed using alinear classifier, C4.5, and a variety

25 of different non-linear classifiers. The non-linear classifiers consistently outperformed

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the linear classifier. Therefore, only the description and data from non-linear classifiers are included below.

## 1. Support Vector Machine (SVM)

Support vector machine (SVM) selects a small number of critical boundary instances from each class and builds a linear discriminant function that separates them as widely as possible (Witten and Frank, Data Mining: Practical Machine Learning Tools and Techniques with Java Implementation, Morgan Kaufmann, 1999, herein incorporated by reference). In the case where no linear separation is possible, the technique of "kernel" is used to automatically inject the training instances into a higher dimensional space and a separator is learned in that space. The Weka version of SVM developed at the University of Waikato of New Zealand (www.cs.waikato.ac.nz/ml/weka), which implements Platt's sequence minimal optimization algorithm for training a support vector classifier using polynomial kernels was used (Platt, "Fast Training of Support Vector Machines Using Sequential Minimal Optimization," Advances in Kernel Methods—Support Vector Learning, Schlkpof et al., eds., MIT Press, 1998, herein incorporated by reference).

Prediction by Collective Likelihood of Emerging Patterns (PCL) 2. Emerging patterns (EPs) are a notion used in data mining to discover sharp differences between two classes of data (Dong and Li, "Efficient Mining of Emerging Patterns: Discovering Trends and Differences," Proc. 5th ACM SIGKDD International Conference on Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining, pp. 43-52 (1999), herein incorporated by reference). An EP is a pattern---the expression level of several genes in our case—whose frequency increases significantly from one class of samples to another class. In particular, the most general patterns that have infinite growth in the sense that their frequency in one class is 0% and in another class is greater than 0% and none of their proper subpatterns are EPs were identified. These EPs can then be combined into reliable rules for subtype prediction. Three earlier methods for classification based on EPs are JEP(Li et al. (2001) Knowledge and Information System 3:131-45, herein incorporated by reference), DeEPs (Li et al., "DeEPs: Instance-based Classification by Emerging Patterns," Proc. 4th European Conference on Principles and Practice of Knowledge Discovery in Databases, pp.

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191-200, 2000, herein incorporated by reference), and CAEP (Dong et al., "CAEP: Classification by Aggregation Emerging Patterns," Proc. 2nd International Conference on Discovery Science, pages 30-42, 1999, herein incorporated by reference).

In this analysis an original variation in the spirit of JEP but with a different manner of aggregating EPs was used. Given two training data sets  $D_p$  and  $D_n$  and a testing sample T, the first phase was to discover EPs from  $D_p$  and  $D_n$ . Denote the EPs of  $D_p$ , in descending order of frequency, as  $TopEP^p_{11}, \ldots, TopEP^p_{12}$ , and those of  $D_n$  as  $TopEP^p_{11}, \ldots, TopEP^p_{13}$ . Suppose T contains the following EPs of  $D_p$ :  $TopEP^p_{13}, \ldots, TopEP^p_{13}, \ldots, TopEP^p_{13}, \ldots$ , where  $il < i2 < \ldots < ix <= i$ ; and the following EPs of  $D_n$ :  $TopEP^n_{13}, \ldots, TopEP^n_{13}, \ldots, TopEP^n_{13}$ , where  $il < i2 < \ldots < iy <= j$ . In the next step, two scores were calculated for T: score<sub>p</sub> =  $\Sigma$ [frequency( $TopEP^p_{100}$ )/frequency( $TopEP^p_{100}$ )], summing over m = 1..k, where k << i and k << j. In this case, k is chosen to be 25. Finally, a prediction is made on T as follows: If score<sub>p</sub> > score<sub>n</sub>, then T is predicted to be in class  $D_p$ ; otherwise, it is predicted as class  $D_n$ .

The spirit of this variation is to measure how far the top k EPs contained in T are away from the top k EPs of a class. For example, if k=1, then score, indicates whether the number-one EP contained in T is far from the most frequent EP of  $D_p$ . If the score is the maximum value  $I_t$  then the "distance" is very close, namely the most common property of  $D_p$  is also present in this testing sample. With smaller scores, the distance becomes further and the likelihood of T belonging to  $D_p$  becomes weaker. Using more than one top-ranked EPs in this way leads to very reliable predictions. This variation of EP-based classification method was termed "prediction by collective likelihood of EPs" or PCL for short.

## k-Nearest Neighbor (k-NN)

k-NN is a typical instance-based learner where the class of a new instance is decided by the majority class of its k closest neighbors (Cover and Hart (1967) *IEEE Transactions on Information Theory* 13:21-27, herein incorporated by reference). This method was used with the Euclidean distance metric. Conceptually, this is one of the most straightforward methods and is often used as a baseline for comparison purposes. The data were normalized using the z-score method, then the "best" few

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genes were chosen using one of the statistical gene selection methods. For these experiments, the "top n" genes, where n=1-50, were used. The expression values of the top genes from each diagnostic sample were treated as a vector in n-dimensional space. To classify a new sample, the same top n genes were chosen, and the Euclidean distance was computed between this new vector and each vector in the training data. The prediction was made by a majority vote of the k nearest samples, where k=1 or k=3. In this experiment, k was set to 1.

# 4. Artificial Neural Network (ANN)

The artificial neural network (ANN) learning models built are all feedforward, fully connected, and non-recurrent. The input layer of each ANN contains
50 units, which correspond to the 50 input values (the "top 50" scoring genes). Each
ANN has one hidden layer with 4 units, and an output layer that contains two units,
which represent the two class labels. In a preprocessing step all input data was
normalized using the z-score method. The apparent error was estimated using 3-fold
cross-validation. That is, for each training procedure, the training samples were
randomly shuffled and divided into three groups of approximately equal size. A
model was built with two of the groups and the third group was set aside for
validation. This step was repeated three times, each time with a different group for
validation. This shuffling-training process was repeated ten times, resulting in 30
ANN models. Each test sample was fed into each of the 30 ANN models, and the
output was the average of the 30 outputs. The class predicted was the one that was
represented by the output unit with the larger average output value.

25 F. Table of results using the different algorithms to predict the genetic subgroups A summary of the true prediction accuracy on the blinded test set of 112 cases are presented in Tables 37-39. Sensitivity was calculated as the number of positive samples predicted /the number of true positives. Specificity was calculated as the number of negative samples predicted/the number of true negatives.

Table 37. True Prediction Accuracy Results on Test Set using SVM and ANN algorithms

				SVM		ANN
		Chi Sq	CFS	T-stats	SOM/DAV	Wilkins
T-ALL	True Accuracy	100	100	100	100	100
	Sensitivity	100	100	100	100	100
	Specificity	100	100	100	100	100
E2A-PBX1	True Accuracy	100	100	100	100	100
	Sensitivity	100	100	100	100	100
	Specificity	100	100	100	100	100
TEL-AML1	True Accuracy	99	99	98	97	100
	Sensitivity	100	100	100	100	100
	Specificity	98	98	97	97	100
BCR-ABL	True Accuracy	95	97	94	97	97
	Sensitivity	50	67	33	83	83
	Specificity	100	100	100	98	98
MLL	True Accuracy	100	98	100	97	100
	Sensitivity	100	100	100	86	100
	Specificity	100	98	100	100	100
H>50	True Accuracy	96	96	96	95	94
	Sensitivity	100	100	100	95	100
	Specificity	93	93	93	93	89

Table 38. True Prediction Accuracy Results on Test Set using k-NN

		k-NN			
		Chi Sq	CFS	T-stats	Wilkins'
T-ALL	True Accuracy	100	100	100	100
	Sensitivity	100	100	100	100
	Specificity	100	100	100	100
E2A-PBX1	True Accuracy	100	100	100	100
	Sensitivity	100	100	100	100
	Specificity	100	100	100	100
TEL-AMLI	True Accuracy	98	98	99	100
	Sensitivity	100	96	96	100
	Specificity	97	98	100	100
BCR-ABL	True Accuracy	94	97	95	93
	Sensitivity	33	67	50	67
	Specificity	100	100	100	96
MLL	True Accuracy	100	98	95	100
	Sensitivity	100	83	100	100
	Specificity	100	100	94	100
H>50	True Accuracy	98	96	94	98
	Sensitivity	100	100	95	100
	Specificity	96	93	93	96

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Table 39. True Prediction Accuracy Results on Test Set using PCL

		PC	CL
		Chi Sq	CFS
T-ALL	True Accuracy	100	100
	Sensitivity	100	100
	Specificity	100	100
E2A-PBX1	True Accuracy	ND	100
	Sensitivity	ND	100
	Specificity	ND	100
TEL-AMLI	True Accuracy	99	ND
	Sensitivity	96	ND
	Specificity	100	ND
BCR-ABL	True Accuracy	97	ND
	Sensitivity	67	ND
	Specificity	100	ND
MLL	True Accuracy	100	ND
	Sensitivity	100	ND
	Specificity	100	ND
H>50	True Accuracy	98	ND
	Sensitivity	100	ND
	Specificity	96	ND

The assignment of a leukemic sample to a specific biologic subgroup is more accurately reflected by its gene expression profile than by the presence or absence of a specific genetic lesion. For example, four patients that had expression profiles classified as TEL-AML1, despite lacking a TEL-AML1 chimeric message by the reverse transcriptase polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) were found to have an alteration in TEL, suggesting a common underlying biology. Thus, from a technical viewpoint, gene expression profiling provides a viable alternative to standard diagnostic approaches.

 G. Absence of correlation of expression data for genetic subtypes with stage of Bcell differentiation

The expression profiles of the different risk groups of B-cell leukemias do notcorrespond to markers of different stages of B-cell differentiation,. The first issue is defining the stage of B-cell differentiation. The defined stages of BM derived B-cells relevant to pediatric ALL are outlined below in Table 40, along with their frequency in pediatric ALL (Campana and Behm (2000). Immunologic Methods, 243:59-75). Three stages of differentiation are defined by a limited number of

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markers. In Table 41 below, the distribution of the leukemia cases into these B-cell differentiation stages is shown. As can be seen, none of the genetic subtypes is specifically associated with one of these three stages of differentiation. Thus, this simple analysis clearly shows that the majority of the chromosomal translocation subgroups in pediatric ALL do not correspond to a specific stage of B-cell. differentiation. This is a well-known fact in the field of pediatric ALL and differs from the relationship typically seen between chromosomal translocations and other genetic lesions, and the stage of differentiation seen in B-cell lymphomas.

Table 40. Immunophenotyping of acute lymphoblastic leukemias<sup>a</sup>

Subtype Leukocyte antigen expression (% of cases positive)				Frequency (%)		
	CD19	CD22	cIgµ	sΙgμ	sIg κ or λ	
Early Pre-B	100	>95	0	0	0	60-65
Pre-B	100	100	100	0	0	20-25
Transitional	100	100	100	100	0	1-3

Abbreviations: cIg  $\mu$ , cytoplasmic immunoglobulin  $\mu$  chain; sIg  $\mu$ , surface immunoglobulin  $\mu$  chain; sIg  $\kappa$  or  $\lambda$ , surface immunoglobulin  $\kappa$  or  $\lambda$  chains

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Table 41. Distribution of genetic subtypes by immunophenotype<sup>a</sup>

	EARLY PRE-B	PRE-B	TRANSITIONAL PRE B
E2A	0	17	6
TEL	55	23	0
BCR	11	3	0
MLL	12	6	1
Hyperdip>50	49	9	5
Novel	8	4	1
Total	172	77	24

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>For this analysis, samples with other immunophenotypes (NOS or mature B-cell) were not included

The next goal was to determine whether a set of genes that could accurately identify subjectss by their stage of differentiation, regardless of leukemai risk group. To accomplish this, cases were assigned into one of three classes, early pre-B, pre-B, or transitional pre-B based on their immunophenotype. The top 50 genes that distinguished each group from the other two groups were selected using the Wilkins' metric. These genes were then used in an ANN analysis to assess their performance in correctly classifying the 273 diagnostic B-lineage ALL samples, for which a stage of differentiation could be determined, through a process of cross validation. The results of this analysis are included below.

Table 42. Accuracy Results for immunophenotype discrimination using Willring? matric and ANN algorithm

Witkins' metric and ANN algorithm					
Accuracy	Sensitivity	Specificity			
78.39%	85.47%	66.34%			
71.79%	38.96%	84.69%			
91.24%	33.33%	96.79%			
SCells with CD19+, CD22+, cytoplasmic Iqu-, surface Iqu- immunophenotype					
<sup>b</sup> Cells with CD19+, CD22+, cytoplasmic Igμ+, surface Igμ- immunophenotype					
	Accuracy 78.39% 71.79% 91.24%	Accuracy Sensitivity 78.39% 85.47% 71.79% 38.96% 91.24% 33.33% t+, cytoplasmic Igµ-, surface Igµ- im			

°Cells with CD19+, CD22+, cytoplasmic Igu+, surface Igu+ immunophenotype

The selected genes perform rather poorly in correctly assigning cases to specific B-

cell differentiation stages, with accuracies well below those achieved for prediction of the genetic subgroups. When these genes are used in a two-dimensional hierarchical 10 clustering algorithm they failed to cluster cases by immunophenotype, but instead, resulted in the loose clustering of some of the genetic subgroups, including E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, BCR-ABL, MLL, and hyperdiploid >50. The analysis was repeated using genes selected by DAV and again, no clustering of the 15 immunophenotypically-defined stages was observed. Thus, it was not possible to identify expression profiles that can accurately identify the immunophenotypicallydefined differentiation stages of pediatric B-cell ALL. Moreover, the expression profiles that were defined for the genetic subtypes are not profiles that correspond to specific stages of B-cell differentiation. Although some of the genes that define 20 specific genetic subtypes can be associated with a particular stage of B-cell differentiation, the majority of the discriminating genes show no correlation with differentiation.

#### H. Results for relapse prediction

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In the prediction of whether a patient would go into continuous complete remission or would relapse, a subtype-specific approach was adopted. An individual classifier was constructed for each subtype of ALL. Given a sample, the subtype was first predicted, and then the corresponding subtype-specific prognostic classifier was invoked to predict whether the patient would relapse. This subtype-specific approach was required because an expression profile predictive of relapse for the entire group could not be defined.

In the construction of the type-specific classifiers, genes were selected by CFS unless this algorithm returned >20 genes, in which case the top 20 ranked genes by T-

statistics were used. When the T-statistics method was used, the selection of how many among the top 20 T-statistics genes were to be used was made by performing cross validation experiments—that is, the top n genes for n = 1...20 were picked the n that gave the best cross validation results was selected. The cross validation results for the optimal choice of genes are summarized in Table 43 below. The genes that were chosen for use in subtype-specific relapse predictions are summarized in Table 44.

Table 43. Results of relapse prediction on indicated subgroups

						P value by
	Relapse	CCR	# genes	metric	Accuracy	permutation test
T-ALL	8	26	7	t-stats	97	0.034
H>50	5	43	13	t-stats	100	0.018
TEL-AML1	3	56	7	CFS	100	0.145
MLL	5	7	4	t-stats	100	0.104
Others	4	56	20	t-stats	98.3	0.079

Table 44. Genes selected by T-statistics/CFS for relapse (T-ALL) GeneSymbol Reference Above/ Gene Name Number Below Mean TBXAS1 D34625 Above Human TBXAS1 gene for thromboxane synthase AB007851 Above Homo sapiens mRNA for 41-kDa phosphoribosylpyrophosphate synthetaseassociated protein Z82206 Above Human DNA sequence from PAC 370M22 X83301 Above Human spinal muscular atrophy gene SMA5 L05424 Above Human cell surface glycoprotein CD44 CD44 KIAA0056 D29954 Above Human mRNA for KIAA0056 gene U01923 Above Human BTK region clone ftp-3 mRNA

Table 45 Genes Selected by T statistics/CES for relapse Hyperdiploid > 50

	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	Gene Symbol	Reference Number	Above/ Below Mean
1	37721_at	deoxyhypusine synthase	DHPS	U79262	Above
2	38721_at	KIAA1536 protein	KIAA1536	W72733	Above
3	40120_at	hydroxyacyl glutathione hydrolase	HAGH	X90999	Above
4	41386_i_at	KIAA0346 protein	KIAA0346	AB002344	Above

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5	38677_at	stress 70 protein chaperone microsome-associated 60kD	STCH	U04735	Above
6	37620_at	Human TFIID subunits TAF20 and TAF15 mRNA, complete cds.		U57693	Above
7	34703 f at	EST		AA151971	Above
8	38355_at	DEAD/H Asp-Glu-Ala-Asp/His box polypeptide Y chromosome	DBY	AF000984	Above
9	41214 at	ribosomal protein S4 Y-linked	RPS4Y	M58459	Above
10	34530_at	Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ22448 fis clone HRC09541		W73822	Above
11	603_at	nuclear receptor subfamily 2 group C member 1	NR2C1	M29960	Above
12	32697_at	inositol myo 1 or 4 monophosphatase 1	IMPA1	AF042729	Above
13	41129_at	KIAA0033 protein	KIAA0033	D26067	Above
14	33333_at	KIAA0403 protein	KIAA0403	AB007863	Above
15	37078_at	CD3Z antigen zeta polypeptide TiT3 complex	CD3Z	J04132	Above
16	38148_at	cryptochrome 1 photolyase-like	CRY1	D83702	Above
17	39150_at	ring finger protein 11	RNF11	U69559	Above
18	33869_at	DKFZp586N1323 from clone DKFZp586N1323		AL080218	Above
19	41447_at	KIAA0990 protein	KIAA0990	AB023207	Above
20	39369_at	KIAA0935 protein	KIAA0935	AB023152	Above

	Table 46: Genes selected by T-statistics/CFS for relapse (TEL-AMLII)						
	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	Gene Symbol	Reference number	Above/ Below Mean		
1	35797_at	Human interleukin-13 gene	IL-13Ra	Y10659	Above		
2	37524_at	Human death-associated protein kinase	DRAK2	AB011421	Above		
3	34243_i_at	Human 1(3)mbt protein homolog mRNA		U89358	Above		
4	41398_at	Homo sapiens mRNA. CDNA DKFZp564A186		AL049305	Above		
5	35195 at	H. sapiens mRNA for phosphate cyclase		Y11651	Above		
6	32393 s at	Homo sapiens cDNA		W27466	Above		
7	31909_at	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0754 protein	KIAA0754	AB018297	Above		

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Table 47: Genes selected by T-statistics/CFS for relapse (MLL)

,	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	Gene Symbol	Reference number	Above/ Below Mean
1	294_s_at	Protein Kinase Pitslre, Alpha, Alt. Splice 1-Feb			Below
2	38226_at	23h11 Homo sapiens cDNA		W27152	Below
3	1398_g_at	Human protein kinase (MLK-3) mRNA	HUMMLK3A	L32976	Above
4	409_at	Human mRNA for 14.3.3 protein, a protein kinase regulator		X56468	Below

# Table 48: Genes selected by T-statistics/CFS for relapse (Others)

	Affymetrix number	Gene Name	GeneSymbol	Reference number	Above Below Mean
1	33782_r_at	nn82f03.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA, 3 end /clone=IMAGE-1090397		AA587372	Above
2	33338_at	Human transcription factor ISGF-3 mRNA		M97936	Above
3	40242_at	Human (clone N5-4) protein p84 mRNA		L36529	Above
4	37018_at -	qd05c04.x1 Homo sapiens cDNA, 3 end /clone=IMAGE-1722822		AI189287	Above
5	38337_at	Homo sapiens zinc finger protein mRNA		U62392	Above
6	41464_at	Human mRNA for KIAA0339 gene	KIAA0339	AB002337	Above
7	38064_at	H.sapiens lrp mRNA	LRP	X79882	Above
8	33173_g_at	yc89b05.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA, 5 end /clone=IMAGE-23231		T75292	Below
9	33365_at	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0945 protein	KIAA0945	AB023162	Above
1	0 39367_at	ni38e08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA, 3 end /clone=IMAGE-979142		AA522537	Above
1	1 41108_at	Homo sapiens mRNA for putative GTP-binding protein	PGPL	Y14391	Above
1	2 37304_at	Homo sapiens heterochromatin protein p25 mRNA	P25beta	U35451	Below
1	3 40359_at	Human DNA-binding protein (HRC1) mRNA	HRC1	M91083	Above
1	4 32792_at	Human DNA sequence from clone 465N24 on chromosome 1p35.1-36.13. Contains two novel genes, ESTs, GSSs and CpG islands		AL031432	Above
1:	5 34726_at	Human voltage-gated calcium channel beta subunit mRNA		U07139	Above
1	6 40299_at	Homo sapiens G-protein coupled receptor RE2 mRNA,		AF091890	Above

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17 40704_at	H.sapiens mRNA for phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase	Z29090	Above
18 38568_at 19 32038_s_at	Homo sapiens p53 binding protein mRNA wi30c12.x1 Homo sapiens cDNA, 3 end /clone=IMAGE-2391766	U82939 AI739308	Above Above
20 39613_at	H.sapiens HUMM9 mRNA	X74837	Above

#### Permutations test results

As the number of relapse samples were small, in addition to the usual cross validation experiments, 1000 permutation experiments were performed for each subtype-specific relapse study. In each permutation experiment, the samples were re-partitioned in a manner that preserved class size by randomly swapping the class labels ("relapse" or "continuous complete remission"). The same metric was then employed to pick the same number of genes as in the original partitioning of the samples given by the original class labels. SVM was then used to obtain a prediction accuracy by cross validation for this random partition using these freshly selected genes. The percentage of these 1000 permutation experiments was taken as a p-value that gave an indication on how many random partitions of the original samples could achieve the same accuracy as the original samples. The results of these permutation experiments are summarized in the last column of Table 43 above. These results show that the high accuracy obtained on the predictability of relapse in T-lineage ALL, Hyperdiploid>50, and others are unlikely to be a random event. The higher p-values obtained for the subtypes of TEL-AML1 and MLL are probably due to the small number of relapse samples available for analysis.

Table 49. Permutation test results for predictors of T-ALL relapse

Rank	Affymetrix number	t-statistic value	Perm 1%	Perm 5%	neighbors
1	33777 at	7.8337	7.3774	5.4783	6
2	41853 at	6.1727	6.5948	4.8117	16
3	38866 at	5.9890	6.0293	4.5611	12
4	41643 at	5.6106	5.6815	4.3877	12
5	1126 s at	5.4777	5.5162	4.2375	11
6	41862 at	5.3734	5.3759	4.1208	11
7	41131 f at	4.9134	5.2280	4.0295	17

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Table 50. Permutation test results for predictors of Hyperdiploid > 50 relapse

	Affymetrix	t-statistics			
Rank	number	value	Perm 1%	Perm 5%	neighbors
1	37721_at	8.7160	12.7358	9.9506	75
2	38721_at	8.4162	10.7256	8.8438	59
3	40120_at	7.2736	9.9837	8.0383	73
4	41386_i_at	6.3436	9.0552	7.5579	88
5	38677_at	6.2698	8.8633	7.2466	88
6	37620_at	6.2174	8.4154	6.9604	82
7	34703_f_at	6.0770	8.0982	6.8835	83
8	38355_at	5.5120	7.8657	6.7434	92
9	41214_at	5.4262	7.6583	6.6094	90
10	34530_at	5.4013	7.5991	6.5109	87
11	603_at	5.3142	7.5903	6.4409	87
12	32697_at	5.1785	7.5146	6.3265	90
13	41129_at	5.1450	7.3939	6.2121	88
14	33333_at	5.1061	7.2601	6.1389	87
15	37078_at	5.0738	7.1484	6.0308	86
16	38148_at	4.9256	6.9688	5.9230	93
17	39150_at	4.9061	6.9273	5.9015	93
18	33869_at	4.8256	6.8900	5.8367	93
19	41447_at	4.7919	6.8135	5.7621	93
20	39369_at	4.7790	6.7731	5.7391	92

Individually, the discriminating genes for relapse in T-ALL are significant at either the 1% or 5% level, while those for hyperdiploid >50 fall at approximately the 7% level.

Table 51 Results of relance prediction on indicated subgroups

					Accurac	P value by
	Relapse	CCR	# genes	metric	У	permutation test
T-ALL	8	26	7	t-stats	97	0.034
H>50	5	43	13	t-stats	100	0.018
TEL-AML1	3	56	7	CFS	100	0.145
MLL	5	7	4	t-stats	100	0.104
Others	4	56	20	t-stats	98.3	0.079

As the number of relapse samples were small, in addition to the usual cross validation experiments, 1000 permutation experiments were also performed for each subtype-specific relapse study. In each permutation experiment, the samples were repartitioned in a manner that preserved class size by randomly swapping the class labels ("relapse" or "continuous complete remission"). The same metric was employed to pick the same number of genes as in the original partitioning of the

samples given by the original class labels. SVM was then used to obtain a prediction accuracy by cross validation for this random partition using these freshly selected genes. The percentage of these 1000 permutation experiments was taken as a p-value that gave an indication on how many random partitions of the original samples could achieve the same accuracy as the original samples. The results of these permutation experiments are summarized in the last column of Table 51 above. These results show that the high accuracy obtained on the predictability of relapse in T-lineage ALL, Hyperdiploid>50, and others are unlikely to be a random event. The p-values for the subtypes of TEL-AML1 and MLL are weaker than the other subtypes. However, in the case of TEL-AML1 the number of relapse samples were exceedingly small (3) and in the case of MLL the number of relapse and non-relapse samples were both very small.

#### I. Results for secondary AML prediction

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random event.

For the secondary AML prediction, the same subtype-specific approach was adopted as described earlier in relapse prediction. This time only the TEL-AML1 15 subtype had sufficient number of samples for a secondary AML prediction model to be developed. For this model, the MIT score (Golub et al. (1999) Science 286:531-37, herein incorporated by reference) was used to select genes and SVM to perform classification using these genes. The MIT score of a gene is defined as  $T = |\mu_1|$  $\mu_2$  /( $\sigma_1 + \sigma_2$ ), where  $\mu_i$  is the mean expression of that gene in the  $i^{th}$  class and  $\sigma_i$  is the 20 standard deviation of that gene in the ith class. This formula assigns higher value to a gene that has larger mean difference between two classes and has smaller variance within both classes. The 20 genes with the highest MIT scores in TEL-AML1 patients that went into continuous complete remission versus those TEL-AML1 samples that developed secondary AML are listed in Table 52 below. 100% accuracy for 25 secondary AML prediction accuracy was achieved on TEL-AML1 specific subtype samples using these 20 genes. A permutation test was also performed in the same manner as described earlier in the subtype-specific relapse prediction, and obtained a p-value of 0.031 was obtained, demonstrating that the predictability of the development of secondary AML in TEL-AML1 -specific patients was unlikely to be a

Table 52. Genes selected by MIT score for secondary AML

	Affymetrix Number	Gene Name	Gene Symbol	Reference Number	Above/ Below Mean
T	EL-AMLI				
1	34890_at	ATPase H transporting lysosomal vacuolar proton pump alpha polypeptide 70kD isoform 1	ATP6A1	L09235	Above
2	40925_at	hypothetical protein FLJ10803	FLJ10803	AA554945	Above
3	1719_at	mutS E. coli homolog 3	MSH3	U61981	Above
4	32877_i_at	EST IMAGE:954213		AA524802	Above
5	32650_at	neuronal protein	NP25	Z78388	Above
6	33173_g_at	hypothetical protein FLJ10849	FLJ10849	T75292	Above
7	32545_r_at	RSU-1/RSP-1	RSU-1	L12535	Above
8	34889_at	ATPase H transporting lysosomal vacuolar proton pump alpha polypeptide 70kD isoform 1	ATP6A1	AA056747	Above
9	35180_at	cDNA DKFZp586F1323 from clone DKFZp586F1323		AL050205	Above
10	34274_at	KIAA1116 protein	KIAA1116	AB029039	Above
1	35727_at	hypothetical protein FLJ20517	FLJ20517	AI249721	Above
13	2 1627_at	tyrosine kinase (GB:Z25437)		HG2715- HT2811	Above
13	3 1461_at	nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B-cells inhibitor alpha	NFKBIA	M69043	Below
14	4 36023_at	lacrimal proline rich protein	LPRP	AI864120	Above
1:	5 39167_r_at	serine or cysteine proteinase inhibitor clade H heat shock protein 47 member 2	SERPINH2	D83174	Above
10	5 39969_at	H4 histone family member G	H4FG	AA255502	Above
1	7 38692_at	NGFI-A binding protein 1 ERG1 binding protein 1	NAB1	AF045451	Above
1	3 1594_at	polymerase RNA II DNA directed polypeptide C 33kD	POLR2C	J05448	Above
1	9 33234_at	RBP1-like protein	LOC51742	AA887480	Above
2	34739_at	hypothetical protein FLJ20275	FLJ20275	W26023	Above

Table 53. Permutation test results for secondary AML

Rank	Affymetrix number	t-statistics number	Perm 1%	Perm 5%	Perm median	neighbors
1	34890 at	1.2204	2.7933	2,2138	1,4712	822
2	40925 at	1.0712	2.0006	1.7607	1.2884	859
3	1719_at	1.0599	1.8536	1.6272	1.1894	767
4	32877_i_at	1.0364	1.7125	1.5218	1.1200	715
5	32650_at	1.0217	1.6580	1.4584	1.0776	646
6	33173_g_at	1.0126	1.5868	1.4132	1.0416	595
7	32545_r_at	1.0097	1.5536	1.3630	1.0223	536
8	34889_at	0.9959	1.5164	1.3241	1.0009	512
9	35180_at	0.9854	1.4838	1.2938	0.9777	477
10	34274_at	0.9420	1.4759	1.2721	0.9600	550
11	35727_at	0.8493	1.4482	1.2507	0.9415	809
12	1627_at	0.8471	1.4207	1.2398	0.9254	782
13	1461_at	0.8312	1.4012	1.2260	0.9114	801
14	36023_at	0.8177	1.3551	1.2012	0.8995	813
15	39167_r_at	0.8136	1.3462	1.1806	0.8894	790
16	39969_at	0.8122	1.3395	1.1702	0.8785	759
17	38692_at	0.8109	1.3333	1.1565	0.8696	729
18	1594_at	0.8103	1.3142	1.1503	0.8626	696

Table 54: Additional Genes selected by		
	BCR-ABL risk group	
Gene symbol	Accession Number	
TUBA1	HG2259-HT2348	
TUBA1	X06956	
CRADD	U84388	
SLC2A5	M55531	
PHYH	AF023462	
ZFPL1	AF001891	
CD34	S53911	
KIAA0015	D13640	
CLECSF2	X96719	
CD34	M81945	
GAB1	U43885	
E2F5	U31556	
CLTB	M20470	
ENG	X72012	
LOC55884	AF038187	
TNFRSF1A	M58286	
TMSNB	D82345	
SNL	U03057	

KIAA0990	AB023207
MAP1A	W26631
MYPT2	AB007972
IFI30	J03909
ERPROT213-21	U94836
DKFZP586A052	AL050159
2	
LOC51109	AA126515
	W29087
TSTA3	U58766
TNFRSF1B	AI813532
GSN	X04412
KIAA0582	AI761647
STATI2	AF037989
	AL049313
ITGA4	X16983
FLJ20500	AA522530
SDR1	AF061741
ARHGEF4	AB029035
C18ORF1	AF009426
MAPK14	U19775
FHL1	AF063002
GATA3	X58072
KIAA0076	D38548
KCNN1	U69883
POM121L1	D87002
IFI30	J03909
ABL1	X16416
	D83018
MEST	D78611
S100A4	W72186
D12S2489E	AJ001687
ATP2B4	W28589
CTGF	X78947
RGS1	S59049
CDK9	X80230
0.012	AI524873
STIM1	U52426
	U48801
	M64929
	U13022
THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR OF	U34044
	D83699
	AB020677
	U07563
	S76965
	AA306076

CD97	X94630
HCK	M16591
FYN	M14333
KIR2DL3	AC006293
DMPK	L08835
N33	U42360
FLJ13949	AL041879
PRKCZ	Z15108
IL17R	U58917
FMR2	U48436
INSR	M10051
AHNAK	M80899
KIAA0878	AB020685
CD86	U04343
	U82303
KIAA1043	AL033538
N33	U42349
SYN47	Y17829
ITPR1	D26070
SFRS9	AL021546
EPOR	M60459
GAC1	AF030435
CAMK4	D30742
KIAA0084	D42043
LAT	AJ223280
XBP1	Z93930
FLT3LG	U03858
TESK1	D50863
	AF070633
KIAA0681	U89358
FUT8	Y17979

	itional Genes selected
by statistics for E	2A-PBX1 Risk Group
Gene symbol	Accession Number
PBX1	M86546
	AL049381
FAT	X87241
BLK	S76617
IRF4	U52682
GS3955	D87119
KIAA0802	AB018345
SCHIP-1	AF070614
SNL	U03057
KIAA0655	AB014555
GS3955	D87119
	-115-

GFBP7		
CSF2RB         H04668           STATIZ         AF037989           KIAA1029         AB028952           KIAA0247         D87434           AL049397         NP           X00737         TM48F2           L10373         ALOX5           J03600         LRMP           LRMP         U10485           PTPN2         AI82880           ALOX5AP         AI806222           AEBP1         AF053944           TGFBR2         D50683           ODC1         M33764           NID2         D86425           ODC1         X16277           CBX1         U35451           CSF3R         M59820           KIAA0172         D79994           ILIB         M15330           KIAA0172         D79994           ILIB         M15330           KIAA0922         AB023139           LOC51097         AA005018           TUBA1         X06956           TGA6         S66213           NFKBIL1         X14768           ADPRT         J03473           CSF3R         M59818           EFNB1         U09303           CD9	IGFBP7	L19182
STATIZ         AF037989           KIAA1029         AB028952           KIAA0247         D87434           LA049397         NP           X00737         TM4SF2           LI0373         ALOX5           J03600         LRMP           U10485         PTPN2           AB28880         ALOX5AP           AIB06222         AEBP1           AF053944         TGFBR2           D50683         ODC1           NID2         D86425           ODC1         X16277           CBX1         U35451           CSF3R         M59820           KIAA0172         D7994           ILIB         M15330           KIAA0172         D7994           ILIB         M15330           KIAA0922         AB023139           LOC51097         AA005018           TUBA1         X06956           TTGA6         S66213           NFKBIL1         Y14768           ADPRT         J03473           CSF3R         M59818           EFNB1         U09303           CD9         M38690           CDKNZD         M40543           KIAA0442	CDKN1A	U03106
KIAA1029	CSF2RB	H04668
KIAA0247   D87434     AL049397     NP	STATI2	AF037989
AL049397   NP   X00737   TM4SF2	KIAA1029	AB028952
NP	KIAA0247	D87434
TM4SF2		AL049397
ALOXS J03600 LRMP U10485 PTPN2 AI82880 ALOX5AP AI806222 AEBP1 AF053944 TGFBR2 D50683 ODC1 M33764 NID2 D86425 ODC1 X16277 CBX1 U35451 CSF3R M59820 KIAA0172 D7994 ILIB M15330 KIAA0922 AB023139 LOC51097 AA005018 TUBA1 X06956 ITGA6 S66213 NFKBIL1 Y14768 ADPRT J03473 ADPRT J03473 ADPRT J03473 CSF3R M59818 EFNB1 U09303 CD9 M38690 CDKN2D U40343 KIAA0442 AB007902 PRKCZ Z15108 AF055029 RECK D50406 GOLGA3 D63997 ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASP1 X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004066 AD03684	NP	X00737
LRMP	TM4SF2	L10373
PTPN2 AI828880 ALOX5AP AI806222 AEBP1 AF053944 TGFBR2 D50683 ODC1 M33764 NID2 D86425 ODC1 X16277 CBX1 U35451 CSF3R M59820 KIAA0172 D79994 IL1B M15330 KIAA0172 D79994 IL1B M15330 KIAA0922 AB023139 LOC51097 AA005018 TUBA1 X06956 TUBA1 X06956 TUBA1 Y14768 ADPRT J03473 CSF3R M59818 EFNB1 U09303 CD9 M38690 CDKN2D U40343 KIAA0442 AB007902 PRKCZ Z15108 AF055029 RECK D50406 GOLGA3 D63997 ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASP1 X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004666 ADADRII U76421	ALOX5	J03600
ALOXSAP AI806222 AEBP1 AF053944 TGFBR2 D50683 ODC1 M33764 NID2 D86425 ODC1 X16277 CBX1 U35451 CSF3R M59820 KIAA0172 D7994 IL1B M15330 KIAA0922 AB023139 LOC51097 AA005018 TUBA1 X06956 ITGA6 S66213 NFKBIL1 Y14768 ADPRT J03473 ADPRT J03473 ADPRT J03473 CSF3R M59818 EFNB1 U09303 CD9 M38690 CDWN2D U40343 KIAA0442 AB007902 PRKCZ Z15108 AF055029 RECK D50406 GOLGA3 D63997 ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASP1 X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004666 AD0151 HIGHEST AB004666 ADADRII U76421	LRMP	U10485
AEBP1 AF053944 TGFBR2 D50683 ODC1 M33764 NID2 D86425 ODC1 X16277 CBX1 U35451 CSF3R M59820 KIAA0172 D79994 IIL1B M15330 KIAA0922 AB023139 LOC51097 AA005018 TUBA1 X06956 TTGA6 S66213 NFKBIL1 Y14768 ADPRT J03473 ADPRT J03473 ADPRT J03473 CSF3R M59818 EFNB1 U09303 CD9 M38690 CDWAD2 U40343 KIAA0442 AB007902 PRKCZ Z15108 AF055029 RECK D50406 GOLGA3 D63997 ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASP1 X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004066 AD016421	PTPN2	AI828880
TGFBR2	ALOX5AP	AI806222
ODC1   M33764   NID2   D86425   ODC1   X16277   CBX1   U35451   CSF3R   M59820   KIAA0172   D7994   IL1B   M15330   KIAA0922   AB023139   LOC51097   AA005018   TUBA1   X06956   TTGA6   S66213   NFKBIL1   Y14768   ADPRT   J03473   ADPRT   J03473   ADPRT   J03473   ADPRT   J03473   CSF3R   M59818   EFNB1   U09303   CD9   M38690   CD6N2D   U40343   KIAA0442   AB007902   PRCZ   Z15108   AF055029   RECK   D50406   GOLGA3   D63997   ZAP70   L05148   FLII   M98833   LASP1   X82456   AJ001381   TBXA2R   D38081   BHLHB2   AB004666   AD04781   U76421   AB04666   AD04781   U76421   U76421   AD04781   U76421	AEBP1	AF053944
ODC1   M33764   NID2   D86425   ODC1   X16277   CBX1   U35451   CSF3R   M59820   KIAA0172   D7994   IL1B   M15330   KIAA0922   AB023139   LOC51097   AA005018   TUBA1   X06956   TTGA6   S66213   NFKBIL1   Y14768   ADPRT   J03473   ADPRT   J03473   ADPRT   J03473   ADPRT   J03473   CSF3R   M59818   EFNB1   U09303   CD9   M38690   CD6N2D   U40343   KIAA0442   AB007902   PRCZ   Z15108   AF055029   RECK   D50406   GOLGA3   D63997   ZAP70   L05148   FLII   M98833   LASP1   X82456   AJ001381   TBXA2R   D38081   BHLHB2   AB004666   AD04781   U76421   AB04666   AD04781   U76421   U76421   AD04781   U76421	TGFBR2	D50683
NID2   D86425     ODC1   X16277     CBX1   U35451     CSF3R   M59820     KIAA0172   D79994     II.1B   M15330     KIAA0922   AB023139     LOCS1097   AA005018     TUBA1   X06956     TUBA2   X09473     CSF3R   M59818     EFNB1   U09303     CDSPAT   X09303     CDSPAT   X109303     CDSPAT   X		
ODC1		
CBX1		CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON NAMED OF THE PERSON N
CSF3R   M59820		
KIAA0172 D79994 II.1B M15330 KIAA0922 AB023139 LOC51097 AA005018 TUBA1 X06956 ITGA6 S66213 NFKBIL1 Y14768 ADPRT J03473 ADPRT J03473 CSF3R M59818 EFNBI U09303 CD9 M38690 CDKN2D U40343 KIAA0442 AB007902 PRKCZ Z15108 AF055029 RECK D50406 GOLGA3 D63997 ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASP1 X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004666 AD04666 AB040666 AD04611		
IL1B M15330 KIAA0922 AB023139 LOC51097 AA005018 TUBA1 X06956 ITGA6 S66213 NFKBIL1 Y14768 ADPRT J03473 ADPRT J03473 ADPRT J03473 CSF3R M59818 EFNB1 U09303 CD9 M38690 CDWN2D U40343 KIAA0442 AB007902 PRKCZ Z15108 AF055029 RECK D50406 GOLGA3 D63997 ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASPI X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004666 AD0ABBI U76421		A MARK MARK CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE P
KIAA0922   AB023139   LOCS1097   AA005018   TUBA1   X06956   ITGA6   S66213   NFKBIL1   Y14768   ADPRT   J03473   ADPRT   J03473   CSF3R   M59818   EFNB1   U09303   CD9   M38690   CDKN2D   U40343   KIAA0442   AB007902   PRKCZ   Z15108   CECK   Z15108   CECK   D50406   GOLGA3   D63997   ZAP70   L05148   FLI1   M98833   LASP1   X82456   AJ001381   TBXA2R   D38081   BHLHB2   AB004666   AD0ARB1   U76421		
LOCS1097		
TÜBAI X06956 ITGA6 \$66213 NFKBIL1 Y14768 ADPRT J03473 ADPRT J03473 ADPRT J03473 CSF3R M59818 EFNB1 U09303 CD9 M38690 CDWN2D U40343 KIAA0442 AB007902 PRKCZ Z15108 AF055029 RECK D50406 GOLGA3 D63997 ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASPI X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004066 AD0ARBI U76421		
ITGA6   S66213     NFKBIL1   Y14768     ADPRT   J03473     ADPRT   J03473     ADPRT   J03473     CSF3R   M59818     EFNB1   U09303     CD9   M38690     CDKN2D   U40343     KIAA0442   AB007902     PRKCZ   Z15108     RECK   D50406     GOLGA3   D63997     ZAP70   L05148     FLII   M98833     LASP1   X82456     AJ001381     TBXA2R   D38081     BHLHB2   AB004066     ADARBI   U76421		
NFKBIL1 Y14768 ADPRT J03473 ADPRT J03473 CSF3R M59818 EFNB1 U09303 CD9 M38690 CDKN2D U40343 KIAA0442 AB007902 PRKCZ Z15108 AF055029 RECK D50406 GOLGA3 D63997 ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASP1 X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004066 AD0ABB1 U76421		
ADPRT J03473 ADPRT J03473 ADPRT J03473 CSF3R M59818 EFNB1 U09303 CD9 M38690 CDKN2D U40343 KIAA0442 AB007902 PRKCZ Z15108 AF055029 RECK D50406 GOLGA3 D63997 ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASPI X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004066 AD0461		
ADPRT J03473  CSF3R M59818  EFNB1 U09303  CD9 M38690  CDKN2D U40343  KIAA0442 AB007902  PRKCZ Z15108  AF055029  RECK D50406  GOLGA3 D63997  ZAP70 L05148  FLII M98833  LASP1 X82456  AJ001381  TBXA2R D38081  BHLHB2 AB004066  ADARBI U76421		
CSF3R M59818 EFNB1 U09303 CD9 M38690 CDKN2D U40343 KIAA0442 AB007902 PRKCZ Z15108 AF055029 RECK D50406 GOLGA3 D63997 ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASP1 X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB04066 AD0ABB1 U76421		
EFNB1 U09303 CD9 M38690 CDKN2D U40343 KIAA0442 AB007902 PRKCZ Z15108 AF055029 RECK D50406 GOLGA3 D63997 ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASPI X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004066 AD0ARBI U76421		
CD9 M38690 CDKN2D U40343 KIAA0442 AB007902 PRKCZ Z15108 AF055029 RECK D50406 GOLGA3 D63997 ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASP1 X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004066 ADARBI U76421		
CDKN2D U40343 KIAA0442 AB007902 PRKCZ ZI51018 AF055029 RECK D50406 GOLGA3 D63997 ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASP1 X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004066 AD0AB1 U76421		
KIAA0442 AB007902 PRKCZ Z15108 AF055029 RECK D50406 GOLGA3 D63997 ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASPI X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004066 ADARBI U76421		
FRKCZ         Z15108           AF055029         RECK           RECK         D50406           GOLGA3         D63997           ZAP70         L05148           FLI1         M98833           LASP1         X82456           AJ001381         TBXA2R           D38081         BHLHB2           AB04066         ADARBI           U76421         U76421		
AF055029  RECK D50406  GOLGA3 D63997  ZAP70 L05148  FLII M98833  LASP1 X82456  AJ001381  TBXA2R D38081  BHLHB2 AB004066  ADARBI U76421		
RECK D50406 GOLGA3 D63997 ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASPI X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004066 ADARBI U76421		
GOLGA3 D63997 ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASP1 X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004066 ADARBI U76421		
ZAP70 L05148 FLII M98833 LASP1 X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004066 ADARBI U76421		the late of the control of the contr
FLII M98833 LASP1 X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004066 ADARBI U76421		
LASP1 X82456 AJ001381 TBXA2R DJ8081 BHLHB2 AB004066 ADARB1 U76421		
AJ001381   TBXA2R   D38081   BHLHB2   AB004066   ADARB1   U76421		
TBXA2R D38081 BHLHB2 AB004066 ADARB1 U76421		
BHLHB2 AB004066 ADARB1 U76421		
ADARB1 U76421		
F1FN0 [A02055		
	L I L I NO	AU2U33

	X58398
TIMP1	D11139
KIAA0554	AB011126
SRP14	AI525652
ATP9A	AB014511
HELO1	AL034374
GNAQ	U43083
POU4F1	X64624
MERTK	U08023
KIAA0625	AB014525
PCLO	AB011131
IL7R	AF043129
ITGA6	X53586
TUBA1	HG2259-HT2348
PIR121	L47738
MAGED1	W26633
CD48	M37766
TLR1	AL050262
NPR1	X15357
GLUL	X59834
DAPK1	X76104
	X58398
ARHGEF4	AB029035
NKEFB	L19185
	AL049435
ITM2A	AL021786
RAG2	M94633
	L24521
SCGF	AF020044
PRKACB	M34181
KCNN4	AF022797
KCNN1	U69883
MAPKAPK2	U12779
PIN	AI540958
TOP2B	X68060
GATA2	M68891
IL1B	X04500
PDE3B	U38178
DGKD	D73409
KIAA0993	AB023210
ADAM10	AF009615
IGLL1	M27749
PDLIM1	U90878
PRKAR1A	M33336
CD34	S53911
GLA	U78027
	-117-

BAZ1B	AF072810
EFNA1	M57730
FADS3	AC004770
FLT3	U02687
LOC57228	AF091087
BCL6	U00115
BMP2	M22489
CD22	X59350
KIAA0429	AB007889
DKFZP434C171	AL080169
DIG 21 4540171	
CTBP2	AF016507
	M11810
SIAT9	AB018356
CYBB	X04011
AKR1B1	X15414
NFKBIL1	Y14768
UBE2V1	U49278
DOC-1R	AF089814
BUB3	AF047473
IL7R	M29696
ACK1	L13738
ENIGMA	L35240
KIAA1071	AB028994
IGL	AI932613
MN1	X82209
KIAA0823	AB020630
NFKB1	M58603
CD24	L33930
YWHAQ	X56468
VDAC1	L06132
	D63476
P85SPR	AL022326
SYNGR1	Z35102
NDR	
JMJ	AL021938
PRSC1	D55696
MRC1	M93221
	AI184710
CRIP1	AI017574
KIAA0056	D29954
	AF039397
	U79265
SLAM	U33017
LYL1	AC005546
KIAA0620	AB014520
VDAC1P	AJ002428
SRP9	AF070649
	-118-

PRDX1	X67951
SLC9A3R1	AF015926
CD72	M54992
ECM1	U68186
PPP2R5A	L42373
HDGF	D16431
MERTK	U08023
	L02326
CD34	M81945
IL17R	U58917
ARL7	AB016811
P4HA2	U90441
BZRP	M36035
F13A1	M14539
KRAS2	M54968
BS69	X86098
ORP150	U65785
<u> </u>	D28915
LEF1	AL049409
SH2D1A	AL023657
LY6E	U66711
FACVL1	D88308
EPB42	M60298
DI D72	AL049471
BMI1	L13689
KCNJ13	N36926
N33	U42349
VIL2	X51521
CCNG2	U47414
C18ORF1	AF009425
NUMA1	Z11584
DBN1	U00802
FLT3	U02687
	AB020661
KIAA0854	AI656421
MGC4175	AB023229
KIAA1012	D78134
CIRBP	
ST5	U15131
KIAA0001	D13626
CCR1	D10925
CD19	M28170
SNRPE	AA733050
CR2	M26004
HEXA	M16424
HEXA IFIT4	AF026939 W26667

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EPOR	M60459
TMSNB	D82345
GCLM	L35546
H41	H15872
TUBB2	HG1980-HT2023
TNFAIP2	M92357
GAB1	U43885
PTPRK	L77886
BCL7A	X89984

Table 56: Additional Genes selected by T statistics for Hyperdiploid >50 Risk Group

	Kisk Group		
Gene symbol	Accession Number		
SH3BP5	AB005047		
FLT3	U02687		
MX1	M33882		
NPY	AI198311		
SOD1	X02317		
PTPRK	L77886		
IL1B	X04500		
CD9	M38690		
FLT3	U02687		
PGK1	V00572		
EFNB1	U09303		
FOS	K00650		
IL1B	M15330		
MRC1	M93221		
HMG14	J02621		
SNRP70	X06815		
PDLIM1	U90878		
ALOX5	J03600		
RAG2	M94633		
CALM1	U12022		
KIAA1013	AB023230		
NDUFA1	N47307		
FOS	V01512		
DXS1357E	X81109		
ICSBP1	M91196		
ETS2	J04102		
PCDH9	AI524125		
LILRA2	AF025531		

PCT/US03/08486

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PSAP	J03077
SCHIP-1	AF070614
CCND2	D13639
KCNN1	U69883
ALTE	AB018328
IGFBP4	U20982
M9	AB019392
SCML2	Y18004
LOC51632	AI557497
UBE2G2	AF032456
STATI2	AF037989
ATRX	U72936
APT6M8-9	AL049929
PTPRE	X54134
GILZ	AI635895
PECAM1	AA100961
ARHGEF4	AB029035
ECM1	U68186

Table 57: Additional Genes selected by T statistics for the MLL Risk Group	
Gene symbol	Accession Number
EPOR	M60459
CD44	L05424
PRKCH	M55284
MADH1	U59423
KLF1	U65404
MME	J03779
PTPRK	L77886
IL1B	X04500
YES1	M15990
ARPC2	U50523
IGFBP4	M62403
ITPR3	U01062
	M13929
EFNB1	U09303
FHIT	U46922
NME2	X58965
CCND2	X68452
MPB1	M55914

CDH2	M34064
IGFBP7	L19182
ALOX5	J03600
PTGDR	U31099
PLXNC1	AF030339
EIF3S2	U39067
BLVRA	X93086
HSPC022	W68830
	S67247
MYLK	U48959
SLC6A11	S75989
	X67098
SERPINB1	M93056
LGALS1	AI535946
HRK	D83699
	AL049313
HBS1L	AB028961
KIAA0437	AB022660
GDI2	Y13286
ITGA4	X16983
EEF1B2	X60489
MD-1	AB020499
POU4F1	X64624
TST	X59434
PTPRF	Y00815
ARHGEF4	AB029035
SCHIP-1	AF070614
ASMTL	AA669799
DDR1	L20817
N33	U42360
CR2	M26004
AHNAK	M80899
SCGF	AF020044
EPB49	U28389
PSPHL	AJ001612
MADH1	U59912
ITPR3	U01062
DPEP1	J05257
AKAP12	U81607
DBI	AI557240
KIAA0736	AB018279
MAL	X76220
S100A4	W72186
MDK	X55110
CRK	D10656
	_122_

CAPG	M94345
KCNH2	U04270
KIAA1069	AB028992
DKFZP564L0862	AL080091
KIAA0298	AB002296
DGKD	D73409
DEPP	AB022718
	AL049957
CD8B1	X13444
EFNB1	U09303
	AI391564
LDOC1	AB019527
EFNA1	M57730
CD44	L05424
PTPRC	Y00062
PTPRC	Y00638
PTPRC	Y00638
TFPI	M59499
TSPAN-5	AF065389
BCL11A	W27619
	AJ001381
KIAA1011	AL080133
FYB	U93049
DKFZp761F2014	AA149431
FGFR1	X66945
	M63589
PTPN6	X62055

Table 58: Additional Genes selected by T statistics for the Novel Risk Group	
Gene symbol	Accession Number
CHST2	AB014679
CLTC	D21260
TUBA1	X06956
GNG11	U31384
PCDH9	AI524125
MDS019	AA442560
RAG2	M94633
ITGA6	X53586
UBE2E3	AB017644
CD34	S53911
CD34	M81945
FGFR1	M34641

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ECM1	U68186
MADH1	U59423
FUT7	AB012668
PROML1	AF027208
CSNK2A1	M55265
FLNB	AF042166
	U59912
MADH1 LIG4	X83441
THE R. LEWIS CO., LANSING, MICH.	Y09723
ZNF151 CSF3R	M59818
CSF3R	AL080205
om Lyra	NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE OWNER, WHEN PERSON AND PARTY AND PERSON ASSESSMENT AND PARTY AND PARTY AND PARTY.
STAU2	AL079286 AF053944
AEBP1	
KIAA0320	AB002318
KIAA0746	AB018289
PTPRM	X58288
IGFBP4	M62403
ZNF266	AA868898
PDLIM1	U90878
MTMR3	AB002369
TIMP1	D11139
TTC2	W28595
TM4SF2	L10373
PSA	AA978353
HTR4	Y12505
MMS19L	AF007151
	AI391564
TJP2	L27476
BMP2	M22489
ARL7	AB016811
TLR1	AL050262
SMC2L1	AF092563
TGFBR2	D50683
TGFBR2	D50683
SPARC	J03040
GPRK5	L15388
CDH2	M34064
KIAA0877	AB020684
ABLIM	D31883
RNF3	W25793
CCBP2	1194888
CHN2	U07223
ITGA4	X16983
IOGAP2	U51903
	W80358
FLJ22531	U86453
PIK3CD	U80433

XYD2	H94881
	W30677
AMPD3	U29926
	D78577
KIAA0125	D50915
FADS3	AC004770
DKFZP434C171	AL080169
EST00098	AI885170
BMP2	M22489
LILRB4	AF072099
KIAA0429	AB007889
DKFZP586G0522	AL050289
	U92818
ATIC	D82348
MONDOA	AB020674
CNK1	AF100153
NGFR	M14764
KIAA0540	AB011112
MYO10	AB018342
PIASX-BETA	AF077954
ACVR1	Z22534
ARHGEF10	AB002292
PON2	AF001601
TST	X59434
SPTBN1	M96803
ERCC2	AA079018
PRSC1	D55696
DKFZP434D174	AL080150
	AI184710
CD8B1	X13444
	U79265
DKFZp761F2014	AA149431
MEF2A	U49020
JAG2	AF029778
ZNF143	AF071771
CASP1	U13697
HAP1	AF040723
FABGL	D82061
ALDH1	K03000
RAD9	U53174
	AL109722
CDC27	AA166687
B4GALT1	D29805

PTPRM	X58288	
AHR	L19872	
N33	U42349	
TL12RB2	U64198	
MTR	U73338	
KIAA0697	AB014597	
CSNK2B	M30448	
	U15590	
	W28612	
HSU79253	AF052186	
RBBP1	S57153	
S100A11	D38583	
TCF12	M80627	
	AI971169	
EEF1E1	N32257	
SAP18	AW021542	
PVRL1	AF060231	
	M13929	
MKP-L	AF038844	
	W26667	
CD79B	M89957	
KIAA0437	AB022660	
	AF070633	
GCLM	L35546	
EDG6	AJ000479	
MAL	X76220	

Table 59: Additional Genes selected by		
T statistics for the T-ALL Risk Group		
Gene symbol	Accession Number	
SLP65	AF068180	
CD3D	AA919102	
SH2D1A	AL023657	
CD79B	M89957	
CD3E	M23323	
CTGF	X78947	
PFTK1	AB020641	
TRB	X00437	
CD24	L33930	
CD22	X52785	
TOP2B	X68060	
CD22	X59350	
TCL1A	X82240	
BRAG	AB011170	
CD79A	U05259	
SCHIP-1	AF070614	

MAL	X76220	
HLA-DQB1	M16276	
PDE4B	L20971	
HLA-DQB1	M60028	
CD19	M28170	
KIAA0959	AB023176	
LILRA2	AF025531	
PTPN18	X79568	
MEF2C	L08895	
PTP4A2	U14603	
NPY	AI198311	
GAB1	U43885	
lck	U23852	
TCF7	X59871	
TERF2	X93512	
ITM2A	AL021786	
MEF2C	S57212	
SLC9A3R1	AF015926	
ENG	X72012	
DEPP	AB022718	
IL1B	X04500	
IL1B	M15330	
ECM1	U68186	
HLA-DMA	X62744	
CRMP1	D78012	
WFS1	AF084481	
PRKCQ	L01087	
GNG7	AB010414	
	X58398	
CDKN1A	U03106	
CD9	M38690	
PTK2	L13616	
TRB	M12886	
IFI35	L78833	
NUCB2	X76732	
KIAA0942	AB023159	
VATI	U18009	
ARL7	AB016811	
USP20	AB023220	
PLCG2	X14034	
PRDX1	X67951	
POU2AF1	Z49194	
CMAH	D86324	
ALOX5	J03600	
PTPN7	M64322	
MEF2C	S57212	

KIAA0668	AL021707	
LOC54103	AL079277	
EFNB1	U09303	
HELO1	AL034374	
ADF	S65738	
KIAA0906	AB020713	
IGFBP4	U20982	
LDHB	X13794	
CTNNA1	U03100	
ENO2	X51956	
LAT	AJ223280	
PTPN7	D11327	
	M16942	
CSRP2	U57646	
GLA	U78027	
ADA	X02994	
RGS10	AF045229	
KIAA0870	AB020677	
CD3Z	J04132	
STATI2	AF037989	
GSN	X04412	
INSR	X02160	
HLA-DNA	M31525	
CD72	M54992	
ЕРНВ6	D83492	
MYLK	U48959	
HLA-DQA1	AA868382	
LCK	M36881	
FHL1	AF063002	
CRIM1	AI651806	
AQP3	N74607	
HLA-DQB1	M81141	
GNG11	U31384	
LARGE	AJ007583	
FOXO1A	AF032885	
NPR1	X15357	
GAB1	U43885	
PTPRE	X54134	
PDLIM1	U90878	
NCF4	AL008637	
ARHGEF4	AB029035	
PTP4A2	U14603	
CTNNA1	AF102803	
SEPW1	U67171	
CHI3L2	U58515	
LILRA2	U82277	

CD79A	U05259	
TCL1B	AB018563	
TCF4	M74719	
TACTILE	M88282	
	AB002438	
TXN	AI653621	
ADE2H1	X53793	
	AL049449	
GLUL	X59834	
ZFHX1B	AB011141	
P4HB	M22806	
IFITM1	J04164	
KIAA0182	D80004	
SH2D1A	AF100539	
GNA11	M69013	
NCF4	AL008637	
SLC2A5	M55531	
KIAA0993	AB023210	
HLA-DPB1	M83664	
HLX1	M60721	
CTNNA1	D14705	
FADS3	AC004770	
GATA3	X58072	
GDI2	Y13286	
TM4SF2	L10373	
GNA15	M63904	
BTG2	U72649	
RAG1	M29474	
MDK	X55110	
	X00457	
AKR1C3	D17793	
SLA	D89077	
LDHA	X02152	
	AL049279	
PTPRC	Y00638	
BMP2	M22489	
ERG	M17254	
ICSBP1	M91196	
CCT2	AF026166	
AKAP2	AB023137	
	X58398	
KIAA0128	D50918	
IGHM	X58529	
NOTCH3	U97669	
JUP	M23410	
DKFZP586O1624	AL039458	

MYO10	AB018342	
CTNNA1	L23805	
NOS2A	U31511	
	D00749	
	L29376	
ICB-1	AF044896	
GNAI1	AL049933	
S100A11	D38583	
MAPKAPK3	U09578	
ADA	M13792	
S100A13	AI541308	
VDAC3	AF038962	
	AL049265	
TRIM	AJ224878	
CTBP2	AF016507	
F13A1	M14539	
ZNF43	HG620-HT620	
DKFZp761F2014	AA149431	
KIAA0442	AB007902	
CTNNA1	U03100	
CD2	M16336	
BMP2	M22489	
HSPC022	W68830	
ICAM3	X69819	
NCF4	X77094	
GS3955	D87119	
CTSC	X87212	
GH1	V00520	
ARPC2	U50523	
HLA-DRB1	M32578	
GAS1	L13698	
LAMB2	M55210	
EPHB4	U07695	
COX8	AI525665	
KIAA0618	N29665	
KIAA0870	AI808958	
PIK3CG	X83368	
IGHD	K02882	
IRF4	U52682	
HSPCB	M16660	
CAPN3	X85030	
CD6	X60992	
WSX-1	AI263885	
FXYD2	H94881	
PTK2	HG3075-HT323	

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FUCA1	M29877	
FADS2	AL050118	
KARS	D32053	
DSCR1	U85267	
SOX4	X70683	
TRD	X73617	
MHC2TA	U18259	
The state of the s	AL049435	
MDK	M94250	
CALM1	U12022	
PCLO	AB011131	
	AI391564	
FHIT	U46922	
MONDOA	AB020674	
TRG	M30894	
SPIB	X66079	
FLJ10097	AL035494	
TAGLN2	D21261	
LGALS9	Z49107	

### Table 60: Additional Genes selected by T statistics for the TEL-AML1 Risk Group

Accession Number	
AB029035	
M63928	
AB011131	
AB012124	
U69883	
X58965	
L77886	
AL049313	
X93512	
U31384	
M29474	
AL080190	
U59423	
HG3523-HT4899	
U59912	
AB011093	
L29254	
M94250	
AF002999	
D78012	

HLA-DOB	X03066	
NFKBIL1	Y14768	
	- AA216639	
	AL080059	
CBFA2T3	AB010419	
MDK	X55110	
PIK3C3	Z46973	
ALOX5	J03600	
PTP4A3	AF041434	
POU2AF1	Z49194	
POU4F1	L20433	
PRKCB1	X07109	
GCAT	Z97630	
PHYH	AF023462	
SPTA1	M61877	
IDI1	X17025	
FYB	U93049	
ITPR1	D26070	
GTT1	AL041780	
FADS3	AC004770	
CCT2	AF026166	
ISG20 SCHIP-1	U88964	
	AF070614	
DR6 MYO10	AF068868 AB018342	
ZNF91	L11672	
T-STAR	AF051321	
FUCA1	M29877	
HLA-DOB1	M60028	
IIIA-DQB1	AB002438	
CTGF	X78947	
FKBP1A	M34539	
1 2201 111	AI391564	
RAB1	AL050268	
INSR	X02160	
KIAA0540	AB011112	
TM4SF2	L10373	
CASP1	M87507	
MT1L	AA224832	
MME	J03779	
And desired the same of the sa	AI743299	
KARS	D32053	
CHN2	U07223	
IQGAP2	U51903	
KIAA0906	AB020713	
STATI2	AF037989	

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HLA-DMA	X62744	
CD36L1	Z22555	
PRKCB1	X06318	
GS3955	D87119	
ACTN1	X15804	
FLJ20154	AF070644	
KIAA0769	AB018312	
SDC1	Z48199	
SOX4	X70683	
NRTN	U78110	
CTNND1	AB002382	
FHIT	U46922	
FARP1	AI701049	
FOXO1A	AF032885	
NPY	AI198311	
VDUP1	S73591	
H2AFO	AI885852	
TACTILE	M88282	
SNL	U03057	
JUP	M23410	
NR3C2	M16801	
PRPS2	Y00971	
LILRA2	AF025531	
RNAHP	H68340	
DPYSL2	U97105	
ITGB2	M15395	
PCDH9	AI524125	
LAIR1	AF013249	
CD79A	U05259	
NFKBIL1	Y14768	
PCCA	S79219	
HLA-DMB	U15085	
SMARCA4	D26156	

### EXAMPLE 2

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To identify additional additional genes whose expression levels could be used as a diagnostic tool to identify ALL subgroups, leukemic blasts from 132 diagnostic samples were analyzed using higher density oligonucleotide arrays that allow the interrogation of a majority of the identified genes in the human genome.

A subset of the 327 diagnostic pediatric ALL samples described above were or reanalyzed using these higher density microarrays. Case selection was based on

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providing a representation of the known prognostic ALL subtypes including

t(9;22)[BCR-ABL], t(1;19)[E2A-PBXI], t(12;21)[TEL-AMLI], rearrangement in the

MLL gene on chromosome 11q23, and hyperdiploid karyotype with >50

chromosomes. Since the goal was to define expression profiles that could be used to

accurately diagnose the known prognostic subtypes of ALL, we chose to over

represent these subtypes compared to what is normally seen in a random population of

childhood leukemia patients. A total of 132 samples met these criteria and had

sufficient material remaining to be used for this analysis. The list of samples and

subtype distribution of the cases used in this study are shown in Tables 61 and 52,

respectively.

#### Table 61. Diagnostic ALL samples used for class prediction (n=132) Hyperdip>50-C18 Pseudodip-#6 BCR-ABL-#1 Hyperdip>50-C21 Pseudodip-C2-N BCR-ABL-#2 Hyperdip>50-C22 Pseudodip-C3 BCR-ABL-#3 Hyperdip>50-C23 Pseudodip-C5 BCR-ABL-#4 Hyperdip>50-C27-N Pseudodip-C6 BCR-ABL-#5 Pseudodip-C7 Hyperdip>50-C32 BCR-ABL-#6 Pseudodip-C9 BCR-ABL-#7 Hyperdip>50-R4 Pseudodip-C14 Hyperdip47-50-C14-N BCR-ABL-#8 Hyperdip47-50-C3-N Pseudodip-C16-N BCR-ABL-#9 Pseudodip-R1-N BCR-ABL-Hyperdip-#10 Hypodip-#2 T-ALL-#5 Hypodip-2M#1 BCR-ABL-C1 T-ALL-#6 BCR-ABL-R1 Hypodip-C2 T-ALL-#7 Hypodip-C5 BCR-ABL-R2 T-ALL-#8 BCR-ABL-R3 MLL-#1 T-ALL-#10 BCR-ABL-Hyperdip-R5 MLL-#2 MLL-#3 T-ALL-C2 E2A-PBX1-#5 T-ALL-C6 MLL-#4 E2A-PBX1-#6 T-ALL-C7 E2A-PBX1-#9 MLL-#5 T-ALL-C11 MLL-#6 E2A-PBX1-#10 T-ALL-C15 MLL-#7 E2A-PBX1-#12

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E2A-PBX1-#13	MLL-#8	T-ALL-C19
E2A-PBX1-2M#1	MLL-2M#1	T-ALL-C21
E2A-PBX1-C2	MLL-2M#2	T-ALL-R5
E2A-PBX1-C3	MLL-C1	T-ALL-R6
E2A-PBX1-C4	MLL-C2	TEL-AML1-#6
E2A-PBX1-C5	MLL-C3	TEL-AML1-#9
E2A-PBX1-C6	MLL-C4	TEL-AML1-#10
E2A-PBX1-C7	MLL-C5	TEL-AML1-#14
E2A-PBX1-C9	MLL-C6	TEL-AML1-2M#1
E2A-PBX1-C10	MLL-R1	TEL-AML1-2M#2
E2A-PBX1-C11	MLL-R2	TEL-AML1-C4
E2A-PBX1-C12	MLL-R3	TEL-AML1-C5
E2A-PBX1-R1	MLL-R4	TEL-AML1-C6
Hyperdip>50-#8	Normal-C1-N	TEL-AML1-C26
Hyperdip>50-#12	Normal-C2-N	TEL-AML1-C28
Hyperdip>50-#14	Normal-C3-N	TEL-AML1-C30
Hyperdip>50-C1	Normal-C4-N	TEL-AML1-C31
Hyperdip>50-C4	Normal-C7-N	TEL-AML1-C32
Hyperdip>50-C6	Normal-C8	TEL-AML1-C33
Hyperdip>50-C8	Normal-C9	TEL-AML1-C34
Hyperdip>50-C11	Normal-C11-N	TEL-AML1-C37
Hyperdip>50-C13	Normal-R1	TEL-AML1-C38
Hyperdip>50-C15	Normal-R2-N	TEL-AML1-C40
Hyperdip>50-C16	Pseudodip-#5	TEL-AML1-R3

\*Subtype Name-C# Dx Sample of patient in CCR
Subtype Name-R# Dx Sample of patient who developed a hematologic relapse
Subtype Name-# Dx Sample used for subgroup classification only
Subtype Name-2M# Dx Sample to of patient who later developed 2nd AML
Subtype Name-N Dx Sample in novel group

Table 62. Subgroup distribution of ALL cases								
Subgroup	Train Set	Test Set						
BCR-ABL	11	4						
E2A-PBXI	13	5						
Hyperdiploid >50	13	4						
MLL	15	5						
T-ALL	12	2						
TEL-AML1	15	5						
Other	21	7						
Total	100	32						

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26,825 probe sets from combined Affymetrix® brand U133A and B microarrays (Affymetrix, Inc., Santa Clara, CA) showed variation in expression levels across the 132 diagnostic leukemia samples. In an initial analysis of these data, two complementary unsupervised clustering algorithms: two-dimensional hierarchical clustering and principle component analysis (PCA), were used to assess the major sub-groupings of the leukemia cases based solely on gene expression profiles. These unbiased clustering algorithms demonstrated that the pediatric ALL cases cluster primarily into seven major subtypes: T-ALL and 6 subtypes of B-cell lineage ALL corresponding to (1) rearrangement in the MLL gene on chromosome 11q23, (2) t(1;19)[E2A-PBX1], (3) hyperdiploid >50 chromosomes, (4) t(9;22)[BCR-ABL], (5) the novel subgroup, and (6) t(12;21)[TEL-AML1]. In addition, a heterogeneous group of B-lineage cases were identified that lacked any of the defined genetic lesions and failed to cluster into the novel subgroup. Several of these leukemia subtypes formed distinct branches when all differentially expressed genes were used in the twodimensional hierarchical clustering algorithm (T-ALL, Hyperdiploid >50 chromosomes, and TEL-AML1), whereas other subtypes clustered in multiple branches, suggestive of gene expression differences within these subclasses. Using PCA, the distinct nature of the B-cell lineage subtypes is better appreciated when the T-ALL cases were removed from the analysis. A diagnostic accuracy of 100% was achieved for two of the leukemia subtypes (T-ALL and TEL-AML1), indicating the need to use supervised learning algorithms to achieve optimal diagnostic accuracy by gene expression profiling.

Statistical methods were used to identify probe sets that were the best discriminators of the individual leukemia subtypes. In order to identify the genes that

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provide the highest accuracy in diagnosing specific prognostic subtypes of leukemia, the decision tree format described elsewhere herein was used for the identification of leukemia subtypes. Briefly, we first defined whether a case is T- or B-cell in lineage. If the case is classified as T-cell, a diagnosis of T-ALL is made. If non-T, we then determine if the case can be classified into one of the known B-cell lineage risk groups, deciding sequentially if it is E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, BCR-ABL, rearranged MLL gene, and lastly hyperdiploid with >50 chromosomes. Cases not assigned to one of these classes are left unassigned. The use of this decision tree format directly influences the selection of genes, allowing the selection of discriminating genes for groups lower down the tree that might also be expressed by subtypes higher in the tree. Using a number of different supervised learning algorithms, it was found that a higher diagnostic accuracy is obtained using this decision tree format, as compared to a parallel format in which each class is identified against all others.

Discriminating genes were selected using a chi-square metric on the 100 cases in the training set. Genes were selected that discriminated between a class and all leukemia subtypes below it in the decision tree. The number of discriminating probe sets per leukemia subtype at a statistical significance level of p ≤ 0.001 (as determined by a permutation test) were: T-ALL, 2063; E2A-PBX1, 1059; TEL-AML1, 805; BCR-ABL, 201; MLL chimeric genes, 726; and hyperdiploid with >50 chromosomes, 994. The lists of discriminating genes obtained using the top 100 ranked probe sets for the six prognostically important subgroups are contained in Tables 63-68. As multiple probe sets for the same gene are present on Affymetrix microarrays, the top 100 ranked probe sets represent between 75 and 92 distinct genes, depending on the leukemia subtype. As shown, distinct groups of either over or under expressed genes distinguish cases defined by E2A-PBX1, MLL gene rearrangement, T-ALL, hyperdiploid >50 chromosomes, BCR-ABL, and TEL-AML1.

The following tables contain a list of the top 100 probe sets for each diagnostic subtype, ranked by their chi-square value. Each table contains the Affymetrix® U133 series probe set number, a gene description, gene symbol, chromosomal location, and primary GenBank reference. Chi-square values were calculated utilizing only the samples in the train set in a differential diagnosis decision tree format. The \_calculation of the fold change was done in a parallel format using the total data set

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and comparing the mean signal value in the class versus the mean signal value in the non-class.

Table 63. Top 100 chi-square probe sets selected for BCR-ABL

140	C 05. 10p x	oo can aquar p					Ber	
	U133 probe		. Gene	Chromo- somal	GenBank	Chi- square	above/	Fold
	set	Gene description	symbol	location	Reference	vâlue	mean	change
1	241812 at	EST FLJ39877	FIJ39877	2	AV648669	47.4	Above	5.2
2	201876 at	Paraoxonase/	PON2	7q21.3	NM_000305.1	47.2	Above	18.7
-	2010/0_40	arylesterase 2		•	=			
3	201028_s_at	Antigen identified by monoclonal antibodies 12E7, F21 and O13	MIC2	Xp22.32	U82164.1	44.3	Above	2.6
4	200953 s at	Cyclin D2	CCND2	12p13	NM_001759.1	42.3	Above	3.5
5	202947_s_at	Glycophorin C integral membrane glycoprotein	GYPC	2q14-q21		42.3	Above	3.1
6	223449 at	Semaphorin 6A	SEMA6A	5q23.1	AF225425.1	42.3	Above	4.3
7	201029_s_at	Antigen identified by monoclonal antibodies 12E7, F21 and O13	MIC2	Xp22.32	NM_002414.1	41.2	Above	2.4
8	204429_s_at	Solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose/fructose transporter), member 5	SLC2A5	1p36.2	BE560461	41.2	Above	5
9	210830_s_at	Paraoxonase	PON2	7q21.3	AF001602.1	41.2	Above	
10	215028_at	Semaphorin 6A	SEMA6A		AB002438.1	41.2	Above	
11	220024_s_at	Periaxin	PRX	19q13.13 -q13.2	NM_020956.1	41.2	Above	
12	201906 s at	HYA22 protein	HYA22	3p21.3	NM_005808.1	41.1	Above	
13	209365_s_at	Extracellular matrix protein 1	ECM1	1q21	U65932.1	41.1	Above	
14	238689_at	GPR110 G protein-coupled receptor 110	GPR110	6	BG426455	41.1	Above	
15	222154_s_at	DKFZP564A2416 unknown protein with a histone H5 signature.	DKFZP56 4A2416	2q33.1	AK002064.1	40.4	Above	: 12.4
16	218084_x_at		FXYD5	19q12- q13.1	NM_014164.2	38	Above	
17	212242_at	Tubulin, alpha 1 (testis specific)	TUBA1	2q36.2	AL565074	37	Above	
18	201445 at	Calponin 3, acidic	CNN3	1p22-p21	NM_001839.1		Above	
19	202771_at	KIAA0233 gene product	KIAA023	16q24.3	NM_014745.1	36.3	Above	1.9
20	212298_at	Neuropilin 1	NRP1	10p12 -138-	BE620457	36.3	Above	13.8

wo	3/083140					P	CT/US03/08	486
21 22 23		Dynactin 4	FLJ21897 DCTN4 LIMD1		AW138902 BE218028 AU144259	36.3 36.3 36.3	Above Above Above	2.4 3.6 2.6
24 25	200951_s_at 204430_s_at	containing 1 Cyclin D2 Solute carrier family 2 (facilitated	CCND2 SLC2A5	12p13 1p36.2	NM_001759.1 NM_003039.1	35.3 35.3	Above Above	12.7 5.1
		glucose/fructose transporter), member 5			NB 6 001220 1	35.3	Above	3.6
26 27	205467_at 225660_at	Caspase 10 Semaphorin 6A	CASP10 SEMA6A		NM_001230.1 W92748	35.3	Above	3.3
28	225913_at	FLJ21140 (Ser/Thr protein kinase)	FLJ21140		AK025943.1	35.3	Above	2.9
29	236489_at	EST		6 4	AI282097 AI732969	35.3 35.3	Above Above	16.7 10.3
30 31	240173_at 240499 at	EST EST		10	AA482221	35.3	Above	1.3
32	201310_s_at		P311	5q21.3	NM_004772.1	35.2	Below	2.2
33	215617 at	FLJ11754	FLJ11754		AU145711	35.2	Above	14.4
34	242579_at	EST	em et c	4	AA935461	35.2 34.4	Above Above	10.2
35	202717_s_at	CDC16 cell division cycle 16 homolog	CDC16	13q34	NM_003903.1			
36	205055_at	Integrin, alpha E (antigen CD103, human mucosal lymphocyte antigen 1)	ITGAE	17p13	NM_002208.3	34.4	Below	2.1
37	217967_s_at		C1orf24	1q25	AF288391.1	34.4	Above	3.2
38 39	201656_at 207196_s_at	Integrin, alpha 6 Nef-associated	ITGA6 NAF1	2q31.1 5q32- q33.1	NM_000210.1 NM_006058.1	33.9 32.2	Above Above	2.8 1.4
40	219315_s_at	factor 1 hypothetical protein FLJ23058	FLJ20898	16p13.12	NM_024600.1	32.2	Above	5.3
41	202123_s_at	V-abl Abelson murine leukemia viral oncogene	ABL1	9q34.1	NM_005157.2	31.4	Above	1.8
42	219938_s_at	homolog 1 Pro-Ser-Thr phosphatase interacting protein 2	PSTPIP2	18q12	NM_024430.1	31.2	Above	5
43	228046_at	EST;DKFZp434P 0235	DKFZp4 34P0235	4	AA741243	31.2	Above	1.1
44	64064_at	Immune associated	IAN4L1	7q36	A1435089	30.9	Above	3.3
45	222729_at	nucleotide 4 like 1 F-box and WD-40 domain protein 7 (archipelago homolog, Drosophila)	FBXW7	4q31.23	BE551877	30.5	Above	2.4

WO 03	/083140					PCT	/US03/0848	6
46 47	229975_at 200864_s_at	EST RAB11A	RAB11A	4 15q21.3- q22.31	AI826437 NM_004663.1	30.5 29.7	Above Above	9.1 1.4
48	203089_s_at	Protease, serine,	PRSS25	2p12	NM_013247.1	29.7	Above	1.7
49	205376_at	Inositol polyphosphate-4- phosphatase, type	INPP4B	4q31.1	NM_003866.1	29.7	Above	12.4
50	209229_s_at	KIAA1115 protein	KIAA111 5	19q13.42	BC002799.1	29.7	Above	1.3
51	219871_at	Hypothetical protein FLJ13197	FLJ13197	4p14	NM_024614.1	29.7	Above	14.5
52	222868_s_at	Interleukin 18 binding protein	IL18BP	11q13	AI521549	29.7	Above	7.1
53	235988_at	GPR110 G protein-coupled receptor 110	GPR110	6p12.3	AA746038	29.7	Above	15.8
54	239273_s_at		MMP28	17q11- q21.1	AI927208	29.7	Above	90.5
55	206150_at	Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 7	TNFRSF7	12p13	NM_001242.1	29.5	Above	3.2
56	212203_x_at	Interferon induced transmembrane protein 3	IFITM3	8q13.1	BF338947	29.5	Above	2.3
57	217110_s_at		MUC4	3q29	AJ242547.1	29.5	Above	47.5
58	223075_s_at	hypothetical protein FLJ12783	FLJ12783		AL136566.1	29.5	Above	3.9
59	229139_at	EST		8	AI202201	29.5	Above	10.8
60	229367_s_at	Hypothetical proteins FLJ22690.	FLJ22690		AW130536	29.5	Above	3.6
61 62	213093_at 216033_s_at		FLJ30869 FYN	Xq28 6	AI471375 S74774.1	29.1 29.1	Above Above	2.5 2.7
63	202369_s_at	related to SRC TRAM-like protein	KIAA005	6p21.1- p12	NM_012288.1	28.7	Above	3.3
64	212592_at	immunoglobulin J polypeptide, linker protein for immunoglobulin alpha and mu polypeptides	IGJ	4q21	AV733266	28.7	Above	7.9
65	219218_at	hypothetical protein FLJ23058	FLJ23058	17q25.3	NM_024696.1	28.7	Below	6.2
66 67	242051_at 200655_s_at	EST Calmodulin 1 (phosphorylase kinase, delta)	CALM1	Y 14q24- q31	AI695695 NM_006888.1	28.7 28.5	Above Above	2.2 1.3
68	202794_at	Inositol polyphosphate-1- phosphatase	INPP1	2q32	NM_002194.2	28.4	Above	1.6
69 70	218348_s_at 205269_at	HSPC055 protein Lymphocyte cytosolic protein 2	HSPC055 LCP2	16p13,3 5q33.1- qter	NM_014153.1 AI123251	27.7 26.9	Below Above	1.1 1.6

wo (	03/083140					P	CT/US03/08	486
71	238488_at		LOC5119	5q12.2	BF511602	26.9	Above	2.7
72	202242_at	Transmembrane 4 superfamily member 2	TM4SF2	Xq11.4	NM_004615.1	26.6	Above	1.7
73	218764_at	Hypothetical	MGC5363	14q22.1- q22.3	NM_024064.1	26.6	Above	1.7
74 75	224811_at 225799_at	FLJ30652 Hypothetical	FLJ30652	3 2q12,3	BF112093 BF209337	26.6 26.6	Above Above	1.5 2.2
76 77	228297_at 203508_at	protein MGC4677 Calponin 3, acidic Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 1B	MGC4677 CNN3 TNFRSF1 B	1p22-p21 1p36,3- p36,2	AI807004 NM_001066.1	26.6 26	Above Above	4.7 2.6
78	208071_s_at		LAIR1	19q13.4	NM_021708.1	26	Above	2
79	209321_s_at	Adenylate cyclase	ADCY3	2p24-p22	AF033861.1	26	Above	2.1
80	226345_at	DKFZp434O1317	DKFZp43 4O1317	10	AW270158	26	Below	1.4
81	200863_s_at	RAB11A, member RAS oncogene family		15q21.3- q22.31	AI215102	25.8	Above	1.4
82	205270_s_at		LCP2	5q33.1- gter	NM_005565.2	25.8	Above	1.6
83	208881_x_at	Isopentenyl- diphosphate delta isomerase	IDI1	10p15.3	BC005247.1	25.8	Below	1.7
84	212862_at	CDP- diacylglycerol synthase (phosphatidate cytidylyltransferas e) 2	CDS2	20p13	AL568982	25.8	Above	1.8
85 86	213385_at 218013_x_at	Chimerin 2	CHN2 DCTN4	7 5a31-a32	AK026415.1 NM_016221.1	25.8 25.8	Above Above	3 3.6
87 88	218965_at 200742_s_at	Myosin 5C Ceroid- lipofuscinosis, neuronal 2, late infantile (Jansky- Bielschowsky disease). A pepstatin- insensitive lysosomal peptidase.	MYO5C CLN2	15q21 11p15	NM_018728.1 BG231932	25.8 25	Above Above	1.8
89 90	203217_s_at 205259_at	Sialyltransferase 9 Nuclear receptor subfamily 3, group C, member 2	NR3C2	2p11.2 4q31.1	NM_003896.1 NM_000901.1		Above Above	1.8 1.9
91 92	220684_at 225244_at	T-box 21 IMAGE3451454: GRASP protein	TBX21 IMAGE3- 51454	17q21.2 4 1q42.13	NM_013351.1 AA019893	25 25	Above Above	3.3

wo (	3/083140	PCT/US03/08486						
93 94	239519_at 203005_at	EST Lymphotoxin beta receptor (TNFR superfamily,	LTBR	10 12 <b>p</b> 13	AA927670 NM_002342.1	25 24.3	Above Above	18.2 10
95	200665_s_at	member 3) Secreted protein, acidic, cysteine-	SPARC	5q31.3- q32	NM_003118.1	24.3	Above	9.8
96	204004_at	rich (ostconectin) PRKC, apoptosis,	PAWR	12q21	AI336206	24.3	Above	3
97	204576_s_at	WT1, regulator KIAA0643 protein	KIAA064	16p12.3	AA207013	24.3	Above	2
98	214255_at	ATPase, Class V,	ATP10C	15q11- q13	AB011138.1	24.3	Above	9.9
99 100	216985_s_at 48106_at	type 10C Syntaxin 3A FLJ20489	STX3A FLJ20489	11q12.3 12p11.1	AJ002077.1 H14241	24.3 24.3	Above Above	12 2.8

Table 64. Top 100 chi-square probe sets selected for E2A-PBX1

Tab	Table 64. Top 100 chi-square probe sets selected for EZA-PBA1								
	U133 probe	Gene Description	Symbol	Chromo- somal Location	GenBank reference	Chi- square value	above/ below mean	Fold change	
1	201579 at	FAT tumor		4q34-q35	NM 005245.1	88.0	Above	9.9	
•	2010/3_00	suppressor homolog 1 (Drosophila)		•					
2	201695_s_at	nucleoside phosphorylase	NP	14q13.1	NM_000270.1	88.0	Above	3.8	
3	204674_at	lymphoid- restricted membrane protein	LRMP	12p12.3	NM_006152.1	88.0	Above	5.8	
4	205253_at	pre-B-cell lcukemia transcription	PBX1	1q23	NM_002585.1	88.0	Above	3549.2	
5	212148_at	factor 1 pre-B-cell leukemia transcription factor 1, splice variant	PBX1	1q23	BF967998	88.0	Above	5283.5	
6	212151_at	pre-B-cell leukemia transcription factor 1, splice variant	PBX1	1q23	BF967998	88.0	Above	7472.2	
7	212371_at	DKFZp586C1019	DKFZp58 6C1019	1	AL049397.1	88.0	Above	2.5	
8	219155_at	retinal degeneration B beta	RDGBB	17q24.2	NM_012417.1	88.0	Above	2.7	
9	225483_at	hypothetical protein MGC10485	MGC1048 5	11q25	AJ971602	88.0	Above	7.7	
10	227439_at	E2a-Pbx1- associated protein	EB-1	12	AW005572	88.0	Above	269.8	
	-142-								

wo	03/083140					P	CT/US03/0	8486
11 12	227949_at 230306_at	Q9H4T4 like hypothetical protein	H17739 MGC1048 5	20q13.32 11q25	AL357503 AA514326	88.0 88.0	Above Above	59.3 19.2
13	231095_at	MGC10485 retinal degeneration B	RDGBB	17q24.2	AW193811	0.88	Above	25.6
14	203372_s_at	beta STAT induced STAT inhibitor-2	SOCS2	12q	AB004903.1	80.6	Below	23.4
15	206028_s_at	c-mer proto- oncogene tyrosine	MERTK	2q14.1	NM_006343.1	80.6	Above	23.7
16	206181_at	kinase signaling lymphocytic activation	SLAM	1q22-q23	NM_003037.1	80.6	Above	6.3
17	208788_at	molecule homolog of yeast long chain polyunsaturated fatty acid elongation	HELO1	6p21.1- p12.1	AL136939.1	80.6	Above	2.2
18	209760_at	enzyme 2 KIAA0922	KIAA092	4q31.23	AL136932.1	80.6	Above	2.9
19	35974_at	protein lymphoid- restricted	LRMP	12p12.3	U10485	80.6	Above	6.2
20	38340_at	membrane protein huntingtin interacting protein	HIP12	12q24	AB014555	80.6	Above	3.8
21	208644_at	12 ADP- ribosyltransferase (NAD+; poly (ADP-ribose)	ADPRT	1q41-q42	M32721.1	80.2	Above	3.0
22	212789_at	polymerase) KIAA0056	KIAA005	11q25	AI796581	80.2	Above	3.9
23	221113_s_at	protein wingless-type MMTV integration site family, member	WNT16	7 <b>q</b> 31	NM_016087.1	80.2	Above	2547.6
24	224022_x_at	MMTV integration site family, member		7q31	AF169963.1	80.2	Above	569.1
25	231040 at	16 EST		9	AW512988	80.2	Above	16.4
26	231040_at 232289 at	FLJ14167	FLJ14167		BF237871	80.2	Above	144.1
27	235666 at	EST	FLJ20489		AA903473	80.2	Above	654.6
28	203373_at		1 SOCS2	12q	NM_003877.1	74.2	Below	24.8
29	210785_s_at		ICB-1	1p35.3	AB035482.1	74.2	Below	4.1
30	224733_at	chemokine-like factor supe family 3		3 16q23.1	AL574900	74.2	Below	41.7
31	225235_at	hypothetical	MGC148	-	AW007710	74.2	Above	3.6
	-143-							

		protein	9					
		MGC14859	,					
32	204114_at	nidogen 2 (osteonidogen)	NID2	14q21- q22	NM_007361.1	73.1	Above	15.1
33	211913_s_at		MERTK	2q14.1	L08961.1	72.8	Above	37.7
34	219551_at	uncharacterized bone marrow protein BM040	BM040	3q21.1	NM_018456.1	72.8	Above	3.0
35	223693_s_at	hypothetical protein FLJ10324	FLJ10324	7p22	AL136731.1	72.8	Above	65.6
36	200600_at	moesin	MSN	Xq11.2- q12	NM_002444.1	72.5	Below	2.2
37	213909 at	FLJ12280	FLJ12280	3	AU147799	72.5	Above	12.5
38	221669_s_at	acyl-Coenzyme A dehydrogenase family, member 8	ACAD8	11q25	BC001964.1	72.5	Above	2.6
39	235911_at	ESTs, Weakly similar to PIHUB6 salivary proline- rich protein precursor PRB1 (large allele)		3	AI885815	72.5	Above	36.6
40	243533 x at	ESTs			H09663	72,5	Above	23.2
41	202615_at	DKFZp686D0521	DKFZp68 6D0521	9	BF222895	68.6	Below	6.2
42	204774_at	ecotropic viral integration site 2A	EVI2A	17q11.2	NM_014210.1	68.6	Below	3.0
43	218283_at	synovial sarcoma translocation gene on chromosome 18-like 2		3p21	NM_016305.1	68.6	Above	1.6
44	209130_at	synaptosomal- associated protein, 23kDa	SNAP23	15q14	BC003686.1	67.8	Below	1.9
45	228580_at	serine protease	HTRA3	4p16.1	AI828007	66.6	Above	3.8
46	202796_at	synaptopodin	KIAA102 9	5q33.1	NM_007286.1	66.5	Above	52.3
47 48	218640_s_at 235099 at	phafin 2 ESTs, Weakly	FLJ13187	8q21.3 3	NM_024613.1 AW080832	66.5 66.5	Above Above	3.1 6.7
,,,		similar to PLLP_HUMAN Plasmolipin [H.sapiens]						
49	201889_at	family with sequence similarity 3 member C	FAM3C	7q22.1- q31.1	NM_014888.1		Above	4.6
50	202106_at	golgi autoantigen golgin subfamily a, 3		12q24.33	NM_005895.1		Above	3.3
51	202208_s_at		ARL7	2q37.2	BC001051.1	65.3	Above	3.2
52	205173_x_at		, CD58	1p13	NM_001779.1	65.3	Above	2.4

53	211744 <u>s</u> at	3) CD58 antigen, (lymphocyte function- associated antigen 3)	CD58	1p13	BC005930.1	65.3	Above	2.5
54 55	212552_at 213358_at	hippocalcin-like 1 KIAA0802	HPCAL1 KIAA080	2p25.1	BE617588 AB018345.1	65.3 65.3	Below Above	2.6 12.7
55	215550_41	protein	2	10p11.21	1120105 1511	05.5	110010	1217
56	222699_s_at	phafin 2	FLJ13187	8q21.3	BF439250	65.3	Above	3.5
57	225618_at	EST		17	AI769587	65.3	Below	5,3
58	238778_at	DKFZp451L157	DKFZp45 1L157	10	AI244661	65.3	Above	23.5
59	239427_at	ESTs		1	AA131524	65.3	Above	13.7
60	47069_at	Rho GTPase activating protein 8	ARHGAP 8	22q13.31	AA533284	65.3	Above	3,3
61	205769_at	solute carrier family 27 (fatty acid transporter), member 2	SLC27A2	15q21.2	NM_003645.1	65.1	Above	56.0
62	210786_s_at	Friend leukemia virus integration 1	FLI1	11q24.1- q24.3	M93255.1	65.1	Above	2.2
63	212985_at	DKFZp434E033	DKFZp43 4E033	4	BF115739	65.1	Above	7.1
64	227441_s_at	E2a-Pbx1- associated protein	EB-1	12	AW005572	65.1	Above	1139.4
65	234261_at	DKFZp761M1012	DKFZp76 1M10121	12	AL137313.1	65.1	Above	960.8
66	244565 at	ESTs		10	AI685824	65.1	Above	7.6
67	202181_at	KIAA0247 gene product	KIAA024 7	14q24.1	NM_014734.1	63.7	Above	1.8
68	202207_at	ADP-ribosylation factor-like 7	ARL7	2q37.2	NM_005737.2	63.7	Above	3.2
69	207571_x_at	basement membrane- induced gene	ICB-1	1p35.3	NM_004848.1	63.7	Below	4.4
70	209558_s_at	huntingtin interacting protein 12	HIP12	12q24	AB013384.1	61.1	Above	23.8
71	213005_s_at	KIAA0172 protein	KIAA017 2	9p24.3	D79994.1	61.1	Above	8.3
72	236854_at	cDNA DKFZp667F0617	DKFZp66 7F0617	20	AA743694	61.1	Above	12.6
73	226233_at	tubulin-specific chaperone e	TBCE	1q42.3	BG112197	60.0	Above	2.6
74	203435_s_at	membrane metallo- endopeptidase (neutral endopeptidase, enkephalinase,	ММЕ	3q25.1- q25.2	NM_007287.1	59.9	Below	2.2
		CALLA, CD10)						
75	202478 at	GS3955 protein	GS3955	2p25.1	NM 021643.1	59.3	Above	4.0
76	202479 s at	GS3955 protein	GS3955	2p25.1	BC002637.1	59.3	Above	3.3
77	203999_at	synaptotagmin I	SYT1	12cen- q21	NM_005639.1	59.3	Above	3.9
78	212149_at	KIAA0143 protein	KIAA014 3	8q24.12	AA805651	59.3	Below	13.5

wo	03/083140					P	CT/US03/0	8486
79	212873_at	minor histocompatibility	HA-1	19p13.3	BE349017	59.3	Below	2.9
80	218346_s_at	antigen HA-1 p53 regulated PA26 nuclear	PA26	6q21	NM_014454.1	59.3	Below	4.7
81	224856_at	protein FK506 binding protein 5	FKBP5	6p21.3- 21.2	AL122066.1	59.3	Below	5.5
82	200811_at	cold inducible RNA binding	CIRBP	19p13.3	NM_001280.1	59.1	Below	5.8
83	201722_s_at	protein UDP-N-acetyl- alpha-D- galactosamine:pol ypeptide N- acetylgalactosami nyltransferase 1 (GalNAc-T1)	GALNTI	18q12.1	NM_020474.2	59.1	Below	1.8
84 85	223711_s_at 233273_at	HSPC144 protein cDNA FLJ12010	HSPC144 FLJ12010	11q25 1	AF182413.1 AU146834	59.1 59.1	Above Above	2.0 30.6
86	201460_at	fis mitogen-activated protein kinase- activated protein		1q32	AI141802	57.9	Above	2.1
87	202421_at	kinase 2 immunoglobulin superfamily, member 3	IGSF3	1p13	AB007935.1	57.9	Above	4.4
88	217983_s_at		RNASE6P	6q27	NM_003730.2	57.9	Below	3.4
89	218087_s_at	sorbin and SH3 domain containing		10q23.3- q24.1	NM_015385.1	57.9	Above	25.1
90 91	218491_s_at 201825_s_at	HSPC144 protein CGI-49 protein	HSPC144 LOC5109	11q25 1q44	NM_014174.1 AL572542	57.9 57.8	Above Above	1.4 2.2
92	202206_at	ADP-ribosylation factor-like 7	ARL7	2q37.2	NM_005737.2	57.8	Above	3.9
93	218683_at	polypyrimidine tract binding	PTBP2	1p22.11- p21.3	NM_021190.1	57.8	Above	1.8
94	226590_at	protein 2 cDNA clone EUROIMAGE 1517766		9	AA031404	57.8	Above	3.1
95	227440_at	E2a-Pbx1- associated protein	EB-1	12	AW005572	57.8	Above	1168.9
96	229770_at	hypothetical protein FLJ31978	FLJ31978	12q24.33	AI041543	57.8	Above	51.8
97	40148_at	amyloid beta (A4) precursor protein- binding, family B, member 2 (Fe65- like)		4p14	U62325	57.8	Above	6.2
98 99	212959_s_at 203143_s_at	MGC4170 protein KIAA0040 gene	KIAA004	12q23.1 1q24-25	AK001821.1 T79953	57.2 56.3	Below Above	3.0 2.4
100	209683_at	product hypothetical protein DKFZp566A1524	0 DKFZP56 6A1524	2p24,2	AA243659	56.3	Below	10.0

Table 65. Top 100 chi-square probe sets selected for Hyperdiploid >50

					Chromo-		Chi-	HD above/	
		U133 probe			somal		square		Fold
		set	Gene description	Symbol		GenBank Ref	value	mean	change
,	1	200600 at	Moesin	MSN	Xq11.2-	NM_002444.1	34.0	Above	1.9
			(membrane-		q12				
			organizing						
			extensio spike						
	2	200727 at	protein) Phosphoglyccrate	PGK1	Xq13	NM 000291.1	34.0	Above	1.8
	2	200737_at	kinase 1	LOIKI	11411	_			
	3	200980 s at	Pyruvate	PDHA1	Xp22.2-	NM_000284.1	34.0	Above	1.7
	-		dehydrogenase		p22.1				
			(lipoamide) alpha						
			1	DY DO	37-11-00	NM 002668.1	34.0	Above	3.3
	4	201136_at	Proteolipid protein	PLPZ	Xp11.23	NM_002000.1	34.0	Above	3.5
			2 (colonic epithelium-						
			enriched)						
	5	201807 at	Vacuolar protein	VPS26	10q21.1	NM_004896.1	34.0	Above	1.7
		_	sorting 26 (yeast)						
	6	202214_s_at	Cullin 4B	CUL4B	Xq23	NM_003588.1 AI718418	34.0 34.0	Above Above	1.9 2.0
	7	202557_at	Stress 70 protein	STCH	21q11	A1/18418	34.0	MUOVE	2.0
			chaperone, microsome						
			associated, 60 kD						
	8	202593_s_at	membrane	MIR16	16p12-	NM_016641.1	34.0	Below	1.6
	-		interacting protein		p11.2				
			of RGS16					41	3,3
	9	203680_at	Protein kinase,	PRKAR2	7q22-	NM_002736.1	34.0	Above	3.3
			cAMP-dependent,	В	q31.1				
			regulatory, type II, beta						
	10	204194 at	BTB and CNC	BACH1	21q22.11	NM_001186.1	34.0	Above	1.8
	10	201151_40	homology 1, basic		•	_			
			leucine zipper						
			transcription						
			factor 1	www.	X7-11-00	NR 6 010000 1	34.0	Above	2.1
	11	205324_s_at	FtsJ homolog 1	FTSJ1	Xp11.23	NM_012280.1	34.0	Moove	2.1
	12	208598_s_at	(E. coli) Upstream	UREB1	Xp11.22	NM 005703.2	34.0	Above	1.6
	12	200390_3_41	regulatory element						
			binding protein 1						
	13	208861_s_at	Alpha	ATRX	Xq13.1-	U72937.2	34.0	Above	1.7
			thalassemia/menta		q21.1				
			1 retardation						
			syndrome X- linked (RAD54						
			homolog, S.						
			cerevisiae)						
	14	211342 x_at		TNRC11	Xq13	BC004354.1	34.0	Above	1.8
			repeat containing						
			11 (THR-						
			associated protein,						
			230 kDa subunit)	_	147-				

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15	216071_x_at	Trinucleotide repeat containing	TNRC11	Xq13	AF132033	34.0	Above	1.8
16	218573_at	11 APR-1 protein/melanoma	MAGEH1	Xp11.22	NM_014061.1	34.0	Above	3.0
17	219485_s_at	-associated antigen proteasome (prosome,	PSMD10	Xq22.3	NM_002814.1	34.0	Above	2.4
18	200655_s_at	macropain) 26S subunit, non- ATPase, 10 Calmodulin 1 (phosphorylase	CALM1	14q24- q31	NM_006888.1	30.1	Above	1.7
	200729+	kinase, delta) Phosphoglycerate	PGK1	Xq13	NM 000291.1	30.1	Above	1.8
19	200738_s_at	kinase 1		-	_	30.1	Above	1.7
20	200944_s_at	High-mobility group (nonhistone chromosomal) protein 14; member of the HMG 14/17 family	HMG14	21q22.2	NM_004965.1	30.1	Above	1.7
21	201092_at	Retinoblastoma binding protein 7/RbAp46	RBBP7	Xp22.31	NM_002893.2	30.1	Above	1.6
22	201100_s_at	Ubiquitin specific	USP9X	Xp11.4	NM_004652.2	30.1	Above	1.7
23	201688_s_at	protease 9 Tumor protein	TPD52	8q21	BE974098	30.1	Below	4.1
24	201899_s_at	D52 Ubiquitin- conjugating enzyme E2A	UBE2A	Xq24- q25	NM_003336.1	30.1	Above	1.8
25	202325_s_at	(RAD6 homolog) ATP synthase, H+ transporting, mitochondrial F0 complex, subunit	ATP5J	21q21.1	NM_001685.1	30.1	Above	1.6
26	202829_s_at	F6 Synaptobrevin-	SYBL1	Xq28	NM_005638.1	30.1	Above	1.5
27	202854_at	like 1 Hypoxanthine phosphoribosyltra nsferase 1 (Lesch-		Xq26.1	NM_000194.1	30.1	Above	1,4
28	206846_s_at	Nyhan syndrome) Histone	HDAC6	Xp11.23	NM_006044.2	30.1	Above	1.5
29	209370_s_at	deacetylase 6 SH3-domain	SH3BP2	4p16.3	AB000462.1	30.1	Above	3.1
30	209565_at	binding protein 2 zinc finger protein	ZNF183	Xq25-	BC000832.1	30.1	Above	2.2
31	212846_at	183 KIAA0179	KIAA017	q26 21q22.3	D80001.1	30.1	Above	2.0
32	217356_s_at		9 PGK1	Xq13	S81916.1	30.1	Above	1.8
33 34	218163_at 218386_x_at	kinase MCT-1 protein Ubiquitin specific protease 16; de-	MCT-1 USP16	Xq22-24 21q22.1			Above Above	1.8 1.7
				4.40				

		ubiquitinates histone H2A; ubiquitous						
35	218402_s_at	expression. Hermansky- Pudlak syndrome 4	HPS4		NM_022081.1	30.1	Below	3.4
36	218495_at	Ubiquitously- expressed transcript	UXT	Xp11.23- p11.22	NM_004182.1	30.1	Above	1.5
37	218499_at	Mst3 and SOK1- related kinase/STE20-like kinase; contains a Ser/Thr protein	MST4	Xq26.1	NM_016542.1	30.1	Above	2.5
38	218757_s_at	kinase domain Similar to yeast	UPF3B	Xq25-	NM_023010.1	30.1	Above	2.3
39	219038_at	Upf3, variant B Hypothetical	FLJ11565	q26 Xq22.2	NM_024657.1	30.1	Above	6.9
40	229967_at	protein FLJ11565 Chemokine-like factor super family 2.	CKLFSF2	16q23.1	AA778552	30.1	Above	4.3
41	242794_at	EST		4q31.1	AI569476	30.1	Above	3.2
42	201132 at	Heterogeneous	HNRPH2	Xq22	NM 019597.1	30.0	Above	2.0
43	201312_s_at	nuclear ribonucleoprotein H2 (H') SH3 domain	SH3BGR	Xq13.3	NM_003022.1	30.0	Above	1.6
75	201012_5_***	binding glutamic acid-rich protein like	L					
44	201894_s_at	Decorin; glycoprotein that binds to type I collagen fibrils & plays a role in matrix assembly.	DCN	12q13.2	NM_001920.1	30.0	Above	1.5
45	201923_at	Peroxiredoxin 4	PRDX4	Xp22.13	NM_006406.1	30.0	Above	1.9
46	202371_at	Hypothetical protein FLJ21174	FLJ21174	Xq22.1	NM_024863.1	30.0	Above	3.6
47	203126_at	Inositol(myo)-1(or 4)- monophosphatase 2	IMPA2	18p11.2	NM_014214.1		Above	4.1
48	204219_s_at	proteasome (prosome, macropain) 26S subunit, ATPase, 1	PSMC1	19p13.3	NM_002802.1	30.0	Above	1.3
49	204835_at	polymerase (DNA directed), alpha	POLA	Xp22.1- p21.3	NM_016937.1	30.0	Above	2.0
50	212071_s_at		SPTBN1	2p21	BE968833	30.0	Below	1.7
51	212419 at	EST		10q22.3	AL049949.1	30.0	Above	13.1
52		Hypothetical protein MGC5370		3 14q32.2	BG110231	30.0	Above	1.5
53	213502_x_at		FLJ32313	22q11.23	X03529	30.0	Below	1.8

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		fis, clone PROST2003232, weakly similar to BETA- GLUCURONIDA SE PRECURSOR						
54	214051_at	(EC 3.2.1.31) Thymosin, beta	TMSNB		BF677486	30.0	Above	3.1
55	226039_at	Mannosyl (alpha- 1,3)-glycoprotein beta-1,4-N- acetylglucosaminy ltransferase	MGAT4A	q22.3 2q11.2	AW006441	30.0	Above	3.0
56	227279_at	hypothetical protein MGC15737	MGC1573 7	Xq22.1	AA847654	30,0	Above	5.6
57	200642_at	Superoxide dismutase 1, soluble	SOD1	21q22.11	NM_000454.1	26.7	Above	2.3
58	200799_at	Heat shock 70kD	HSPA1A	6p21.3	NM_005345.3	26.7	Above	2.7
59	200943_at	protein 1A High-mobility group (nonhistone chromosomal) protein 14; member of the HMG 14/17	HMG14	21q22.2	NM_004965.1	26.7	Above	1.6
60	201018_at	family Eukaryotic translation initiation factor	EIF1A	Xp22.12	BE542684	26.7	Above	1.8
61	201311_s_at	1A SH3 domain binding glutamic acid-rich protein like	SH3BGR L	Xq13.3	AL515318	26.7	Above	1.6
62	201443_s_at	ATPase, H+ transporting, lysosomal interacting protein 2	ATP6IP2	Xq21	AF248966.1	26.7	Above	1.9
63	201472_at	Von Hippel- Lindau binding protein 1	VBP1	Xq28	NM_003372.2	26.7	Above	1.7
64	201689_s_at	Tumor protein	TPD52	8q21	BE974098	26.7	Below	4.3
65	202602_s_at	D52 HIV TAT specific	HTATSF1		NM_014500.1	26.7	Above	1.5
66	203041_s_at	factor 1 Lysosomal- associated membrane protein	LAMP2	q27.2 Xq24	J04183.1	26.7	Above	3.1
67	203102_s_at	2 Mannosyl (alpha- 1,6-)-glycoprotein beta-1,2-N- acetylglucosaminy ltransferase	MGAT2	14q21	NM_002408.2	26.7	Above	1.6
68	203744_at	High-mobility	HMG4	Xq28 150-	NM_005342.1	26.7	Above	1.9

Transfer   Calpain C. (mt)   CaPN2   1q41-q42   M23254.1   26.7   Above   2.2   Abov	69	205518_s_at	group (nonhistone chromosomal) protein 4 Cytidine monophosphate- N- acetylneuraminic acid hydroxylase (CMP-N-	СМАН	6p22-p23	NM_003570.1	26.7	Below	2.9
71   209440_at   Phosphorhoeyl pyrophosphate synthetase 1; partine libosynthesis.   Fined leukemia vitus integration 1   GPR56   16q13   AL554008   26.7   Above   2.4   Above   2.5	70	208683_at	Calpain 2, (m/II) large subunit; calcium- dependent Cys	CAPN2	1q41-q42	M23254.1	26.7	Above	2.2
Tright   T	71	209440_at	Phosphoribosyl pyrophosphate synthetase 1; purine	PRPS1		BC001605.1	26.7	Above	1.4
73   212070_at   Gprotein-coupled   GPR56   16q13   AL554008   26.7   Above   2.4     74   213334_x_at   Three prime repair   TREX2   Xq28   BE676218   26.7   Above   1.7     75   215117_at   Recombination   RAG2   11p13   AW058148   26.7   Below   27.2     76   218694_at   ALEX1 protein   ALEX1   Xq21.33   NM_016608.1   26.7   Above   2.8     77   222741_s_at   protein   Protein   FLJ11101   Gp21.1   Al761426   26.7   Above   1.5     78   223082_at   SH2   Alexa   Protein   SH3KBP1   Xp22.1   AF230904.1   26.7   Above   2.0     79   225105_at   Color MGC:23936   12q23.3   BF969397   26.7   Above   2.1     80   225406_at   Twisted   Gravitation   Twisted   Gravitation   SH3KBP1   Alexa   Ale	72	210786_s_at	Friend leukemia	FLI1		M93255.1	26.7	Below	2.5
Trice prime repair   TREX2   Xq28   BE676218   26.7   Above   1.7	73	212070 at		GPR56		AL554008	26.7	Above	2.4
The plane plane   The plane		_	receptor 56	TREV2	Ya28	BE676218	26.7	Above	1.7
The control of the	74	213334_X_at			-				27.0
76	75	215117_at	activating gene 2; V(D)J		11p13	AW058148	26.7	Below	27.2
77   222741_8_at   hypothetical protein   FLJ11101   Sp3.KBP1   Al761426   26.7   Above   1.5     78   223082_at   StB3-domain kinase binding protein   Cloud MGC.23936   12q23.3   BF969397   26.7   Above   2.0     79   225105_at   holder   Above   12q23.3   BF969397   26.7   Above   2.1     80   225406_at   Twisted   TSG   18p11.3   AA195009   26.7   Above   1.5     81   22553_at   Hypothetical protein   CDNA FLJ12874   18     82   226199_at   Hypothetical protein   MGC.23937   Above   1.6     83   226875_at   Hypothetical protein   MGC.23937   Above   2.1     84   232974_at   CDNA FLJ12417   Sp3.   AL120741   26.7   Above   2.1     85   46323_at   Scalar   Above   Ab	76	218694_at		ALEX1		NM_016608.1	26.7	Above	2.8
Ref	77	222741_s_at		FLJ11101		AI761426	26.7	Above	1.5
79   225105_at   close MGC:23996   12q23.3   BF969397   26.7   Above   2.1	78	223082_at	SH3-domain kinase binding	SH3KBP1		AF230904.1	26.7	Above	2.0
Note	79	225105_at	clone MGC:23936 IMAGE:3838595, mRNA, complete		12q23.3	BF969397	26.7	Above	2.1
81   225553_at   Homo sapiens   14q22.2   AL042817   26.7   Above   1.6	80	225406_at	Twisted	TSG	18p11.3	AA195009	26.7	Above	1.9
Section   Representation   Representat	81	225553_at	Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ12874		14q22.2	AL042817	26.7	Above	1.6
Record   R	82	226199_at	Hypothetical protein		Xq13.1	AL563795	26.7	Above	2.1
84 232974 at cDNA FLJ12417 Xp22.31 AU148256 26.7 Above 3.5   85 46323 at SCAN-1 Ca++- SHAPY 17q25.3 AL120741 26.7 Above 1.7   dependent FR	83	226875_at	Hypothetical	FLJ32122	Xq24	AI742838	26.7	Above	2.3
fis 46323_at SCAN-1 Ca++- SHAPY 17q25.3 AL120741 26.7 Above 1.7 dependent ER mucleoside diphosphatase/apy	84	232974 at			Xp22.31	AU148256	26.7	Above	3.1
	85	_	SCAN-1 Ca++- dependent ER nucleoside diphosphatase/apy		17q25.3	AL120741	26.7	Above	1.7

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86	203694_s_at	DEAD/H (Asp- Glu-Ala-Asp/His) box polypeptide 16	DDX16	6p21.3	NM_003587.2	26.3	Above	1.3		
87 88	200658_s_at 201898_s_at	Prohibitin ubiquitin- conjugating enzyme E2A (RAD6 homolog)	PHB UBE2A	17q21 Xq24- q25	AL560017 AI126625	26.3 26.3	Above Above	2.0 1.6		
89	203556_at	KIAA0854 protein	KIAA085	8q24.13	NM_014943.1	26.3	Below	1.6		
90	203745_at	Holocytochrome c synthase (cytochrome c heme-lyase)		Xp22.3	AI801013	26.3	Above	2.1		
91	203909_at	Solute carrier family 9 (sodium/hydrogen exchanger), isoform 6	SLC9A6	Xq26.3	NM_006359.1	26.3	Above	1.9		
92	204446_s_at	Arachidonate 5- lipoxygenase	ALOX5	10q11.2	NM_000698.1	26.3	Above	4.2		
93	205191_at	Retinitis pigmentosa 2 (X- linked recessive)	RP2	Xp11.4- p11.21	NM_006915.1	26.3	Above	2.1		
94	206874_s_at	Ste20-related serine/threonine kinase	SLK	10q25.1	AL138761	26.3	Above	1.6		
95	208073_x_at		TTC3	21q22.2	NM_003316.1	26.3	Above	1.9		
96	209056_s_at	cDC5 cell division cycle 5- like (S. pombe)	CDC5L	6p21	AW268817	26.3	Above	1.4		
97	210645_s_at	Tetratricopeptide repeat domain 3	TTC3	21q22.2	D83077.1	26.3	Above	2.2		
98	215773_x_at		ADPRTL2	14q11.2- q12	AJ236912.1	26.3	Above	1.6		
99	215884_s_at	Ubiquilin 2	UBQLN2	Xp11.23- p11.1	AK001029.1	26.3	Above	1.9		
100	217954_s_at	PHD finger protein 3	PHF3	6	NM_015153.1	26.3	Above	1.5		

Table 66. Top 100 chi-square probe sets selected for MLL

	U133 probe	Description	Symbol	Chromo- somal Location	GenBank Ref	Chi- square value	MLL above/ below mean	Fold change
1	202603_at	a disintegrin and	ADAM10	15q22	N51370	44.6	Above	1.8
	_	metalloproteinase						
		domain 10					41	24.7
2	219463_at	chromosome 20	C20orf103	20p12	NM_012261.1	44.6	Above	24.7
		open reading						
		frame 103	AT 4 TF1		AB032977.1	44.6	Below	3.8
3	224772_at	neuron navigator 1	NAVI					
4	204069 at	Meis1, myeloid	MEIS1	2p14-p13	NM_002398.1	44.4	Above	73.7
	_		_1	152-				

		ecotropic viral integration site 1 homolog						
5 6	218966_at 226939_at	myosin 5C	MYO5C FLJ37247	15q21	NM_018728.1 AI202327	44.4 44.4	Below Above	4.5 6.9
7	204446_s_at	arachidonate 5-	ALOX5	10q11.2	NM_000698.1	40.7	Below	66.8
8	206492_at	lipoxygenase fragile histidine	FHIT	3p14.2	NM_002012.1	40.7	Below	36.6
9	212588_at	triad gene protein tyrosine phosphatase,	PTPRC	1q31-q32	AI809341	40.7	Above	2.3
10	215925_s_at	receptor type, C CD72 antigen	CD72	9p11.2	AF283777.2	40.7	Above	3.0
11	211733_x_at	(ligand for CD5) sterol carrier	SCP2	1p32	BC005911.1	40.1	Above	1.5
12	212386_at	protein 2 cDNA FLJ11918	FLJ11918		AK021980.1	40.1	Below	3.1
13	218764_at	fis Protein Kinase C	PRKCH	14q22.1- q22.3	NM_024064.1	40.1	Below	7.6
14	218847_at	eta isoform. IGF-II mRNA-	IMP-2	3q28	NM_006548.1	40.1	Above	23.2
15	222409_at	binding protein 2 coronin, actin binding protein,	CORO1C	12q24.1	AL162070.1	40.1	Above	4.8
		1C			N50406	40.1	Above	33.6
16 17	242172_at 201153_s_at	ESTs muscleblind-like	MBNL	3q25	NM 021038.1	40.0	Above	2.1
1,	201105_5_40	(Drosophila)		•			n.,	2.9
18	210487_at	deoxynucleotidyltr ansferase, terminal		10q23- q24	M11722.1	40.0	Below	
19	219686_at	gene for serine/threonine protein kinase	HSA2508 39	4p16.2	NM_018401.1	40.0	Below	28.3
20	226981_at	Homo sapiens, clone			AW002079	37.4	Below	1.0
		IMAGE:4401491,						
21	203375_s_at	mRNA tripeptidyl	TPP2	13q32-	NM_003291.1	37.2	Above	1.6
22	221676_s_at	peptidase II coronin, actin	CORO1C	q33 12q24.1	BC002342.1	37.2	Above	3.5
		binding protein, 1C						
23	201152_s_at	muscleblind-like (Drosophila)	MBNL	3q25	NM_021038.1	36.2	Above	2.2
24	221773_at	ELK3, ETS- domain protein	ELK3	12q23	AW575374	36.2	Below	8.2
		(SRF accessory						
25	201162_at	protein 2) insulin-like	IGFBP7	4q12	NM_001553.1	36.0	Above	4.3
		growth factor binding protein 7	Tornna	4-10	NM 001553.1	36.0	Above	4.0
26	201163_s_at	growth factor	IGFBP7	4q12	NM_001333.1	30.0	Above	-1.0
27	203836_s_at	protein kinase	MAP3K5	6q22.33	D84476.1	36.0	Above	13.9
28	203837_at	kinase kinase 5 mitogen-activated	MAP3K5	6q22.33	NM_005923.2	36.0	Above	4.2
				152				

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		protein kinase kinase kinase 5				36.0	Below	3.2
29	213891_s_at	CDITITION	FLJ11918		AI927067	36.0	Below	3.2
30	214895_s_at	fis a disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain 10	ADAM10	15q22	AU135154	36.0	Above	1.9
31	226415_at	KIAA1576 protein	KIAA157	16q22.1	AA156723	36.0	Above	40.7
32	235879 at	ESTs	U		AI697540	36.0	Above	3.8
33	212387 at	cDNA FLJ11918	FLJ11918		AK021980.1	35.8	Below	3.3
34	218988 at	fis bladder cancer	BLOV1	12q15	NM_018656.1	35.8	Below	16.3
		overexpressed						
35	228555_at	protein EST; by BLAT calcium/calmoduli	CAMK2D		AA029441	35.8	Above	3.1
		n-dependent Protine Kinase						
		type II Delta chain (CAMK GROUP						
		I)						
36	202975_s_at	Rho-related BTB domain containing	RHOBTB 3	5q21.2	N21138	35.3	Above	5.5
		3			NR 6 000205 2	34.5	Above	14.5
37	201105_at	lectin, galactoside- binding, soluble, 1	LGALSI	22q13.1	NM_002305.2	34.3	Above	14.5
38	203434 s at	(galectin 1) membrane	MME	3q25.1-	AI433463	34.1	Below	31.2
38	203434_S_8T	metallo- endopeptidase (neutral	MANAGE	q25.2				

enkephalinase, CALLA, CD10) Below 2.4 ATP2B4 AW517686 34.1 39 212135\_s\_at calcium transporting ATPase plasma membrane protein. ATP2B4 AW517686 34.1 Below 2.1 calcium 40 212136 at transporting ATPase plasma membrane protein. 34.1 Below 6.4 DKFZp54 N52572 cDNA 41 230179\_at 7P158 DKFZp547P158 likely homolog of RISC 17q23.2 NM\_021626.1 32.8 Above 3.4 42 218217\_at rat and mouse retinoid-inducible serine carboxypeptidase

endopeptidase,

hypothetical protein FLJ30525

Homo sapiens,

similar to WD domain, G-beta repeat containing protein

43 225841\_at

44 226668\_at

FLJ30525 1p13.2

BE502436

W80623

32.8 Above

32.8 Above 1.8

2.4

wo	WO 03/083140 PCT/US03/08486									
45	200989_at	hypoxia-inducible factor 1, alpha subunit (basic helix-loop-helix transcription factor)	HIF1A	14q21- q24	NM_001530.1	32.2	Below	1.8		
46	201151_s_at		MBNL	3q25	NM_021038.1	32.2	Above	2.6		
47	201563_at	sorbitol dehydrogenase	SORD	15q15.3	L29008.1	32.2	Above	1.8		
48	203753_at	transcription factor 4	TCF4	18q21.1	NM_003199.1	32.2	Below	2.9		
49	205668_at	lymphocyte antigen 75	LY75	2q24	NM_002349.1	32.2	Above	2.1		
50	206471 s at	plexin C1	PLXNC1	12q23.3	NM_005761.1	32.2	Above	7.7		
51	211302_s_at	phosphodiesterase 4B, cAMP- specific		1p31	L20966.1	32.2	Below	3.0		
52	212012_at	Melanoma associated gene	D2S448	2pter- p25.1	AF200348.1	32.2	Below	2.4		
53	212063 at	CD44 antigen	CD44	11p13	BE903880	32.2	Above	3.1		
54	213241 at	PLEXIN c1	PLXNC1		AF035307.1	32.2	Above	2.5		
55	214651 s at	homeo box A9	HOXA9	7p15-p14	U41813.1	32.2	Above	28.5		
56	218140 x at	APMCF1 protein	APMCF1	3q22.2	NM_021203.1	32.2	Above	1.4		
57	219988_s_at	hypothetical protein FLJ10597	FLJ10597	1p34.1	NM_018150.1	32.2	Above	1.9		
58	223046_at	egl nine homolog 1 (C. elegans)	EGLN1	1q42.1	NM_022051.1	32.2	Below	4.2		
59	224150_s_at	p10-binding protein	BITE		AF289495.1	32.2	Above	2.1		
60	224933_s_at	hypothetical protein DKFZp761F0118	DKFZp76 1F0118	10q22.1	AB037801.1	32.2	Above	1.9		
61	201078_at	transmembrane 9 superfamily member 2	TM9SF2	13q32.3	NM_004800.1	32.0	Above	1.5		
62	205550_s_at	brain and reproductive organ-expressed (TNFRSF1A modulator)	BRE	2p23.3	NM_004899.1	32.0	Above	2.0		
63	212382_at		FLJ11918		AK021980.1	32.0	Below	2.7		
64	225019_at	calcium/calmoduli n-dependent protein kinase (CaM kinase) II delta	CAMK2D	4q25	AA777512	32.0	Above	3.6		
65	225202_at	Rho-related BTB domain containing	RHOBTB 3	5q21.2	BE620739	32.0	Above	5.5		
66	228855_at	nudix (nucleoside diphosphate linked moiety X)- type motif 7	NUDT7		AI927964	32.0	Above	5.6		
67	231899_at	KIAA1726 protein	KIAA172 6	11q23.1	AB051513.1	32.0	Above	33.0		
68	52164_at	chromosome 11 open reading	C11orf24	11q13	AA065185	32.0	Above	2.3		

WO 0	3/083140					PCT	Below		
		frame 24							
69	212660_at	KIAA0239 protein	KIAA023	5q31.1	AI735639	31.7	Below	1.7	
70	213513_x_at	actin related protein 2/3	ARPC2	2q36.1	BG034239	31.7	Above	1.3	
71	222603 at	complex, subunit 2, 34kDa hypothetical	FLJ23309	9p24	AL136980	31.7	Above	3.6	
	_	protein FLJ23309		-1	AI445833			2.0	
72 73	238558_at 202391_at	ESTs brain abundant, membrane attached signal protein 1	BASP1	5p15.1- p14	NM_006317.1	31.7 31.3			
74	202604_x_at	a disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain 10	ADAM10	15q22	NM_001110.1	31.3	Above	1.8	
75	203435_s_at	membrane metallo- endopeptidase (neutral endopeptidase, enkephalinase, CALLA, CD10)	MME	3q25.1- q25.2	NM_007287.1	31.3	Below	54.8	
76	204445_s_at	arachidonate 5- lipoxygenase	ALOX5	10q11.2	AI361850	31.3	Below	687.0	
77	209705_at	likely ortholog of mouse metal response element	M96	1p22.1	AF073293.1	31,3	Below	1.5	
		binding transcription factor 2							
78	214366_s_at	arachidonate 5- lipoxygenase	ALOX5	10q11.2	AA995910	31.3	Below	54.7	
79	215000_s_at	fasciculation and elongation protein zeta 2 (zygin II)	FEZ2	2p21	AL117593.1	31.3	Above	1.7	
80	220643_s_at	Fas apoptotic inhibitory molecule	FAIM	3q23	NM_018147.1	31.3	Above	2.9	
81	226459_at	Homo sapiens gastric cancer- related protein GCYS-20 (gcys- 20) mRNA, complete cds; homology with mouse epidermal			AW575754	31.3	Above	1.6	
		growth factor receptor pathway substrate 8							
82 83	238712_at 229686 at	ESTs cDNA FLJ35637	FLJ35637		BF801735 AI436587	31.3 31.0			
84	222620 s at	fis	DNAJL1	10m11 22	BF591419	29.8			
-		hypothetical protein similar to mouse Dnajl1		-					
85	224516 s at	hypothetical protein HSPC195	HSPC195	5q31.3	BC006428.1	29.8	Above	2.7	

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86	203217_s_at	sialyltransferase 9 (CMP- NeuAc:lactosylcer amide alpha-2,3- sialyltransferase;	SIAT9	2p11.2	NM_003896.1	28.8	Below	2.1
87	204030_s_at	GM3 synthase) schwannomin interacting protein	SCHIP1	3q25.32	NM_014575.1	28.8	Below	17.6
88 89	209191_at 213541_s_at	tubulin beta-5 v-ets erythroblastosis virus E26 oncogene like	TUBB-5 ERG	21q22.3	BC002654.1 AI351043	28.8 28.8	Above Below	6.4 2.8
90	213773_x_at	(avian) Williams Beuren syndrome chromosome	WBSCR2 0A	7q11.23	AW248552	28.8	Above	1.3
91	219243_at	region 20A immunity associated protein 4	HIMAP4	7q35	NM_018326.1	28.8	Below	13.4
92	219256_s_at	hypothetical	FLJ20356	4p16.1	NM_018986.1	28.8	Below	2.6
93	223358_s_at	protein FLJ20356 phosphodiesterase	PDE7A	8q13	AW269834	28.8	Above	1.5
94	224796_at	7A development and differentiation	DDEF1	8q24.1- q24.2	W03103	28.8	Below	1.8
95	203076_s_at	against decapentaplegic homolog 2	MADH2	18q21.1	U65019.1	28.7	Below	2.0
96	212385_at	(Drosophila) cDNA FLJ11918	FLJ11918		AK021980.1	28.7	Below	3.2
97	216026_s_at		POLE	12q24.3	AL080203.1	28.7	Below	3.0
98	217118_s_at		KIAA093	22q13.31	AK025608.1	28.7	Above	1.9
99	219821_s_at	protein hypothetical	FLJ20330	6pter- p22.1	NM_018988.1	28.7	Below	5.5
100	201875_s_at	protein FLJ20330 hypothetical protein FLJ21047	FLJ21047	1q23.2	NM_024569.1	28.5	Above	2.0

Table 67. Top 100 chi-square probe sets selected for T-ALL

	U133 probe	Gene Description	Symbol	Chromo- somal Location	GenBank Ref	Chi- square	T-ALL above/ below mean	Fold change
1	201137_s_at	major histocompatibility complex, class II, DP beta 1	HLA- DPB1	6p21.3	NM_002121.1	100.0	Below	21.0
2	202113_s_at	sorting nexin 2	SNX2	5q23	AF043453.1	100.0	Below	4.2

wo	03/083140				PC	T/US03/0	8486	
3 4	202114_at 203675_at		SNX2 NUCB2	5q23 11p15.1-	NM_003100.1 NM_005013.1	100.0 100.0	Below Above	4.6 3.6
5	204670_x_at	complex, class II,	HLA- DRB3	p14 6p21,3	NM_002125.1	100.0	Below	13.4
6	205297_s_at	DR beta 3 CD79B antigen (immunoglobulin-	CD79B	17q23	NM_000626.1	100.0	Below	23.3
7	205456_at	associated beta) CD3E antigen, epsilon polypeptide (TiT3 complex)	CD3E	11q23	NM_000733.1	100.0	Above	20.7
8 9	206398_s_at 208306_x_at	CD19 antigen major histocompatibility complex, class II, DR beta 4	CD19 HLA- DRB4	16p11.2 6p21.3	NM_001770.1 NM_021983.2	100.0 100.0	Below Below	5693.6 8.3
10	208894_at	major histocompatibility complex, class II, DR alpha	HLA- DRA	6p21.3	M60334.1	100.0	Below	20.9
11	209312_x_at	major histocompatibility complex, class II, DR beta 1	HLA- DRB1	6p21.3	U65585.1	100.0	Below	12.6
12	209619_at	CD74 antigen (invariant polypeptide of major histocompatibility complex, class II antigen- associated)	CD74	5q32	K01144.1	100.0	Below	15.1
13	210116_at	SH2 domain protein 1A, Duncan's disease (lymphoproliferati ve syndrome)	SH2D1A	Xq25- q26	AF072930.1	100.0	Above	150.7
14	210982_s_at	major histocompatibility complex, class II, DR alpha	HLA- DRA	6p21.3	M60333.1	100.0	Below	23.4
15	211990_at	major histocompatibility complex, class II, DP alpha 1	HLA- DPA1	6p21.3	M27487.1	100.0	Below	19.6
16	211991_s_at		HLA- DPA1	6p21.3	M27487.1	100.0	Below	24.5
17	213539_at	CD3D antigen, delta polypeptide (TiT3 complex)	CD3D	11q23	NM_000732.1	100.0	Above	35.7
18	214049_x_at		CD7	17q25.2- q25.3	AI829961	100.0	Above	312.2
19	214551_s_at	CD7 antigen (p41)	CD7	17q25.2- q25.3	NM_006137.2	100.0	Above	228.1

wo	WO 03/083140 PCT/US03/08486								
20	217147_s_at	T-cell receptor interacting	TRIM	3q13	AJ240085.1	100.0	Above	42.6	
21	217478_s_at	molecule MHC, class IIa, HLA-DMA	HLA- DMA		X76775	100.0	Below	11.9	
22	221969_at	paired box gene 5 (B-cell lineage specific activator protein)	PAX5	9p13	BF510692	100.0	Below	3 <b>922</b> .0	
23 24	227646_at 229487_at	early B-cell factor cDNA FLJ39389	EBF FLJ39389	5 <b>q34</b> 5	BG435302 W73890	100.0 100.0	Below Below	85.0 7685.7	
25	229838_at	fis cDNA FLJ39156 fis	FLJ39156		AI377271	100.0	Above	12.7	
26 27	232204_at 203965_at	early B-cell factor ubiquitin specific	EBF USP20	5q34 9q34.12- q34.13	AF208502.1 NM_006676.1	100.0 91.3	Below Above	7129.1 9.0	
28	204891_s_at	protease 20 lymphocyte- specific protein	LCK	1p34.3	NM_005356.1	91.3	Above	13.8	
29	205255_x_at	tyrosine kinase transcription factor 7 (T-cell specific, HMG-	TCF7	5q31.1	NM_003202.1	91.3	Above	8.4	
30	207655_s_at	box) B-cell linker	BLNK	10q23.2- q23.33	NM_013314.1	91.3	Below	103.2	
31	209771_x_at	CD24 antigen (small cell lung carcinoma cluster 4 antigen)	CD24.	6q21	AA761181	91.3	Below	40.1	
32	211796_s_at	T cell receptor beta locus	TRB	7q34	AF043179.1	91.3	Above	20.7	
33	213792_s_at	insulin receptor	INSR.	19p13.3- p13.2	AA485908	91.3	Below	8.0	
34	215193_x_at	major histocompatibility complex, class II, DR beta 3	HLA- DRB3	6p21.3	AJ297586.1	91.3	Below	12.1	
35	216379_x_at	KIAA1919 protein	KIAA191 9	6q22.1	AK000168.1	91.3	Below	44.0	
36	219191_s_at	bridging integrator	BIN2	12q13	NM_016293.1	91.3	Above	271.0	
37	219563_at	hypothetical protein FLJ21276	FLJ21276	14q32.2	NM_024633.1	91.3	Below	5.8	
38	219724_s_at	KIAA0748 gene product	KIAA074 8	12q12	NM_014796.1	91.3	Above	11.6	
39	221750_at	3-hydroxy-3- methylglutaryl- Coenzyme A synthase 1 (soluble)	HMGCS1	5p14-p13	BG035985	91.3	Above	3.4	
40	226157_at	cDNA FLJ39131 fis	FLJ39131		AI569747	91.3	Above	4.4	
41	226496_at	hypothetical protein FLJ22611	FLJ22611		BG291039	91.3	Below	7.6	
42	266_s_at	CD24 antigen (small cell lung carcinoma cluster 4 antigen)	CD24	6q21	L33930	91.3	Below	69.7	
		- 1							

wo	WO 03/083140 PCT/US03/08486							
43	39318_at	T-cell leukemia/lympho	TCL1A	14q32.1	X82240	91.3	Below	367.4
44	204214_s_at	ma 1A RAB32, member RAS oncogene	RAB32	6q24.3	NM_006834.1	90.6	Above	127.9
45	204777_s_at	family mal, T-cell differentiation	MAL	2cen-q13	NM_002371.2	90.6	Above	96.8
46	204890_s_at	protein lymphocyte- specific protein	LCK.	1p34.3	U07236.1	90.6	Above	18.6
47	205049_s_at	tyrosine kinase CD79A antigen (immunoglobulin-	CD79A	19q13.2	NM_001783.1	90.6	Below	11.4
48	205254_x_at	associated alpha) transcription factor 7 (T-cell specific, HMG- box)	TCF7	5q31.1	AW027359	90.6	Above	352.0
49	205504_at	Bruton agammaglobuline mia tyrosine	BTK	Xq21.33- q22	NM_000061.1	90.6	Below	6.6
50	210915_x_at	kinase T cell receptor	TRB	7q34	M15564.1	90.6	Above	15.9
51	211211_x_at	beta locus SH2 domain protein 1A, Duncan's disease (lymphoproliferati	SH2D1A	Xq25- q26	AF100542.1	90.6	Above	1963.5
52	213830_at	ve syndrome) T cell receptor delta locus	TRD	14q11.2	AW007751	90.6	Above	7411.2
53	216191_s_at	T cell receptor delta locus	TRD	14q11.2	X72501.1	90.6	Above	253.7
54	217143_s_at	T cell receptor delta locus	TRD	14q11.2	X06557.1	90.6	Above	151.9
55	219528_s_at	B-cell CLL/lymphoma 11B (zinc finger	BCL11B	14q32.31 -q32.32	NM_022898.1	90,6	Above	11.6
56	220418_at	protein) ubiquitin associated and SH3 domain containing, A	UBASH3 A	21q22.3	NM_018961.1	90.6	Above	759.3
57	222895_s_at	B-cell CLL/lymphoma 11B (zinc finger protein)	BCL11B	14q32.31 -q32.32	AA918317	90.6	Above	11.7
58	223553_s_at		FLJ22570	5q35.3	BC004564.1	90.6	Below	6.1
59 60	225090_at 226459_at	HRD1 protein Homo sapiens gastric cancer- related protein GCYS-20 (gcys- 20) mRNA, complete cds	HRD1	11q12	AA844682 AW575754	90.6 90.6	Below Below	3.6 10.7
61	228314_at	cDNA FLJ37485 fis	FLJ37485		BE877357	90.6	Below	4.7

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62	201384_s_at	membrane component, chromosome 17, surface marker 2 (ovarian carcinoma antigen	M17S2	17q21.1	NM_005899.1	83.8	Above	3.3
63	202540_s_at	CA125) 3-hydroxy-3- methylglutaryl- Coenzyme A	HMGCR	5q13.3- q14	NM_000859.1	83.8	Above	4.4
64	203198_at	reductase cyclin-dependent kinase 9 (CDC2- related kinase)	CDK9	9q34.1	NM_001261.1	83.8	Below	4.8
65	203932_at	major histocompatibility complex, class II,	HLA- DMB	6p21.3	NM_002118.1	83.8	Below	7.9
66	204613_at	DM beta phospholipase C, gamma 2 (phosphatidylinosi	PLCG2	16q24.1	NM_002661.1	83.8	Below	3.9
67	205267_at	tol-specific) POU domain, class 2, associating factor	POU2AF1	11q23.1	NM_006235.1	83.8	Below	11.2
68	208650_s_at	1 CD24 antigen (small cell lung carcinoma cluster	CD24	6q21	BG327863	83.8	Below	74.7
69	208651_x_at	4 antigen) CD24 antigen (small cell lung carcinoma cluster	CD24	6q21	M58664.1	83.8	Below	52.7
70	209995_s_at	4 antigen) T-cell leukemia/lympho ma 1A	TCL1A	14q32.1	BC003574.1	83.8	Below	20166. 2
71	210038_at	protein kinase C,	PRKCQ	10p15	AL137145	83.8	Above	12.7
72	211126_s_at	theta cysteine and glycine-rich	CSRP2	12q21.1	U46006.1	83.8	Below	18.0
73	220068_at	protein 2 pre-B lymphocyte	VPREB3	22q11.23	NM_013378.1	83.8	Below	6559.8
74	226245_at	gene 3 cDNA	DKFZp45		U55984	83.8	Above	8.7
75	202615_at	DKFZp451C132 cDNA	1C132 DKFZp68 6D0521		BF222895	82.2	Above	3.1
76	224861_at	DKFZp686D0521 cDNA FLJ31057	FLJ31057		BF477658	82.2	Above	3.5
77	201194_at	fis selenoprotein W,	SEPW1	19q13.3	NM_003009.1	82.0	Above	3.8
78	201349_at	solute carrier family 9 (sodium/hydrogen exchanger), isoform 3 regulatory factor 1		. 17q25.2	NM_004252.1	82.0	Above	2.9
79	202539_s_at	3-hydroxy-3-	HMGCR	5q13.3- 161-	AL518627	82.0	Above	3.5

		methylglutaryl- Coenzyme A		q14				
80	203588_s_at	reductase transcription factor Dp-2 (E2F	TFDP2	3q23	BG034328	82.0	Above	17.5
81	204852_s_at	dimerization partner 2) protein tyrosine phosphatase, non-	PTPN7	1q32.1	NM_002832.1	82.0	Above	9.5
82	207434_s_at	receptor type 7 FXYD domain containing ion transport regulator	FXYD2	11q23	NM_021603.1	82.0	Above	14.6
83	208872_s_at	2 DNA segment, single copy probe LNS-CAI/LNS-	D5S346	5q22 <b>-</b> q23	AA814140	82.0	Below	2.6
84	209200_at	CAII MADS box transcription enhancer factor 2, polypeptide C (myocyte enhancer factor	MEF2C	5q14	N22468	82.0	Below	7.5
85	212795_at	2C) KIAA1033	KIAA103	12q24.11	AL137753.1	82.0	Below	2.4
86	212827_at	protein immunoglobulin	3 IGHM	14q32.33	X17115.1	82.0	Below	13.1
87	213193_x_at	heavy constant mu T cell receptor	TRB	7q34	AL559122	82.0	Above	10.9
88	221002_s_at	beta locus tetraspanin similar		10q23.2	NM_030927.1	82.0	Below	2.1
89	225314_at	to TM4SF9 hypothetical protein MGC45416	TM4F2 MGC4541 6	4p12	BG291649	82.0	Above	5.5
90	227432_s_at	insulin receptor	INSR	19p13.3- p13.2	AI215106	82.0	Below	6.0
91	203332_s_at	inositol polyphosphate-5- phosphatase,	INPP5D		NM_005541.1	81.5	Below	2.2
92	203589_s_at	145kDa transcription factor Dp-2 (E2F dimerization	TFDP2	3 <b>q2</b> 3	NM_006286.1	81.5	Above	35.1
93	205674_x_at	partner 2) FXYD domain containing ion transport regulator	FXYD2	11q23	NM_001680.2	81.5	Above	12.2
94	209881_s_at	2 Linker for activation of T cells	LAT	16q13	AF036905.1	81.5	Above	1823.4
95	211005_at	Linker for activation of T cells	LAT	16q13	AF036906.1	81.5	Above	67.8
9 <b>6</b> 97	211075_s_at 211210_x_at	CD47 SH2 domain protein 1A,	CD47 SH2D1A	Xq25- q26	Z25521.1 AF100539.1	81.5 81.5	Above Above	2.1 300.2

98 99	213601_at 213857_s_at	Duncan's disease (lymphoproliferati ve syndrome) slit homolog 1 (Drosophila) CD47 antigen (Rh-related	SLIT1 CD47	10q23.3- q24 3q13.1- q13.2	AB011537.2 BG230614	81.5 81.5	Above Above	1752.1 2.2
1,00	214924_s_at	antigen, integrin- associated signal transducer) KIAA1042 protein	KIAA104 2	3p25.3- p24.1	AK000754.1	81.5	Below	2.3

Table 68. Top 100 chi-square probe sets selected for TEL-AML1

Table 68. Top 100 chi-square probe sets selected for LEL-AVILI										
							AML			
						Chi-	above/			
		_		Chromo- somal		square		Fold		
	U133 probe	Gene	Symbol	Location	GenBank Ref		mean	change		
	set	Description	Symbol		W80418	75	Above	7.6		
1	224722_at	KIAA1323	KIAA132	18q11.1	W 90419	13	110010	,,,,		
			3 3							
_	***********	FLJ12722	FLJ12722	17q21,32	AK022784.1	75	Above	2446.3		
2	227377_at	EST	FLJ12/22	17p12	AI452798	75	Above	23.7		
3	237206_at	EST		I/piz	BF513468	75	Above	13.4		
4	241505_at 203184 at	Fibrillin 2	FBN2	5q23.2	NM 001999.2	69.1	Above	14.4		
5	203184_at	(congenital	TDN2	3423.2						
		contractural								
		araclinodactyly)								
6	205109 s_at	Rho guanine		2q22	NM 015320.1	69.1	Above	148.1		
0	203109_8_at	nucleotide	ARHGEF	-1	_					
		exchange factor	4							
		(GEF) 4								
7	210650 s at	Piccolo	PCLO	7q21.11	BC001304.1	69.1	Above	101.2		
8	213558 at	Piccolo	PCLO	7q21.11	AB011131.1	69.1	Above	77.5		
9	220451 s at	Livin IAP	BIRC7	20q13.3	NM_022161.1	69.1	Above	25.4		
	220131_0_4	(inhibitor of		•	_					
		apoptosis)								
10	224720 at	KIAA1323		18q11.1	W80418	69.1	Above	4.3		
	_		KIAA132							
			3							
11	235694 at	IMAGE:4661943		20q13.33	N49233	69.1	Above	9.3		
	_	Unknown EST						3.7		
12	202808_at	Hypothetical	FLJ20154		AK000161.1	68.9	Above	3.7		
		protein FLJ20154		10q24.32		60.0	Above	54.1		
13	206032_at	Desmocollin 3	DSC3	18q12.1	AI797281	68.9	Above			
14	206033_s_at	Desmocollin 3	DSC3	18q12.1	NM_001941.2	68.9 68.9	Above			
15	209228_x_at	Putative prostate	N33	8p22	U42349.1	68.9	AUUVE	20.0		
		cancer tumor								
		suppressor gene								
		N33		18q11.1	W80418	68.9	Above	3.6		
16	224725_at	KIAA1323	**** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	18q11.1	W 00410	00.9	110010			
			KIAA132							
	202010 /	PTPL1-associated	_	1p22.1	NM 004815.1	64	Above	7.1		
17	203910_at	RhoGAP	LVIGI	1P22.1	504015.1					
10	204849 at	Transcription	TCFL5	20q13.33	NM 006602.1	64	Above	8.9		
18	204849_at	Transcription		163-	- 112_000000000					
			-	105-						

19	206231_at	factor-like 5 (helix-loop-helix domain) Potassium intermediate/small conductance calcium-activated channel,	KCNNI	19p13.1	NM_002248.2	64	Above	72.7
20	208056_s_at	subfamily N, member 1 Core-binding factor, runt domain, alpha subunit 2;	CBFA2T3	16q24	NM_005187.2	63	Above	2.5
21	211222_s_at	translocated to, 3 Huntingtin- associated protein 1 (neuroan 1,	НАР1	17q21.2	AF040723.1	63	Above	80.8
22	223468_s_at	HAP-1) hypothetical protein from EUROIMAGE 363668 RGM: likely ortholog of chicken repulsive	RGM	15q26.1	AL136826.1	63	Above	10.6
23	227266_s_at	guidance molecule FYN-binding	FYB	5p13.1	BF679849	63	Above	3.1
24	228158_at	protein Lymphocyte- specific protein 1		2p11.1	AI623211	63	Above	7.9
			EPOR	19p13.2	M60459	63	Above	15.5
25	37986_at	EPO receptor	EPN2	17p11.1	NM 014964.1		Above	43.3
26	203464_s_at	Epsin 2	CLIC5	6p21.1	AL049313.1	62.9	Above	99.3
27	213317_at	chloride intracellular channel 5		•				
28	213423_x_at	Putative prostate cancer tumor suppressor	N33	8p22	AI884858	62.9	Above	15.7
29	226817 at	Desmocollin 2	DSC2	18q12.1	AU154691	62.9	Above	48.3
30	227862 at	ESTs		1p35.1	AA037766	62.9	Above	14.7
31	229339 at	EST		17p12	AI093327	62.9	Above	31.1
32	211795_s_at	FYN binding protein	FYB	5p13.1	AF198052.1	59.4	Above	4.1
33	218627_at	Hypothetical	FLJ11259	12q23.1	NM_018370.1	57.9	Above	4.6
34	221748_s_at	Protein FLJ11259 Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ32766 fis	TNS	2q35	AL046979	57.9	Above	6.6
35	200709_at	FK506 binding	FKBP1A	20p13	NM_000801.1	57.1	Above	1.8
36	204615_x_at	diphosphate delta	IDI1	10p15.3	NM_004508.1	57.1	Above	2.6
37	208881_x_at	diphosphate delta	ID11	10p15.3	BC005247.1	57.1	Above	2.6
38	213301_x_at	isomerase Transcriptional intermediary factor 1	TIF1	7 <b>q</b> 34	AL538264	57.1	Above	2.0
		moun i						

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39 40	221747_at 224726_at	Tensin KIAA1323	TNS KIAA132	2q35 18q11.1	AL046979 W80418	57.1 57.1	Above Above	49.2 26.1
	024455	ESTs	3	2p25.2	AA768888	57.1	Above	7.7
41 42	231455_at 232750_at	Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ13750	FLJ13750		AU158570	57.1	Above	35.0
43	209685_s_at	Protein kinase C, beta 1	PRKCB1	16p11.2	M13975.1	53.6	Above	1.9
44	204404_at	EST like Na+/K+/Cl- transporter with AA permease domain, memb 2	SLC12A2	5q23.3	NM_001046.1		Above	2.0
45	239673_at	ESTs		4q31.23	AW080999	53.4	Above	9.0
46	240950_s_at	Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ32658	FLJ32658	19q13.33	AA400740	53.4	Above	9.9
47	204297_at	Phosphoinositide-	PIK3C3	18q12.3	NM_002647.1	52.5	Above	4.5
48	206591_at	3-kinase, class 3 Recombination activating gene 1	RAG1	11p13	NM_000448.1	52.1	Above	5.4
49	209962_at	Erythropoietin	EPOR	19p13.2	M34986.1	52.1	Above	17.0
50	209963_s_at	receptor Erythropoietin	EPOR	19p13.2	M34986.1	52.1	Above	7.6
51	210186_s_at	receptor FK 506 binding	FKBP1A	20p13	BC005147.1	52.1	Above	1.8
52	219866_at	protein 1A (12kD) Chloride intracellular	CLIC5	6p21.1	NM_016929.1	52.1	Above	60.3
53	203474_at	channel 5 IQ motif containing GTPase activating	IQGAP2	5q13.2	NM_006633.1	51.6	Below	2.8
54	21 <b>0058_a</b> t	protein 2 Mitogen-activated	MAPK13	6p21.1	BC000433.1	51.6	Above	2.3
55	211891_s_at	protein kinase 13 Rho guanine nucleotide exchange factor	ARHGEF	2q22	AB042199.1	51.6	Above	452.6
56	214214_s_at	(GEF) 4 Complement component 1, q subcomponent	C1QBP	17p13.3	AU151801	51.6	Below	2.0
57	218152_at	binding protein High-mobility group 20A	HMG20A	. 15q24	NM_018200.1	51.6	Above	1.7
58	234983_at	ESTs	FLJ21415	12q24.22	BE893995 AI798164	51.6 51.6	Above Above	2.4 102.2
59	240446_at	KIAA1323	KIAA132	18q11.2	A1/96104	31.0	Above	102,2
60	244107 at	ESTs	-	18q12.1	AW189097	51.6	Above	518.9
61	205794_s_at		NOVA1	14q12	NM_002515.1	51.4	Above	40.4
62	217628_at	chloride intracellular	CLIC5	6p21.1	BF032808	51.4	Above	87.4
63	218804_at	channel 5 Hypothetical	FLJ1026	11q13.3	NM_018043.1	51.4	Above	41.6
64	230698_at	protein FLJ10261 EST		7q11.22	AW072102	51.4	Above	8.7
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65	225129_at	cDNA FLJ37548	FLJ37548	16q13	AW170571	49.4	Above	3.0
66	201266_at	fis Thioredoxin	TXNRD1	12q23- q24.1	NM_003330.1	48.2	Above	1.7
67	203611_at	reductase 1 Telomeric repeat binding factor 2	TERF2	16q22.1	NM_005652.1	48.2	Above	5.3
68	213017_at	Lung alpha/beta hydrolase 3	LABH3	18q11.1	AL534702	48.2	Above	4.0
69	236430_at	hypothetical protein MGC23911	MGC2391	16q22.1	AA708152	48.2	Above	16.8
70	209035_at	Midkine (neurite growth-promoting factor 2).	MDK	11p11.2	M69148.1	47.7	Above	4.6
71	209193_at	Pim-1 oncogene	PIM1	6p21.2	M24779.1	47.7	Above	2.0
72	218625_at	Neuritin 1	NRN1	6p24.1	NM_016588.1		Above	5.1 5.2
73	226038_at	Hypothetical protein FLJ23749	FLJ23749	8p23.1	BF680438	47.7	Above	
74	232227_at	EST		9q34.3	AV736391	47.7	Above	14.7
75	204160_s_at	Ectonucleotide pyrophosphatase/p hosphodiesterase 4 (putative function)	ENPP4	6p12.3	AW194947	46.5	Above	7.2
76	206233_at	UDP- Gal:betaGlcNAc beta 1,4- galactosyltransfera	B4GALT6	18q11	AF097159.1	46.5	Above	2.6
77	218813_s_at	se, polypeptide 6 SH3-domain GRB2-like endophilin B2	SH3GLB2	9q34.11	NM_020145.1	46.5	Above	6.2
78	227111_at	Homo sapiens cDNA FLJ31099 fis, clone IMR321000230	FLJ31099	9q33	BG179317	46.5	Above	2.7
79	202382_s_at	Glucosamine-6- phosphate isomerase	GNPI	5q21	NM_005471.1	46.2	Above	5.6
80	202838_at	Fucosidase, alpha- L-1, tissue	FUCA1	1p34	NM_000147.1	46.2	Above	4.8
81	225731_at	Hypothetical protein KIAA1223	KIAA122	4q26	AB033049.1	46.2	Above	2.8
82	225835 at	FLJ21409	SLC12A2	5q23.2	AK025062.1	46.2	Above	3.6
83	229790_at	Telomeric repeat binding factor 2	TERF2	16q22.1	AW006832	46.2	Above	7.4
84	230069_at	Hypothetical protein FLJ12876	FLJ12876	5q35.3	BF593817	46.2		9.4 17.7
85	235872_at	ESTs		10 10 2	BE408975	46.2		3.0
86	239300_at	EST		18q12.3	AI632214	46.2 46.2		2.9
87	241940_at	EST	TATION * *	18q11.2	BF477544			8.1
88	203370_s_at	domain protein)	ENIGMA	•	NM_005451.2			9.2
89	215149_at	LOC149153:	LOC1491 53	1p36.32	AF052109.1	45.9	AUUVC	1.2
90	217901_at	Desmoglein 2 desmosomal	DSG2	18q12.1	BF031829	45.9	) Above	6.7

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91	235333_at	cadherin UDP- Gal:betaGlcNAc beta 1,4-	B4GALT6	18q12.1	BG503479	45.9	Above	2.0
	242881_x_at 200783_s_at	galactosyltransfera se, polypeptide 6 EST Stathmin 1/oncoprotein 18 leukemia- associated	STMN1	1p35.1	BG285837 NM_005563.2	45.9 45.8	Above Above	11.8 1.5
94	201334_s_at	phosphoprotein Rho guanine nucleotide exchange factor	ARHGEF 12	11q23.3	NM_015313.1	45.8	Above	6.1
95	203038_at	(GEF) 12 Protein tyrosine phosphatase,	PTPRK	6q22.33	NM_002844.1	45.8	Above	9.1
96	209735_at	receptor type, K ATP-binding cassette, sub- family G (WHITE),	ABCG2	4q22	AF098951.2	45.8	Above	4.5
97	212063_at	member 2 Unactive progesterone	P23	12q12	BE903880	45.8	Below	7.4
98	212399_s_at	receptor, 23 kD Hypothetical protein	KIAA012	3p25.2	D50911.2	45.8	Above	1.8
99	212438_at	KIAA0121 Putative nucleic acid binding	I RYI	2p13.1	BG252325	45.2	Above	1.7
100	214761_at	protein RY-1 OLF-1/early B- cell factor associated zinc finger protein	OAZ	16q12	AW149417	45.2	Above	2.1

# Biologic insights from the new class defining genes

Interestingly, the overall quantitative pattern of expression of discriminating genes varied significantly between leukemia subtypes (Table 69). Within the B-cell lineage leukemia subtypes, E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, BCR-ABL, and Hyperdiploid >50 chromosomes were characterized primarily by genes that were overexpressed, where as almost 40% of the discriminating genes that characterized MLL fusion gene expressing leukemias were underexpressed. More remarkably, the discriminating genes for the leukemia subtypes defined by chimeric transcription factors were markedly overexpressed, with an average fold increase of 112 and 48 for E2A-PBX1 and TEL-AML1, respectively. By contrast, the discriminating genes for BCR-ABL

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and MLL fusion gene expressing leukemias showed an average fold increases of only 6.8. and 8.6, respectively, whereas the discriminating genes for hyperdiploid >50 chromosomes had an average fold-increase of only 2.6 fold. These data suggest that the quantitative global changes in a cell's expression profile vary markedly depending on the genetic lesion(s) that underlie the initiation of the leukemic process.

Table 69. Summary of fold change by diagnostic subgroup (by gene)					
	Mean fold				
Subgroup	change	Range			
BCR-ABL	6.8	1.1 - 90.5			
E2A-PBX1	112.0	1.6 - 5435			
Hyperdiploid >50	2.6	1.3 - 27.2			
MLL rearrangement	8.6	1.0 - 75			
T-ALL	387	2.1 - 7685			
TEL-AML1	48:3	1.5 - 2446			

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Tables 70-74 show genes whose expression is limited to a single B-cell lineage class, and therefore function not only as class discriminators in the decision tree format, but are also class discriminators in a parallel format in which a class is distinguished against all others. Thus, these genes have the potential of serving as unique class specific diagnostic or therapeutic targets. In addition, these genes may provide unique insights into the underlying biology of the different leukemia subtypes. For example, BCR-ABL expressing ALLs are characterized by the over expression of Dynactin 4, which encodes a RING finger containing protein that is part of the 20S dynactin multisubunit complex involved in movement, intracellular transport and division through its interaction with the cytoplasmic microtubule-based motor dynein; PSTPIP2, which encodes a proline/serine/threonine phosphatase-interacting protein that is also involved in controlling the organization of the cytoskeleton, and is tyrosine phosphorylated following activation of receptor tyrosine kinases (Karki et al. (2000) J. Biol. Chem. 275:4834-4839); and several novel ESTs.

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Table 70: G	Table 70: Genes highly Correlated with BCR-ABL			
GenBank Reference	Gene Description			
AK002064	DKFZP564A2416 histone H5 signature			
BE218028	Dynactin 4			
NM_024600	FLJ20898			
NM_024430	Pro-Ser-Thr phsphatase interac. protein 2			
AV648669	FLJ39877			

E2A-PBX1 expressing leukemias are characterized by the expression of PBX1, the receptor tyrosine kinase gene C-MERTK, and the FAT tumor suppressor, which encodes a member of the cadherin repeat domain containing family of transmembrane proteins (see Table 64). Among the discriminating genes were two genes, EB-1 and Wnt16 that had previously been shown to be over expressed in this leukemia subtype (Wu et al. (1998) J. Biol. Chem. 273:30487-30496; and Fu et al. (1999) Oncogene 18:4920-4929). In addition, the retinal degeneration B beta gene (McWhirter et al. (1999) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U S A. 96:11464-11469), and a number of novel ESTs were identified as being uniquely over expressed in this leukemia subtype, whereas the SOCS2 negative regulators of cytokine signaling was found to be under expressed (Fullwood and Hsuan (1999) J Biol. Chem. 274:31553-

Table 71: Genes highly Correlated with E2A-PBX1				
GenBank Reference Gene Description				
NM_012417	retinal degeneration B beta			
AI971602	MGC10485			
AW005572	EB-1			
AL357503	Q9H4T4 like			
NM_016087	Wnt16			

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31558).<sup>26</sup>

Hyperdiploid leukemias with >50 chromosomes were characterized by the over expression of MST4, which encodes a novel serine/threonine kinase (Horvat and Medrano (2001) Genomics 72:209-212); SH3BP2, which encodes a SH3-domain

containing binding protein (Lin et al. (2001) Oncogene 20:6559-6569) histone deacetylase 6, which encodes a protein involved in transcriptional repression; the retinoblastoma binding protein 7 gene, which encodes a protein found in many functional histone deacetylase complexes (Bell et al. (1997) Genomics 44:163-170), and TNRC11 a trinucleotide repeat containing gene that is also known as HOPA or TRAP230 and is part of the thyroid hormone receptor-associated protein (TRAP) complex (Huang et al. (1991) Nature 350:160-162; and Ito et al. (1999) Mol Cell. 3:361-370.

Table 72: Genes highly Correlated with Hyperdiploid >50				
GenBank Reference	Gene Description			
NM_002893	Retinoblastoma binding protein 7			
AB000462	SH3-domain binding protein 2			
NM_006044	Histone deacetylase 6			
BC004354	trinucleotide repeat containing 11			
NM_016542	Mst3 and SOK1-related kinase			

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Cases with MLL gene rearrangements were characterized by the over expression of HOXA9 and Meis1 (see Table 66). Included in the up-regulated genes was a novel transcript from chromosome 20 that was over expressed almost 25 fold. This transcript is predicted to encode a protein of 280 amino acids that shows a low level of homology to a lysosome-associated membrane glycoprotein (LAMP). Also specifically over expressed in this leukemia subtype is a gene encoding an insulin growth factor (IGF) II RNA binding protein, that has been shown to repress the translation of the IGF-II growth factor (Armstrong et al. (2002). Nat. Genet. 30:41-47). Among the down regulated genes was neuron navigator 1 (Nielsen et al. (1999) Mol Cell Biol. 19:1262-1270), which encodes an 1874 amino acid protein and is involved in direction guidance of migratory cells, and a member of the TCF/LEF family of transcription factors, TCF-4. TCF-4 functions downstream of β-catenin in the Wnt-mediated signaling cascade and has been shown to be essential for the maintenance of intestinal crypt stem cells (Macs et al. (2002) Genomics 80:21-30).

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Table 73:	Table 73: Genes highly Correlated with MLL			
GenBank Reference Gene Description				
NM_012261	C20orf103			
AI202327	FLJ37247			
NM_006548	IGF-II mRNA-binding protein 2			
NM_018401	gene for serine/threonin protein kinase			
NM_018728	myosin 5C			
AB032977	neuron navigator 1			

Genes that were discriminators of TEL-AML1 leukemias included a gene localized to chromosome 18q11.1 that encodes a 795 amino acid protein that has 8 ankyrin repeat domains and a C-terminal RING finger domain. This combination of domains is identified in only a limited number of mammalian proteins, most notably BARD1, a regulator of the BRCA1 tumor suppressor (Korinek et al. (1998) Nat Genet.19:379-383). Other genes overexpressed in the subtype include desmocollin (Irminger-Finger and Leung (2002) Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol. 34:582-587), FLJ12722 a novel protein of unknown function, and a member of the IAP family of apoptosis inhibitors, BIRC7, which is overexpressed 25 fold (Whittock et al. (2000) Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 276:454-460).

Table 74: Genes highly Correlated with TEL-AML1			
GenBank Reference	Gene Description		
W80418	KIAA1323		
AK022784	FLJ12722		
NM_022161	BIRC7		
AI452798	FLJ39434		
AI797281	Desmocollin 3		

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#### Expression profiling accurately identifies the prognostic subtypes of ALL

To assess the accuracy of identifying prognostically important ALL genetic subtypes by expression profiling, the class discriminating genes identified using a chisquared metric were used in an ANN-based supervised learning algorithm. Class assignment utilized the decision tree differential diagnostic format described elsewhere herein, and required that the node value for assignment exceeded a statistically defined confidence level. Using this approach resulted in exceptionally accurate class prediction in a randomly selected training set that consisted of threefourths of the total cases (100 cases). When this classification model was then applied to a blinded test set consisting of the remaining 32 samples, an overall accuracy of 97% was achieved for class assignment. To control for over-fitting of the data, 10 additional rounds of this analysis were performined in which for each round new training and test sets were developed, genes reselected using the new training set, and then their performance assessed on the new test set. This resulted in an average accuracy of class assignment in the blinded test sets of 97.2%, with a range from 93.8% to 100%. Although the number of genes required for optimal class assignment varied between classes, the best overall diagnostic accuracy was achieved using the top 50 genes per class. A similar level of accuracy was achieved using a variety of other supervised learning algorithms, including K-NN and SVM.

Interestingly, of the rare misclassification errors, two were cases of BCR-ABL expressing ALL that by gene expression analysis was classified as hyperdiploid >50 chromosomes. The karyotype of these cases showed the presence of both the Philadelphia chromosome and a hyperdiploid karyotype consisting of >50 chromosomes - including trisomy of chromosomes X and 21 (data not shown). The expression profile thus correctly identified the presence of the hyperdiploid >50 chromosomes class; however, since each case is assigned to only a single class, the algorithm failed to correctly identify the presence of BCR-ABL. Nevertheless, the data presented demonstrates the exceptional accuracy of this single platform for the diarnosis of the prognostically important subtypes of ALL.

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# Overview of Experimental Procedure A. Gene expression profiling

The preparation of mononuclear cell suspensions from diagnostic bone marrow aspirates, extraction of total RNA, and preparation of hybridization solutions was performed as described for Example 1. Individual hybridization solutions from our previous study had been stored at –80°C since initial hybridization (approximately 1 year). These solutions were thawed and hybridized to Affymetrix® HG-U133A and HG-U133B oligonucleotide microarrays (Affymetrix Inc., Santa Clara, CA) according to Affymetrix protocols. In two cases where the original hybridization solutions were no longer available, replicate viably frozen mononuclear cell preparations from the diagnostic bone marrow aspirate were obtained, RNA isolated, cDNA and cRNA synthesized, labeled, fragmented and hybridized as described for Example 1.

After sample hybridization, arrays were then stained with phycoerythrin-conjugated streptavidin (Molecular Probes, Eugene, OR). Antibody amplification was performed with biotinylated anti-streptavidin (Vector Laboratories, Burlingame, CA), followed by staining with phycoerythrin-conjugated streptavidin (Molecular Probes). Arrays were scanned using a laser confocal scanner (Agilent, Palo Alto, CA) and then analyzed with Affymetrix® Microarray suite 5.0 (MAS 5.0). Detection values (present, marginal or absent) were determined by default parameters, and signal values were scaled by global methods to a target value of 500. Microarray scan images were visually inspected for apparent defects, and Affymetrix internal controls were utilized to monitor the success of hybridization, washing, and staining procedures. Minimal quality control parameters for inclusion in the study included greater than 10% present calls and a GAPDH 3'/5' ratio of ≤ 3. The arrays included in this study had an average % present call of 35.9% for the A chip and 21.0% for the B chip (combined average of 28.5%).

#### B. Statistical Analysis

The dataset was separated into a train set (100) and test set (32). The identification of subtype discriminating genes was performed using the training set. Moreover, both gene discovery and subsequent class predictions were performed using a differential diagnosis decision tree format. In this format, classification was performed in a sequential order starting with T-ALL and proceeding in order E2A-

PBX1, TEL-AML1, BCR-ABL, MLL rearrangement, and Hyperdiploid >50 chromosomes. Unassigned cases were classified as other. Samples classified into the class under diagnosis were removed prior to proceeding to the next level in the decision tree. In addition, prior to analysis a variation filter was applied to remove any probe set that showed minimal variation across the dataset, and thus contributed minimally, if at all, to the discrimination of leukemia subtypes. Specifically, probe sets were eliminated from further analysis if the number of cases with a present call was less than ½ the number of samples comprising the leukemia subgroup under analysis, had a signal value < 100 in all samples in the dataset, or had a maximal signal value in the dataset + minimal signal value in the dataset that was less than 100. In addition, all signal values with absent or marginal calls were reset to 1, while probe sets with a present "P" call and a signal < 100 had the signal reset to 100. The values for signals from the Affymetrix® control sets were removed prior to analysis.

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Unsupervised hierarchical clustering and principal component analysis (PCA) were performed using GeneMaths software (version 1.5, Applied Maths, Belgium). Data reduction to define the genes most useful in class distinction was primarily performed using a chi-square metric. In this procedure, an entropy-based discretization method was first applied to identify genes whose expression across the dataset showed differentiation between class and non-class. 17 The assigned descretized value for the gene was then used in a chi-square calculation to determine if the association with a class was more than would be expected by random chance. The stronger the association with the class, the larger the chi-square value calculated. For the genes that couldn't be discretized, their chi-squared values were set to zero. To evaluate the statistical significance of the discriminating genes, we used a permutation test in which for each class, case labels were randomly reassigned to generate new groups of identical size. The label permutated data was discretized again and the chi-square values were recalculated. The permutation test was repeated for a total of 1000 times. The true chi-square values for each probe set were then compared to the values generated from the 1000 permutations to determine how many times a chi-square value for a probe set in a randomly labeled group was greater than that obtained for the true class distinction. A p value was calculated as the number of times the chi-square value exceeded the true value in the 1000 permutations.

The discriminating genes selected were then used in supervised learning

algorithms to build classifiers that could identify the specific genetic subgroup. Algorithms used included k-Nearest Neighbors (k-NN), Support Vector Machine (SVM), and an artificial neural network (ANN). See, Example 1, Witten and Frank (1999) Data mining: Practical machine learning tools and techniques with Java implementation. Morgan Kaufman; Platt (1998) Fast training of support vector machines using sequential minimal optimization in Advances in kernel methods—support vector learning Schlkopf B, Burges C, and Smola A, eds. MIT Press; and Cover and Hart (1967) IEEE Transactions on Information Theory 13:21-27. Performance of each model was initially assessed by three-fold cross validation on a randomly selected stratified training set. True error rates of the best performing classifiers were then determined using the remaining one-fourth of the samples as a blinded test group. Class assignment required that a sample's calculated node value exceed a statistically determined confidence level in order for it to be assigned to a class. Details of the supervised learning algorithms and their use are described below.

#### **Detailed Experimental Procedures**

#### A. Patient Dataset

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132 cases of pediatric ALL were selected from the original 327 diagnostic bone marrow aspirates described in Example 1 to reanalyze on the higher density U133A and B microarrays. The selection of cases was based on having sufficient numbers of each subtype to build accurate class predictions, rather than reflecting the actual frequency of these groups in the pediatric population.

## B. Hybridization of microarrays

The hybridization solutions according to Example 1 were thawed at 45°C, then microcentrifuged for 5 minutes to remove any insoluble material from the mixture. The hybridization solutions were added to U133A chips and allowed to hybridize for 16 hours at 45°C. At the end of the incubation period, the hybridization solution was removed from each U133A chip and refrozen. Subsequently, the hybridizations were thawed and hybridized to the U133B chip.

A non-stringent wash buffer (6X SSPE, 0.01% Tween 20) was added to each chip cassette after the hybridization solution was removed and the cassette allowed to

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equilibrate to room temperature. The microarray cassettes were then placed on the fluidics station and the antibody amplification protocol performed. The arrays were washed at 25°C with the non-stringent buffer followed by a more stringent wash at 50°C with 100 mM MES, 0.1M NaCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.01% Tween 20. The arrays were then stained with Streptavidin Phycocrythrin (SAPE, Molecular Probes, Eugene, OR) for 10 minutes at 25°C. Following another non-stringent wash, the arrays were hybridized for 10 minutes at 25°C with an antibody solution (100 mM MES, 1 M [Na<sup>†</sup>], 0.05% Tween 20, 2 mg/ml BSA, 0.1 mg/ml goat IgG, and 3 □g/ml biotinylated antibody). This solution was removed and the cassettes restained with the SAPE solution.

Arrays were scanned on a laser confocal scanner (Agilent, Palo Alto, CA) and then analyzed with Affymetrix® Microarray Suite 5.0 (MAS 5.0). Detection values (present, marginal or absent) were determined by default parameters, and signal values were scaled by global methods to a target value of 500. After completing the scans, the arrays were visually inspected for defects and Affymetrix internal controls were utilized to monitor the success of hybridization, washing, and staining procedures.

#### C. Statistical methods

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The chi-square metric and the kNN and ANN supervised learning algorithms were performed as described for Example 1. The SVM supervised learning algorithm that was used in this study is available as part of the software package Rv 1.6.0. See, Ribeiro, and Brown. The ISBA Bulletin, 8(1):12-16, and www.r-project.org.

To determine the performance of each model using ANN, a confidence threshold was built for each diagnostic subtype utilizing a modification of the method described by Khan et al. (2001) Nat. Med. 7:673-679. Models were built based on a decision tree format where each level of the decision tree contains only two possible distinctions—class and non-class (for example, T verses non-T). At each level, using only samples in the training set, 3 ANN models were built by 3-fold cross validation. The training set samples were then shuffled and 3 additional ANN models were built. This model building process was repeated for a total of 100 times at each step of the decision tree. Then an empirical probability distribution for the ANN output node value was built only for subtype under study, for example, T-ALL at the first step of

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the decision tree. Only nodal values greater than 0.5 for each subtype were included. For each individual sample in the training set, the 100 validation subtype node values were averaged and compared to threshold. Individual samples were assigned to the subtype under study only when its average subtype nodal value was greater than the 95% confidence threshold. For samples in the test set, subtype nodal values are averaged from all models generated in the 3-fold cross validation. A sample is assigned to the class under study when the average subtype nodal value is greater than the 95% confidence level defined on the training set. A sample not assigned to the subtype will progress to the next level of the decision tree, where the entire process is repeate

All publications and patent applications mentioned in the specification are indicative of the level of those skilled in the art to which this invention pertains. All publications and patent applications are herein incorporated by reference to the same extent as if each individual publication or patent application was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference.

Although the foregoing invention has been described in some detail by way of illustration and example for purposes of clarity of understanding, it will be obvious that certain changes and modifications may be practiced within the scope of the appended claims.

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### THAT WHICH IS CLAIMED:

- A method of assigning a subject affected by leukemia to a leukemia risk group, said method comprising:
- a) providing a subject expression profile of a sample from said subject affected by leukemia;
  - b) providing a plurality of reference expression profiles, each associated with a leukemia risk group selected from the group consisting of T-ALL, E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, BCR-ABL, MLL, Hyperdiploid >50, and Novel, wherein the subject expression profile and each reference expression profile comprise one or more values representing the expression level of a gene having differential expression in at least one leukemia risk group; and
  - c) selecting the reference expression profile most similar to the subject expression profile to thereby assign said subject affected by leukemia to a leukemia risk group.
  - The method of claim 1 wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile associated with the T-ALL risk group comprise values selected from the group consisting of:
  - a) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 7;
  - a value representing the expression level of the gene shown in
     Table 14:
- c) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes
   selected from the genes shown in Table 21;
  - d) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 28;
  - e) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 35;
- 30 f) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 59; and
  - g) values representing the expression levels of at least  $20 \ \mathrm{genes}$  selected from the genes shown in Table 67.

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- The method of claim 1 wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile associated with the E2A-PBX1 risk group comprise values selected from the group consisting of:
- 5 a) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 3;
  - b) a value representing the expression level of the gene shown in
     Table 10:
  - values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 17;
    - d) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 24;
    - values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 31;
    - f) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 55;
    - g) values representing the expression levels of at least  $20\,$  genes selected from the genes shown in Table 64; and
- $\label{eq:values representing the expression levels of at least one of the} $$20$ genes shown in Table 71.$ 
  - 4. The method of claim 1 wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile associated with the TEL-AML1 risk group comprise values selected from the group consisting of:
- 25 a) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 8;
  - values representing the expression levels of the genes shown in Table 15;
- values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes
   selected from the genes shown in Table 22;
  - d) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 29;

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- values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 36;
- f) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 55;
- 5 g) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 68; and
  - values representing the expression levels of at least one of the genes shown in Table 74.
  - 5. The method of claim 1 wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile associated with the BCR-ABL risk group comprise values selected from the group consisting of:
  - a) values representing the expression level of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 2;
- 15 b) values representing the expression levels of the genes shown in Table 9;
  - values representing the expression level of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 16;
- d) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes
   selected from the genes shown in Table 23;
  - e) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 gene selected from the genes shown in Table 30;
  - $f) \qquad \text{values representing the expression levels of at least $20$ genes selected from the genes shown in Table 54;}$
  - yalues representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes
     selected from the genes shown in Table 63; and
    - h) values representing the expression levels of at least one of the genes shown in Table 70.
- 30 6. The method of claim 1 wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile associated with the MLL risk group comprise values selected from the group consisting of:

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- a) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 5;
- values representing the expression levels of the genes shown in Table 12;
- values representing the expression level of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 19;
  - d) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 26;
- e) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes
   selected from the genes shown in Table 33;
  - f) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 57;
  - g) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 66; and
- 15 h) values representing the expression levels of at least one of the genes shown in Table 73.
  - 7. The method of claim 1 wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile associated with the Hyperdiploid >50 risk group comprise values selected from the group consisting of:
  - a) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 4;
  - $\mbox{b)} \qquad \mbox{values representing the expression levels of the genes shown in} \label{eq:controller}$  Table 11:
- 25 c) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 18;
  - d) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 25;
- e) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes 30 selected from the genes shown in Table 32;
  - $f) \qquad \text{values representing the expression levels of at least $20$ genes selected from the genes shown in Table $56$;}$

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- g) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 65; and
- h) values representing the expression levels of at least one of the genes shown in Table 72.
- 8. The method of claim 1 wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile associated with the Novel risk group comprise values selected from the group consisting of:
- a) values representing the expression level of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 6;
  - $\label{eq:values} b) \qquad \mbox{values representing the expression level of the genes shown in} \\ Table 13;$
- c) values representing the expression levels of at least  $20\,$  genes selected from the genes shown in Table 20;
  - values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 27;
- e) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 34; and
- f) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes
   selected from the genes shown in Table 58.
  - The method of claim 1, wherein said sample from said subject affected by ALL comprises leukemic blasts.
- 25 10. The method of claim 9, wherein said sample from said subject affected by ALL comprises at least 35 % leukemic blasts.
  - 11. The method of claim 10, wherein said sample from said subject affected by ALL comprises at least 75% leukemic blasts.
  - The method of claim 9 wherein said sample comprises leukemic blasts derived from peripheral blood.

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- The method of claim 9 wherein said sample comprises blast cells derived from bone marrow.
- 14. A method of predicting whether a subject affected by leukemia has an increased risk of relapse, said method comprising the steps of:
  - assigning the subject affected by leukemia to a leukemia risk group selected from the group consisting of T-ALL, Hyperdiploid >50, TEL-AML1, MLL, E2A-PBX1, BCR-ABL, and Novel;
- b) providing a subject expression profile of a sample from said
   subject affected by leukemia;
  - c) providing a reference expression profile associated with the occurrence of relapse in the leukemia risk group to which the subject affected by leukemia is assigned, wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile comprise one or more values representing the expression level of a gene having differential expression in subjects affected by leukemia who will relapse after conventional therapy, and
  - d) determining whether the subject expression profile shares sufficient similarity to the reference expression profile associated with relapse in the leukemia risk group to which the subject affected by leukemia is assigned to thereby determine whether the subject affected by leukemia has an increased risk of relapse.
  - 15. The method of claim 14, wherein the step of assigning the subject affected by leukemia to a leukemia risk group is performed according to the method of claim 1.

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16. The method of claim 14, wherein said subject affected by leukemia is assigned to the T-ALL risk group and said subject expression profile and said reference expression profile comprise values representing the expression levels of at least 8 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 44.

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17. The method of claim 14, wherein said subject affected by leukemia is assigned to the Hyperdiploid >50 risk group and said subject expression profile and

said reference expression profile comprise values representing the expression levels of at least 5 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 45.

- 18. The method of claim 14, wherein said subject affected by leukemia is assigned to the TEL-AML1 risk group and said subject expression profile and said reference expression profile comprise values representing the expression levels of at least 3 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 46.
- 19. The method of claim 14, wherein said subject affected by leukemia is assigned to the MLL risk group and said subject expression profile and said reference expression profile comprise values representing the expression levels of at least 5 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 47.
- 20. The method of claim 14, wherein said subject affected by leukemia is not assigned to the T-ALL, Hyperdiploid>50, TEL-AML1, MLL, E2A-PBX1, or BCR-ABL risk group and said subject expression profile and said reference expression profile comprise values representing the expression levels of at least 4 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 48.
  - A method of predicting whether a subject affected by TEL-AML1 has an increased risk of developing secondary AML, said method comprising:
    - a) providing a subject expression profile of a sample from said subject affected by TEL-AML1;
- b) providing a reference expression profile associated with the

  25 occurrence of secondary AML in subjects affected by TEL-AML1 wherein the

  subject expression profile and the reference expression profile comprise one or more

  values representing the expression level of a gene having differential expression in

  subjects affected by TEL-AML1 who will develop secondary AML; and
- c) determining whether the subject expression profile shares

  30 sufficient similarity to the reference expression profile associated with the occurrence of secondary AML to thereby determine whether the subject affected by TEL-AML1 has an increased risk of developing secondary AML.

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- A method of choosing a therapy for a subject affected by leukemia, said method comprising:
- a) providing a subject expression profile of a sample from said subject affected by leukemia;
- b) providing a plurality of reference expression profiles, each associated with a leukemia risk group selected from the group consisting of T-ALL, E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, BCR-ABL, MLL, Hyperdiploid >50, and Novel, wherein the subject expression profile and each reference expression profile comprise one or more values representing the expression of level of a gene having differential expression in at least one leukemia risk group; and
- selecting the reference expression profile most similar to the subject expression profile to thereby choose a therapy for the subject affected by leukemia.
- 15 23. A method of choosing a therapy for a subject affected by leukemia, said method comprising the steps of:
  - assigning the subject affected by leukemia to a leukemia risk group selected from the group consisting of T-ALL, Hyperdiploid >50, TEL-AML1, MLL, E2A-PBX1, BCR-ABL, and Novel;
  - b) providing a subject expression profile of a sample from said subject affected by ALL;
    - c) providing a reference expression profile associated with the occurrence of relapse in the leukemia risk group to which the subject affected by
- leukemia is assigned, wherein the subject expression profile and the reference

  25 expression profile comprise one or more values representing the expression level of a
  gene having differential expression in subjects who will relapse after conventional
  therapy; and
  - d) determining whether the subject expression profile shares sufficient similarity to the reference expression profile associated with relapse in the leukemia risk group to which the subject affected by ALL is assigned to thereby chose a therapy for said subject affected by ALL.

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- 24. The method of claim 23, wherein the step of assigning the subject affected by leukemia to a leukemia risk group is performed according to the method of claim 1.
- 5 25. The method of claim 23, wherein said subject affected by leukemia is assigned to the T-ALL risk group and said subject expression profile and said reference expression profile comprise values representing the expression levels of at least 8 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 44.
- 10 26. The method of claim 23, wherein said subject affected by leukemia is assigned to the Hyperdiploid >50 risk group and said subject expression profile and said reference expression profile comprise values representing the expression levels of at least 5 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 45.
- 15 27. The method of claim 23, wherein said subject affected by leukemia is assigned to the TEL-AML1 risk group and said subject expression profile and said reference expression profile comprise values representing the expression levels of at least 3 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 46.
- 20 28. The method of claim 23, wherein said subject affected by leukemia is assigned to the MLL risk group and said subject expression profile and said reference expression profile comprise values representing the expression levels of at least 5 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 47.
- 25 29. The method of claim 23, wherein said subject affected by leukemia is not assigned to the T-ALL, hyperdiploid>50, TEL-AML1, MLL, E2A-PBX1, or BCR-ABL risk group and said subject expression profile and said reference expression profile comprise values representing the expression levels of at least 4 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 48.
  - 30. A method of choosing a therapy for a subject affected by TEL-AML1, said method comprising:

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- a) providing a subject expression profile of a sample from said subject affected by TEL-AML1;
- b) providing a reference expression profile associated with the occurrence of secondary AML in subjects affected by TEL-AML1 wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile comprise one or more values representing the expression level of a gene having differential expression in subjects affected by TEL-AML1 who will develop secondary AML; and
- c) determining whether the subject expression profile shares
  sufficient similarity to the reference expression profile associated with the occurrence

  of secondary AML to thereby chose a therapy for the subject affected by TEL-AML1.
  - 31. The method of claim 30, wherein said subject expression profile and said reference expression profile comprise values representing the expression levels of at least 7 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 48.
  - 32. A method to aid in the determination of a prognosis for a subject affected by leukemia, said method comprising:
  - a) providing a subject expression profile of a sample from said subject affected by leukemia;
  - b) providing a plurality of reference expression profiles, each associated with a leukemia risk group selected from the group consisting of T-ALL, E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, BCR-ABL, MLL, Hyperdiploid >50, and Novel, wherein the subject expression profile and each reference expression profile comprise one or more values representing the expression of level of a gene having differential expression in at least one leukemia risk group; and
  - c) selecting the reference expression profile most similar to the subject expression profile to thereby determine the prognosis for the subject affected by leukemia.
- 30 33. A method to aid in the determination of the prognosis for a subject affected by leukemia, said method comprising the steps of:

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- a) assigning the subject affected by leukemia to a leukemia risk group selected from the group consisting of T-ALL, Hyperdiploid >50, TEL-AML1, MLL, E2A-PBX1, BCR-ABL, or Novel risk group;
- b) providing a subject expression profile of a sample from said
   5 subject affected by leukemia;
  - c) providing a reference expression profile associated with the occurrence of relapse in the leukemia risk group to which the subject affected by leukemia is assigned, wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile comprise one or more values representing the expression level of a gene having differential expression in subjects who will relapse after conventional therapy; and
  - d) determining whether the subject expression profile shares sufficient similarity to the reference expression profile associated with relapse in the Leukemia risk group to which the subject affected by leukemia is assigned to thereby determine the prognosis for the subject affected by leukemia.
  - A method to aid in the determination of the prognosis for a subject affected by TEL-AML1, said method comprising:
- a) providing a subject expression profile of a sample from said
   20 subject affected by TEL-AML1;
- b) providing a reference expression profile associated with the occurrence of secondary AML in subjects affected by TEL-AML1 wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile comprise one or more values representing the expression level of a gene having differential expression in subjects affected by TEL-AML1 who will develop secondary AML after conventional therapy; and
  - c) determining whether the subject expression profile shares sufficient similarity to the reference expression profile associated with the occurrence of secondary AML to thereby determine the prognosis for the subject affected by TEL-AML1.

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- A method of assigning a subject affected by ALL to an ALL risk group selected from the group consisting of T-ALL, E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, BCR-ABL, MLL, Hyperdiploid >50, and Novel, said method comprising:
- a) providing a subject expression profile of a sample from said affected by ALL;
  - b) providing a reference expression profile associated with the T-ALL risk group wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile comprises one or more values representing the expression level of a gene having differential expression in the T-ALL risk group;
- c) determining whether the subject expression profile shares statistically significant similarity to the reference expression profile associated with the T-ALL risk group to thereby determine whether the subject affected by ALL is in the T-ALL risk group;
- 15 d) if the subject affected by ALL is not in the T-ALL risk group, providing a reference expression profile associated with the E2A-PBX1 risk group wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile comprises one or more values representing the expression level of a gene having differential expression in the E2A-PBX1 risk group;
  - e) determining whether the subject expression profile shares statistically significant similarity to the reference expression profile associated with the E2A-PBX1 risk group to thereby determine whether the subject affected by ALL is in the E2A-PBX1 risk group;
- f) if the subject affected by ALL is not in the E2A-PBX risk 25 group, providing a reference expression profile associated with the TEL-AML1 risk group wherein the subject expression profile and each reference expression profile comprises one ore more valued representing the expression level of a gene having differential expression in the TEL-AML1 risk group;
- g) determining whether the subject expression profile shares 30 statistically significant similarity to the reference expression profile associated with the TEL-AML1 risk group to thereby determine whether the subject affected by ALL is in the TEL-AML1 risk group;

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- h) if the subject affected by ALL is not in the Tel-AML1 risk group, providing a reference expression profile associated with the BCR-ABL risk group wherein the subject expression profile and each reference expression profile comprises one or more values representing the expression level of a gene having differential expression in the BCR-ABL risk group;
- i) determining whether the subject expression profile shares statistically significant similarity to the reference expression profile associated with the BCR-ABL risk group to thereby determine whether the subject affected by ALL is in the BCR-ABL risk group;
- j) if the subject affected by ALL is not in the BCR-ABL risk group, providing a reference expression profile associated with the MLL risk group wherein the subject expression profile and each reference expression profile comprises one or more values representing the expression level of a gene having differential expression in the MLL risk group;
- 15 k) determining whether the subject expression profile shares statistically significant similarity to the reference expression profile associated with the MLL risk group to thereby determine whether the subject affected by ALL is in the MLL risk group;
  - if the subject affected by ALL is not in the MLL risk group, providing a reference expression profile associated with the Hyperdiploid >50 risk group wherein the subject expression profile and each reference expression profile comprises one or more values representing the expression level of a gene having differential expression in the Hyperdiploid >50 risk group;
  - m) determining whether the subject expression profile shares statistically significant similarity to the reference expression profile associated with the Hyperdiploid 50 risk group to thereby determine whether the subject affected by ALL is in the Hyperdiploid >50 risk group;
    - n) if the subject affected by ALL is not in the Hyperdiploid >50 risk group, providing a reference expression profile associated with the Novel risk group wherein the subject expression profile and each reference expression profile comprises one or more values representing the expression level of a gene having differential expression in the Novel risk group; and



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 o) determining whether the subject expression profile shares statistically significant similarity to the reference expression profile associated with the Novel risk group to thereby determine whether the subject affected by ALL is in the Novel risk group.

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36. An array for use in a method of assigning a subject affected by leukemia to a leukemia risk group comprising a substrate having a plurality of addresses, wherein each address has disposed thereon a capture probe that can specifically bind a nucleic acid molecule selected from the group consisting of:

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- a) a nucleic acid molecule that is differentially expressed in at least one leukemia risk group selected from the group consisting of T-ALL, E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, BCR-ABL, MLL, Hyperdiploid >50, and Novel;
- a nucleic acid molecule that is differentially expressed in subjects affected by leukemia who will relapse after conventional therapy; and

 a nucleic acid molecule that is differentially expressed in subjects affected by leukemia who will develop secondary AML after conventional therapy.

- 37. The array of claim 36, wherein each nucleic acid molecule that is differentially expressed in at least one leukemia risk group is selected from the group consisting of the genes shown in Tables 2-36, 63-68, and 70-74.
- The array of claim 36, wherein each nucleic acid molecule that is
  differentially expressed in subjects affected by leukemia who will relapse after
   conventional therapy is selected from the group consisting of the genes shown in
  Tables 44-48.
  - 39. The array of claim 36, wherein each nucleic acid molecule that is differentially expressed in subjects affected by leukemia who will develop secondary AML after conventional therapy is selected from the group consisting of the genes shown in Table 52.

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- 40. The array of claim 36, wherein the substrate has greater than 20 addresses.
  - The array of claim 40, wherein the substrate has greater than 40 addresses.
  - 42. The array of claim 41, wherein the substrate has greater than 68 addresses.
- 10 43. The array of claim 36, wherein the substrate has no more than 500 addresses.
  - 44. A kit for assigning a subject affected by ALL to a leukemia risk group, said kit comprising:
- a) an array comprising a substrate having a plurality of addresses, wherein each address has disposed thereon a capture probe that can specifically bind a nucleic acid molecule that is differentially expressed in at least one leukemia risk group selected from the group consisting of T-ALL, E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, BCR-ABL, MLL, Hyperdiploid >50, and Novel; and
  - b) a computer-readable medium having a plurality of digitallyencoded expression profiles wherein each profile of the plurality has a plurality of values, each value representing the expression of a nucleic acid molecule detected by the array.
- 25 45. A kit for assigning a subject affected by ALL to a leukemia risk group, said kit comprising:
  - a) an array according to claim 37; and
- a computer-readable medium having a plurality of digitallyencoded expression profiles wherein each profile of the plurality has a plurality of

  values, each value representing the expression of a nucleic acid molecule detected by
  the array.



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- 46. A kit for predicting whether a subject affected by leukemia has an increased risk of relarse, said kit comprising:
- a) an array comprising a substrate having a plurality of addresses, wherein each address has disposed thereon a capture probe that can specifically bind a nucleic acid molecule that is differentially expressed in subjects affected by leukemia who will relapse following conventional therapy; and
- a computer-readable medium having a plurality of digitallyencoded expression profiles wherein each profile of the plurality has a plurality of values, each value representing the expression of a nucleic acid molecule detected by the array.
- 47. A kit for predicting whether a subject affected by leukemia has an increased risk of relapse, said kit comprising:
  - a) an array accrding to claim 38; and
  - b) a computer-readable medium having a plurality of digitallyencoded expression profiles wherein each profile of the plurality has a plurality of values, each value representing the expression of a nucleic acid molecule detected by the array.
- 48. A kit for predicting whether a subject affected by TEL-AML1 has an increased risk of relapse, said kit comprising:
- a) an array comprising a substrate having a plurality of addresses, wherein each address has disposed thereon a capture probe that can specifically bind a nucleic acid molecule that is differentially expressed in subjects affected by TEL-AML1 who will relapse after conventional therapy; and
- a computer-readable medium having a plurality of digitallyencoded expression profiles wherein each profile of the plurality has a plurality of values, each value representing the expression of a nucleic acid molecule detected by the array.
- 49. A kit for predicting whether a subject affected by TEL-AML1 has an increased risk of relapse, said kit comprising:
  - a) an array according to claim 39; and

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b) a computer-readable medium having a plurality of digitallyencoded expression profiles wherein each profile of the plurality has a plurality of values, each value representing the expression of a nucleic acid molecule detected by the array.

50. A kit to aid in choosing therapy for a subject affected by leukemia, said kit comprising:

- a) an array comprising a substrate having a plurality of addresses, wherein each address has disposed thereon a capture probe that can specifically bind a nucleic acid molecule that is differentially expressed in at least one leukemia risk group selected from the group consisting of T-ALL, E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, BCR-ABL, MLL, Hyperdiploid >50, and Novel; and
- a computer-readable medium having a plurality of digitallyencoded expression profiles wherein each profile of the plurality has a plurality of values, each value representing the expression of a nucleic acid molecule detected by the array.
  - A kit to aid in choosing therapy for a subject affected by leukemia, said kit comprising:
  - an array according to claim 37; and
    - a computer-readable medium having a plurality of digitallyencoded expression profiles wherein each profile of the plurality has a plurality of values, each value representing the expression of a nucleic acid molecule detected by the array.
  - 52. A computer-readable medium comprising a plurality of digitally-encoded expression profiles wherein each profile of the plurality has a plurality of values, each value representing the expression of a gene that is differentially expressed in at least one leukemia risk group selected from the group consisting of T-ALL, E2A-PBX1, TEL-AML1, BCR-ABL, MLL, Hyperdiploid >50, and Novel.
  - 53. The computer readable medium of claim 52, wherein the expression profiles comprise values selected from the group consisting of:

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- a) values representing the expression levels of at least 7 genes selected from the genes show in Tables 2-8, 16-36, 54-60, and 63-68;
- b) a value representing the expression level of the gene shown in Table 10;
- a value representing the expression level of the gene shown in Table 14;
  - d) values representing the expression levels of the genes shown in Tables 9, 11, 12, 13, and 15; and
- e) values representing the expression level of at least one gene
  10 showin in Tables 70, 71, 72, 73, and 74.
  - 54. A computer-readable medium comprising a plurality of digitally-encoded expression profiles wherein each profile of the plurality has a plurality of values, each value representing the expression of a gene that is differentially expressed in subjects affected by leukemia who will relapse following conventional therapy.
  - 55. The computer readable medium of claim 54, wherein the expression profiles comprise values selected from the group consisting of:
  - a) values representing the expression levels at least 8 genes selected from the genes show in Table 44.
  - b) values representing the expression levels of at least 5 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 45;
- c) values representing the expression levels of at least 3 genes 25 selected from the genes shown in Table 46;
  - d) values representing the expression levels of at least 5 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 47; and
  - e) values representing the expression levels of at least 4 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 48.
  - 56. A computer-readable medium comprising a plurality of digitallyencoded expression profiles wherein each profile of the plurality has a plurality of

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values, each value representing the expression of a gene that is differentially expressed in subjects affected by leukemia who will develop secondary AML.

- 57. The computer readable medium of claim 56, wherein the expression profiles comprise values selected from values representing the expression levels of at least 7 genes selected from the genes show in Table 52.
- 58. The method of claim 1 wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile associated with the T-ALL risk group comprise values 10 selected from the group consisting of:
  - a) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 7;
  - b) a value representing the expression level of the gene shown in Table 14;
- 15 c) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 21;
  - d) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 28;
- e) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes 20 selected from the genes shown in Table 35; and
  - f) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 59.
- 59. The method of claim 1 wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile associated with the E2A-PBX1 risk group comprise values selected from the group consisting of:
  - a) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 3:
- b) a value representing the expression level of the gene shown in 30 Table 10:
  - values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 17;

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- d) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 24;
- e) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 31;
- f) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 55;
  - g) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 64; and
- h) values representing the expression levels of at least one of the
   genes shown in Table 71.
  - 60. The method of claim 1 wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile associated with the TEL-AML1 risk group comprise values selected from the group consisting of:
- 15 a) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 8:
  - $\mbox{b)} \qquad \mbox{values representing the expression levels of the genes shown in} \label{eq:controller}$  Table 15;
- values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes
   selected from the genes shown in Table 22;
  - d) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 29:
  - e) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 36; and
- 25 f) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 55.
  - 61. The method of claim 1 wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile associated with the BCR-ABL risk group comprise values selected from the group consisting of:
  - a) values representing the expression level of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 2;

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- b) values representing the expression levels of the genes shown in
   Table 9:
- c) values representing the expression level of at least  $20\,$  genes selected from the genes shown in Table 16;
- values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 23;
- e) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 gene selected from the genes shown in Table 30; and
- f) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes 10 selected from the genes shown in Table 54.
  - 62. The method of claim 1 wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile associated with the MLL risk group comprise values selected from the group consisting of:
  - a) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 5;
  - $\mbox{b)} \qquad \mbox{values representing the expression levels of the genes shown in} \label{eq:controller}$  Table 12;
- values representing the expression level of at least 20 genes
   selected from the genes shown in Table 19;
  - d) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 26;
  - e) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 33; and
- 25 f) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 57.
  - 63. The method of claim 1 wherein the subject expression profile and the reference expression profile associated with the Hyperdiploid >50 risk group comprise values selected from the group consisting of:
    - a) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 4;

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- b) values representing the expression levels of the genes shown in Table 11;
- c) values representing the expression levels of at least  $20^\circ$  genes selected from the genes shown in Table 18;
- d) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 25;
  - e) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes selected from the genes shown in Table 32; and
- f) values representing the expression levels of at least 20 genes
   selected from the genes shown in Table 56.
  - 64. The array of claim 36, wherein each nucleic acid molecule that is differentially expressed in at least one leukemia risk group is selected from the group consisting of the genes shown in Tables 2-36.

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